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ANALYSIS OF VIETNAMIZATION: DATA MANAGEMENT AND QUALITY CONTROL

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This report describes the various data sets employed in the Analysis of Vietnamization study and some of the major problems encountered and solutions devised in ordering them for appropriate use in our research design. Appended to this report are several code books which list and/or describe the variables used in specific analyses.

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SECTION 1

SUMMARY

In general terms, the primary aim of the Analysis of Vietnamization study has been the identification and interpretation of the statistical relationships among the following concepts:

- 1. GVN, US, and 3rd Country Resources
- 2. GVN, US, and 3rd Country Military Activities
- 3. Viet Cong (VC) and NVA Resources
- 4. VC and NVA Military Activities
- 5. GVN Political and Fconomic Activities
- 6. VC and NVA Political and Economic Activities
- 7. Cultural and Economic Factors
- 8. Other Environmental Factors
- 9. Popular Attitudes
- 10. Political Behavior.

Planners and decision-makers have long recognized that the relationship between concept 2, GVN, US, and 3rd Country Military Activities, and concept 10, Political Behavior, is weak, probably indirect, and conditioned in varying ways by the intervening concepts 1 and 3 through 9. The definition of counterinsurgency itself demonstrates an awareness of the complexity of the relationships among these concepts by stating that counterinsurgency consists of "those military, paramilitary, political, economic, psychological, and civic actions taken by a government to defeat subversive insurgency." Before this study could begin to identify and interpret the relationships among these concepts, a time-consuming and tedious effort first had to be devoted to the selection of variables or combinations of variables from the available data which best define these concepts and measure variation among them.

Joint Chiefs of Staff, Dictionary of United States Military Terms for Joint Usage, JCS Pub. 1, (GPO, Washington, D.C., 1966), p. 51.

EMBARRASSMENT OF RICHES

The effort to select appropriate variables as measures of the concepts to be studied was long and difficult for several reasons, not the least of which was the large number of variables available for our use. The first dataset examined, the Southeast Asia Province File (SEAPRS), is composed of over 200 variables recorded monthly for the 44 provinces and 53 other areas or aggregation of provinces. Once this file was processed into a form permitting rapid access, each variable was screened for missing data points, amount of zero observations, and extreme values which might be in error. This screening was very important for the SEAPRS data because of the need to distinguish between zeros which are real and those which represent missing data.

With regard to friendly resources and activities it was found that more detail than available in SEAPRS was needed. This decision was based on both the need to obtain better measures and a weakness in the friendly strength data. For example, we found data indicating ARVN activity in a given province-month, but no indication of ARVN strength in that particular province-month (the battalion headquarters was elsewhere). The additional detail came from OASD (SA) files based on the System for Evaluating the Effectiveness of Republic of Vietnam Armed Forces (SEER) and the Territorial Forces Evaluation System (TFES). The SEER reports are in two files known as AMFSA and AMFESMA corresponding to the 1968 and 1969-70 versions of the SEER. These files are rich sources of data consisting of over 300 and 1500 variables for each of over 300 battalions, squadrons, regiments, groups, and divisions. After the initial screening this data was merged into a set of 68 variables compatible for the 1968 and 1969-70 reporting systems and reorganized from unit records to province records on the basis of where the units operated. The TFES file is also very large including logistics and personnel data as well as mission categories and operational results.

There was a need to measure social, economic, administrative, and political concepts in greater detail than available in the summary pacification scores included in SEAPRS. To this end the province level aggregations of raw responses to more than 50 Hamlet Evaluation System (HES) questions were obtained in the OASD (SA) file known as QHES. Another source of data acquired later in the study dealt with public attitudes. This is the individual responses to interviews conducted in the Pacification Attitude Analysis System (PAAS). There are approximately 30 interviews per province with 40 or more questions in each monthly survey. Because the questions vary from month to month only limited use was made of this data. Several questions relating to economic and administrative topics were aggregated at province level and incorporated in the cross-sectional work on village program effectiveness.

EXCESSIVE ZERO OBSERVATIONS

The need to select variables according to the above rules required screening each dataset to eliminate the variables with excessive missing data and/or excessive zero observations. Data with excessive (generally more than 10 percent) zero observations presented a special problem. For example, one variable might be easily deleted because its substantive meaning is not very significant with respect to study objectives. An example of such a variable would be Crew-Served Weapons Lost by 3rd Country Forces on Small Operations. This variable could readily be deleted since it has neither substantive importance nor variance. A more difficult decision was posed by another variable also having excessive zero observations; i. e., North Vietnamese Maneuver Battalions. The substantive importance of NVA Battalions in measuring the concept VC and NVA Resources is so obvious that it could not be deleted from the study despite its many zero values and despite the fact that NVA Battalions had only been present in a minority of province areas. To make appropriate use of this variable, it was first necessary to undertake an analysis of its cross-province variation. Such preliminary analysis suggested ways of grouping provinces according to the similar distribution of particular variables and permitted time series analyses using variables that described differences over all areas as statistical controls. In either or both cases, such preliminary analyses were most useful when approaching the problems involved in deleting variables containing many zeroes or in coping with the statistical distortion caused by many zeroes.

CREATION OF INDICES

For each of the general concepts analyzed, the method of selecting several variables for construction of an index posed more complex problems. For purposes of clarity and parsimony, it was necessary to combine such specific and richly detailed variables as Night Contacts per Battalion Day on ARVN Large Unit Operation Day, Popular Force (PF) Outposts with other variables that measured variation on the same underlying general concept in a single index or surrogate variable. The selection of variables to be combined in an index or selected as a key surrogate posed difficult questions, for example, in the following case of the concept Enemy Resources.

It is obvious that the variable NVA Maneuver Battalions cannot alone serve as an index of Enemy Resources and that such resources would more accurately be defined as a VC as well as an NVA phenomenon. In an attempt to combine VC and NVA military strength in a VC/NVA index of Enemy Resources, could one assume that VC and NVA Maneuver Battalions are of equal power and create an index by summing the two variables? Or does an NVA Maneuver Battalion have so much greater impact on the other concepts that it should be weighted more heavily

in combination with VC Maneuver Battalions in an index? Light one merely sum the personnel strength of NVA and VC units in a new variable on the assumption that it is the quantity of personnel rather than their distribution or organization that is most important? If so, would not one lose the ability to explore the changing distribution patterns of enemy resources with changing circumstances?

In considering other data on Enemy Resources, other problems encountered involved the combining of VC Companies and VC Platoons in a single index and in organizing data on Viet Cong Infrastructure (VCI) strength and VC Guerilla Strength. In the latter case, a monthly VCI dataset by provinces was not reported during the first 13 months of the 1967 to 1970 period. A monthly province VCI dataset could be estimated from one observation of province data and monthly Corp Tactical Zone (CTZ) aggregations by assuming that the province distribution of VCI remained constant.

These and similar problems have had to be and have been considered in selecting those variables that would best measure the concepts under analysis. The general procedure followed has been to undertake preliminary time series analysis with theoretically-significant variables retaining their identities. When the underlying pattern of variance over time could be identified as a particular concept, indices composed of approprate variables could then be constructed which best capture as much of the complexity of the behavior of these variables as possible.

INDICES EMPLOYING HAMLET EVALUATION SYSTEM (HES) AND OTHER DATA

To create indices that would reduce the voluminous HES dataset (see Appendix F) the original collection of variables was carefully examined and intuitively grouped as they defined substantive concepts of theoretical interest. (See Appendix G for the Rules and variables/questions employed in creating indices). Following this examination and categorization, the variables were subjected to the time series analysis which collected them on factors much as had been done with operational data. The result of these analyses was a file that included the responses to 72 questions which were then weighted and utilized in creating ten indices defining theoretically interesting concepts.

An additional indexing process also involved summarizing information from over 300 variables and questions from the QHES, SEAPRS, TFES, and System for Evaluating the Effectiveness of the Armed Forces of Vietnam (SEER) files to create a new file of 14 index measures. (See Appendix H for a List of Key Indicators for Coercive Acts and Political Influence. This list also contains the weighting and organization rules employed in creating the 14 indices employed in related analyses).

INDICES EMPLOYING PACIFICATION ATTITUDE ANALYSIS SYSTEM (PAAS) DATA

PAAS was developed to measure trends of Vietnamese popular opinion and to measure reaction to specific events. The PAAS dataset includes responses to hundreds of questions on dimensions relevant to the concepts studied in this project. Unfortunately, our research design had anticipated the use of the PAAS data as a time series. While a few questions were consistent over time, their limited scope and missing data problems prevented us from obtaining a reliable identification of basic patterns as was done with the HES and military operations data.

In different analyses employing PAAS data, the five isponse categories were collapsed either on two attitudinal dimensions ("unfavorable-favorable" to the GVN) or on three (high, medium, low) dimensions describing popular attitudes on various issues, e.g., "administration of and reform laws." In the first two analyses, the percentages of espondents expressing favorable or unfavorable attitudes toward the GVN were averaged by province; in the third analysis, responses were ranked in high, middle, or low ranges by provinces and in terms of their attitudes toward the administration of land reform programs.

While these data management techniques permitted useful, if sparing, employment of selected PAAS questions for the purposes of this analysis, this dataset still remains a rich and interesting data base to be tapped by analysts with different interests.

CHANGES IN THE REPORTING SYSTEM

In several of the datasets, changes in the reporting systems during the time period analyzed posed peculiar problems in data management. In the SEER reporting system, the problems primarily involved changes in the type of variables and number of distinctions made in defining kind, size, duration, time and outcome of operations in the data during the time period analyzed. A continuous time series was eventually obtained by selecting nearly ide tical and/or at least similar aggregations of variables from the two SEER datasets.

Another problem encourated in the SEER dataset involved creation of a province-oriented file. Preliminary screening of strength and operations data and comparison of the "unit headquarters" location at month's end with the location of operations conducted during the month indicated that numerous errors would be introduced by using only "unit headquarters" location at month's end since many units were highly mobile. To minimize such errors, coding rules using Operations Locations as well as Headquarters Locations were developed and employed in creating province data from battalion data.

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Within the HES variables in the SEAPRS data, a serious problem was posed by the existence of two differently reported versions of the HES in the time period analyzed. Although the basic concepts measured and reported, with the exception of the treatment of non-hamlet population, remained consistent in the old and new reporting systems, the new system was more responsive to changing conditions in the hamlets and, therefore, yielded quite different scores for the same basic concepts. Examination of the scores during the six-month overlap period between the old and new HES systems did not immediately suggest a general transformation procedure that would appropriately adjust for these discontinuities. Several adjustment techniques were tried on a variable-by-variable basis for each province. The technique finally adopted was based on the conclusion that the first month of the old system was the most accurate data point for that system and that the monthly direction of change in the variable scores in the old system reflected field realities as reported by other sources. After some trials, it was assumed that the third month (month 33) in the new reporting system was the appropriate data point from which to merge the two systems; the amount of month-to-month variance in the old system was mathematically adjusted to make the value of month 33 coincide with the value at that time for the new system. Several other problems remained and were resolved on a case-by-case basis. There were also relatively minor problems posed by small blocks of missing data (four provinces over six months) and anomalies in the total population figures which had been hidden in Corps Tactical Zone (CTZ) or countrywide aggregations.

ACCESSIBILITY TO THE DATA

The amount of data to be organized, screened, reorganized and finally employed in various analyses required construction of a file structure which would consume a minimum of computer time in the process of accessing a given variable for any area, group of areas, or aggregations for a desired time period. As data from the SEAPRS file was received on tape, access to a set of variables from the SEAPRS file for each of the 44 provinces for each of the 48 time points would have required reading all the area identifications, time codes, and record type codes in the entire tape once for each variable. Additional time would be required, in certain cases, to read the subset control codes once the desired area, time, and record type were located. Also, for cases in which a subset was present only where a non-zero value was present for that subset, a judgment would have to be made to determine if the zero value represented a zero or missing data with insertion of a zero or missing data code for each observation where the desired subset could not be found. This procedure required hours of computer time to construct a working file consisting of but a few variables.

To reduce the amount of time required for assessing variables, the data was organized into defined files stored on disks. In the defined file, each variable, area, and time point has a unique record number which can be accessed directly without reading area identifications, time codes, record type codes, or subset control codes. For reading any given variable, the record number to be read is defined by the area number plus the total number of areas in the file times the quantity variable number minus one. Using this file structure, the time required to conduct analyses directly from a file such as SEAPRS, using data on dozens of variables for one or all the provinces, is reduced to minutes. At least two steps were required in the construction of a defined file for each dataset. Initially, a sequential file was created on disk storage for each record type. At the same time, "zone" punches, which were present in much of the data as received, were stripped in order to have the data in a form which could be used for analysis. Each observation was then written into the defined file in its appropriate location. For cases where there was no record in the data for a specific variable, area, and time, the defined file contains a -0.0, indicating missing data. After screening each variable for missing data, zeros were inserted in the defined file for all observations where it was apparent that absence of a record meant that zero should be the observed value, as in the H and I records of the SEAPRS file.

The following sections describe each of the datasets received and the specific problems encountered in organizing the data for analysis.

SECTION 2

SOUTHEAST ASIA PROVINCE (SEAPRS) FILE

The SEAPRS file consists of monthly province data summarized from 15 parent files and two hard copy reports held by OASD(SA). In addition to the province data, the SEAPRS file includes various aggregations of provinces to provide Military Retion (CTZ), VC Military Region, Division Tactical Area/Special Tectical Zone, and countrywide data summaries. Data from each parent file are organized within each of 12 record types as follows:

- A RECORDS One variable for the number of friendly maneuver battalions for the three subsets for US, GVN, and 3rd Country as derived from the SEAFA file.
- B RECORDS Ten variables for enemy captured, enemy killed, friendly killed, friendly wounded, individual and crew served weapons captured and lost, battalion days, and number of operations for each of six subsets for US, GVN, and 3rd Country large and small operations derived from VNDBA (OPREP) reports. Three variables for friendly killed, friendly wounded, and number of operations for each of ten subsets for RVNAF, RF, PF, "Other," and "Unknown" GVN large and small operations as coded from OPREP reports.
- C RECORDS Five variables for US Army, Marine, Air Force, Navy and Coast Guard, and total US combat deaths coded from comptroller casualty reports.
- D RECORDS One variable for numbers of Hoi Chanh for three subsets for military, political, and "other" categories of returnees as reported under the Chieu Hoi program.
- E RECORDS 24 variables for population in each of the rural and total population categories of AB, ABC, DE, "other", and VEE security and pacification scores; contested, GVN controlled, and VC controlled non-hamlet population; and Vietnam Special Studies Group (VSSG) indicators of GVN and VC control as derived from the HAMDA, RUMDA, and VSSG parent files, Old Hamlet Evaluation System (HES).

- F RECORDS 19 variables for population in each of the rural and total population categories of AB, ABC, DE, and "other," and VEE security and pacification scores; and the VSSG indicators of GVN presence, GVN control, and VC control as derived from the ADHES, RDHES, and VSSG70 parent files (HES 70).
- GRECORDS One variable for each of 15 subsets for NVA maneuver, combat support, and administrative strengths; VC maneuver, combat support, separate company, separate platoon, local guerrilla, and administrative strengths; NVA maneuver and combat support battalions; and VC maneuver battalions, combat support battalions, separate companies, and separate platoons as derived from the OBSEA parent file.
- H RECORDS One variable for each of 48 subsets for numbers and results of six categories of enemy incidents directed against ten categories of military targets as derived from the VCIIA parent file.
- I RECORDS One variable for each of eight subsets for numbers and results of two categories of enemy incidents directed against two categories of civilian targets as derived from the TIRSA parent file.
- J RECORDS Six variables for number of ARVN/VNMC large and small operations, battalion days on large operations, assigned strength, friendly killed, and enemy killed as derived from the AMFSA and AMFESMA parent files, System for Evaluating the Effectiveness of the ARVN (SEER).
- · K RECORDS One variable for each of three subsets for the strength of national, special, and "other" police units as derived from the NAPE parent file.
- L RECORDS One variable for each of two subsets for number of RF companies and PF platoons; and five variables for personnel strength enemy killed, friendly killed, number of night operations and total operations for each of two subsets for RF and PF as derived from the DISTRA parent file, Territorial Forces Evaluation System (TFES).

A gross screening for the number of records contained in each subset was carried out while creating the 12 disk files by record type. This screening revealed that no records were present for five of the H record subsets; HSA, HUA, H3F, ILF, and K3A. After the defined file was constructed for the 241 remaining variables, the entire dataset was screened by province by month for missing or zero observations and extreme values (greater than two standard deviations above

or below the mean). Typical and interesting results of this screening process are shown in Figures 2-1 through 2-11.

The results of such data screening illustrated six basic problems in attempting to select data from and control the quality of that data in the SEAPRS dataset.

The first problem, too many zero observations, was the most common difficulty (See Figures 2-2, 2-5, 2-6, 2-7, 2-9, and 2-10). An early guide in selecting variables for this study has been that variables with more than ten percent missing or zero values should be rejected. Use of this norm in rejecting variables would result, however, in the loss of some of the most critical variables, e.g., NVA Maneuver Strength, VC Separate Platoon Strength, U.S. Large Operation Battalion Days, Enemy Killed in Ground Assaults, PF Killed in Ground Assaults, and RF Killed In Harassment. Since those variables were most relevant, theoretically, to the aims of this study, they could not be rejected. Other variables with excessive zero observations but of peripheral theoretical relevance; e.g., Crew Served Weapons Lost by Third Country Forces; could readily be discarded. In this study, theoretically critical variables were retained and analytical methods designed to cope with the excessive-zero problems were devised.

The second problem was that of missing data for blocks of time across all areas. This is illustrated in Figures 2-2, 2-5, 2-6, 2-10 and 2-11. Missing data was to be expected for ARVN/VNMC Assigned Strength, RF Night Operations, and the VSSG VC Control Index because the reporting systems were not functioning throughout the entire 48 months. However, VC Guerrilla Strength, RF Night Operations, US Large Operation Battalion Days, and Civilian Killed by Terrorism contained some surprising missing data. In the 1972 SEAPRS file, data on friendly and enemy Regular and Territorial Strength was largely missing in all provinces after the Easter Offensive. All that could be done in these cases was to use an alternative variable which appeared to measure the same concept, use an alternative data source, use some estimation technique to fill in the missing values, or limit the analysis to time periods when the data was available. All four approaches were used in this project. Since US Army Personnel Killed In Action correlates highly with Large Operation Battalion Days, a single variable or a factor score could be used to measure the Level of US Offensive Effort as a concept. For missing RF data, an alternative data source, the TFES Summary File, was used. Both an alternative source, the two SEER files, and estimation techniques were used for missing ARVN/VNMC Assigned Strength and other data. Analyses involving VC Guerilla Strength simply did not include the 18-month period when the data was missing. A particularly severe missing data problem was posed by missing friendly and enemy, regular and territorial, force-strength data in April -October 1972. Because of the importance of this data in our analysis, considerable

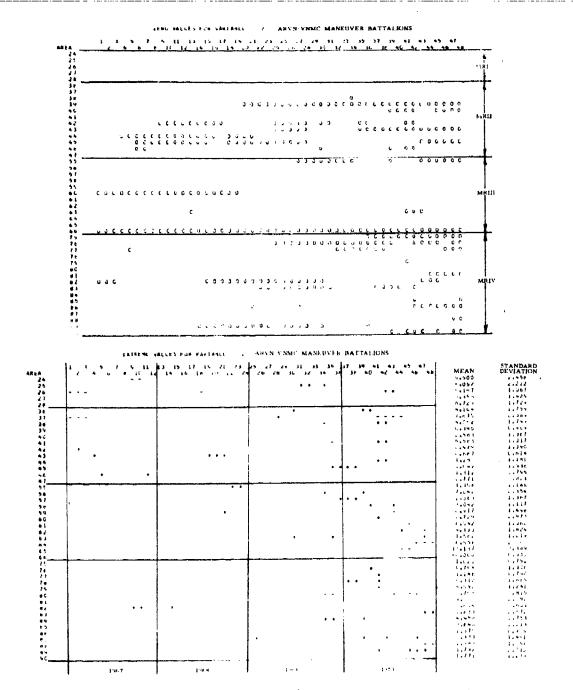


Figure 2-1 Screening of ARVN/VNMC Maneuver Battalions

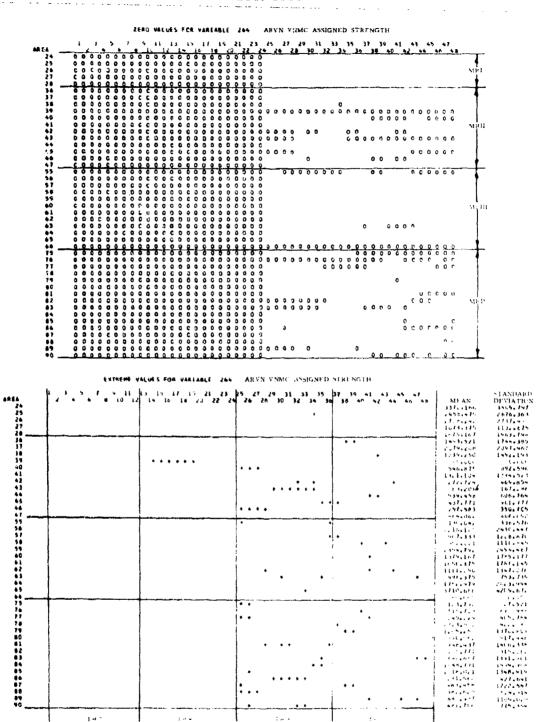


Figure 2-2 Screening of ARVN/VNMC Assigned Strength

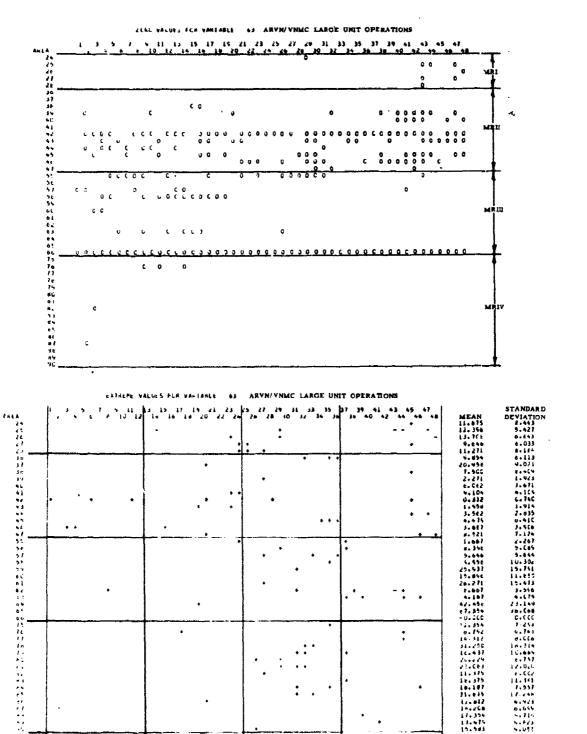


Figure 2-3 Screening of ARVN/VNMC Large Unit Operations

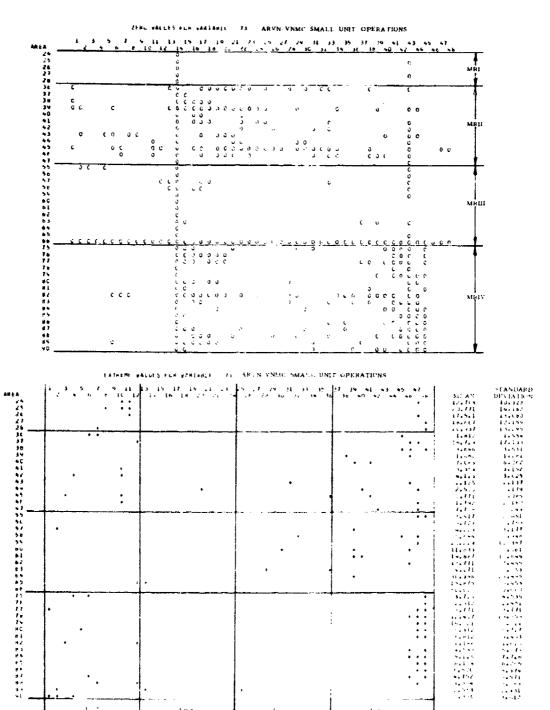


Figure 2-4 Screening of ARVN/VNMC Small Unit Operations

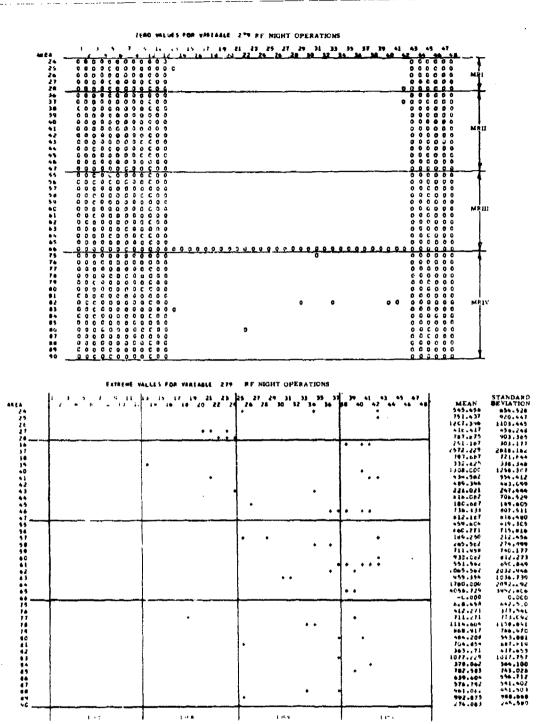


Figure 2-5 Screening of RF Night Operations

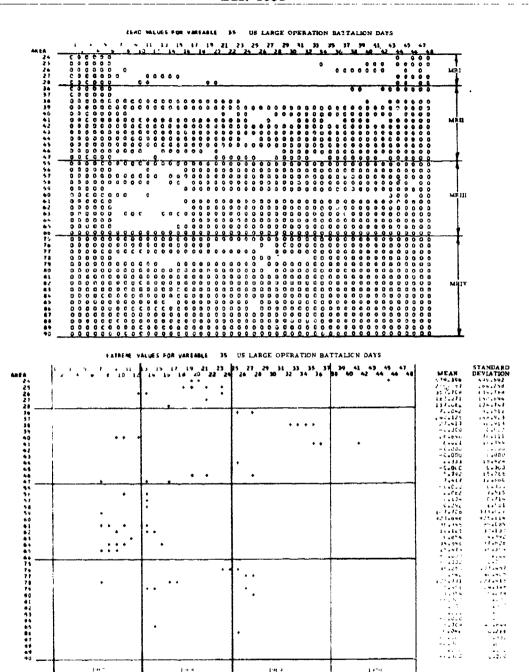


Figure 2-6 Screening of US Large Operation Battalion Days

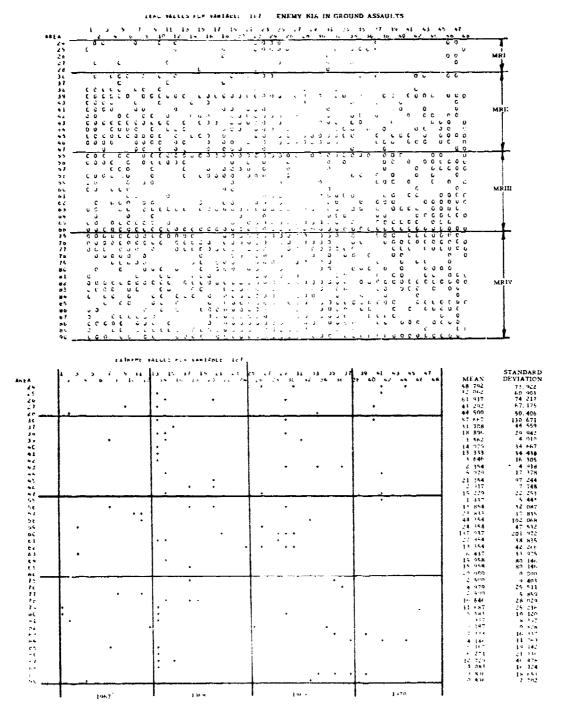
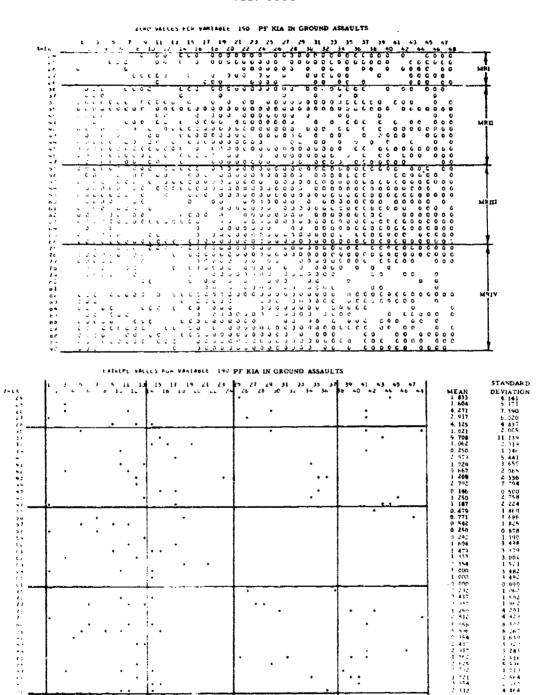


Figure 2-7 Screening of Enemy KIA in Ground Assaults



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Figure 2-8 Screening of PF KIA in Ground Assaults

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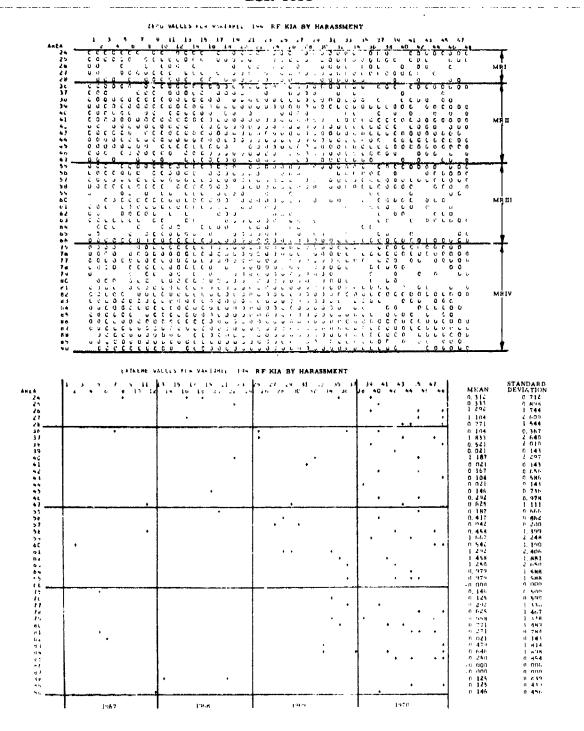


Figure 2-9 Screening of RF KIA by Harassment

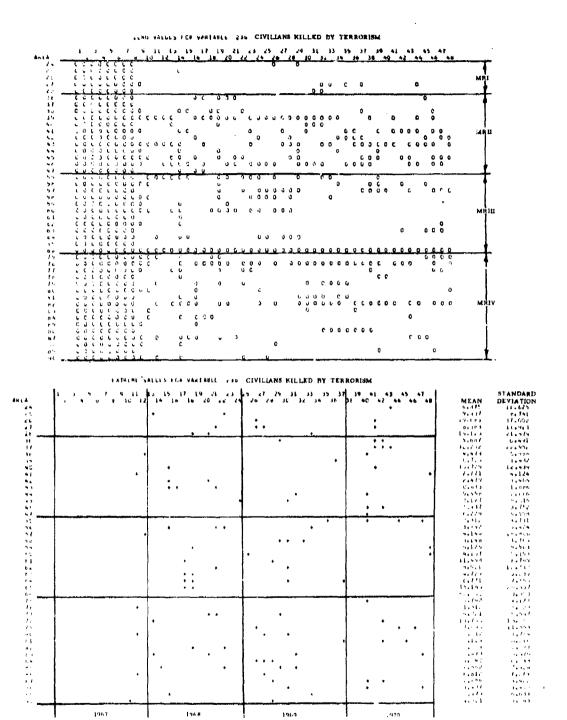
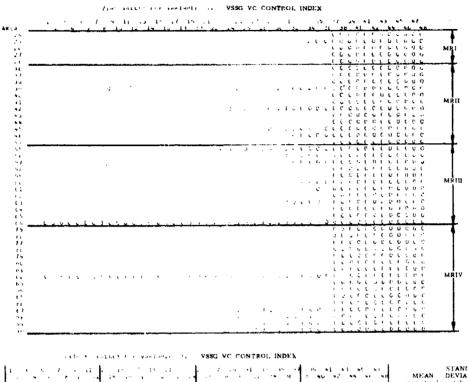


Figure 2-10 Screening of Civilians Killed by Terrorism



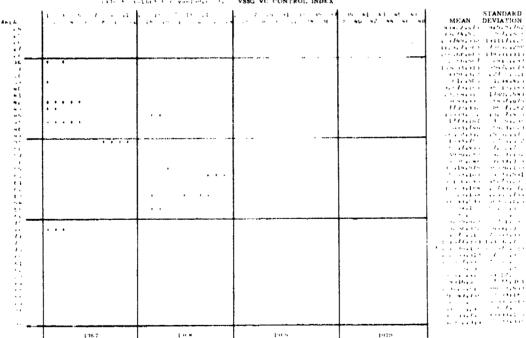


Figure 2-11 Screening of VSSG VC Control Index

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effort was made to obtain it. Initially, efforts were made to estimate the missing strength data from existing casualty data on the basis of various strength/casualty ratios derived from the 1967-1971 data. This estimating technique tended to overestimate strength values and was rejected. Subsequent efforts to estimate the missing data involved a time-consuming review of hundreds of published accounts of military activities in April - October from a wide variety of open sources and the extraction of raw data on friendly and enemy combat-strength, unit-identification, movements and activities on a day-to-day basis in the 44 provinces of South Vietnam. Forty-four separate province-history files were created and as relevant data from the SEAPRS file was obtained, it was added to those files. By January 1973, with the addition to these province files of the latest Office of Assistant Secretary of Defense/Systems Analysis (OASD/SA) estimates of enemy strength and locations and with the addition of the latest Defense Intelligence Agency province-month estimates of the missing variables, it was possible to estimate the missing data values by relating them as closely as possible to comparable data reported in a variety of these official and unofficial sources. Estimates of the missing data for April - October 1972 were then entered into the working file in February 1973.

The third problem, another missing data problem, involved a month of zeroes or missing data across all areas for ARVN/VNMC Small Operations. A check of other data on this variable showed the same pattern. The first conclusion to be arrived at was that there were no ARVN/VNMC Small Unit Operations in that particular month, February 1968. Since February 1968 was the month of the "TET Offensive", one might also conclude that hostilities had so escalated that all operations were reported as Large. A final conclusion was that the Reporting System was so disturbed during the TET Offensive that no Small Operations were reported. This final conclusion was the one acted upon in this study.

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In Figure 2-3, one may also note a variation of the column of zeroes for Area 66. Investigation of several old and new maps of SVN revealed that Area 66, the province of Phuoc Thanh, was incorporated into Binh Duong Phuoc Long, Long Khanh, and Bien Hoa Provinces prior to 1957. It was easy to delete Area 66 from the dataset since the data of Area 66 had apparently been redistributed appropriately at an earlier time.

A fourth problem, another missing data problem, is demonstrated by the block of zeroes over eleven months for the final four provinces of MR IV (See Figure 2-11). This variable, the VSSG VC Control Index, was apparently zero for that time period and examination of other evidence indicated that such scores might well be correct. When examination of the VSSG GVN Control Index for the same period also showed zeroes, this data was compared with that at OASD(SA) and found to be the result of an error in the original tape. The correct values for these variables were obtained and inserted for the appropriate times and places.

A fifth problem was associated with the method of creating data files. Unless a record was present in the SEAPRS file, a missing data symbol (-0.0) was placed in the defined file. This meant that for variables from record types A, B, D, G, H, and I, the -0.0 missing data symbol was present instead of a zero. To use these variables, it was necessary to review the data, to identify the time periods where there actually was missing data, and to change all -0.0's to 0's for all other time periods when performing analyses which used the missing data code.

A number of other problems were encountered in the process of preparing the SEAPRS file for analysis. The first tape received was damaged by a tape drive and could not be read because of a worn spot every record length. The second tape had errors in the data caused by an aggregation of values within each record type and spillover into the next record type. The third tape bid not contain the G records. The records were later obtained and processed separately.

SECTION 3

TERRITORIAL FORCES EVALUATION SYSTEM (TFES) SUMMARY FILE

The TFES Summary file contains data summarized from the more than 150 unit attribute variables reported on the thousands of RF/PF units and the 114 operational variables reported by districts. This summarization results in 96 variables (80 unit attributes and 16 operational) aggregated by provinces. The decision to use the TFES Summary data was made in order to obtain variables which indicated mission, level of support received, and interactions with other forces which are reported under TFES. Unfortunately, the TFES Summary file contains only the mission data. However, using the basic TFES data appeared to pose too many problems in data management to be justified by the uncertain advantage of having the logistics status and Combined Joint Operations data available. 2

The data in the TFES Summary file consists of the following five record types:

- . A, P, R, AND O RECORDS Twenty variables for each of four subsets of unit attributes for RF rifle companies, PF platoons, all RF units, and RF overhead units. These variables include the total number of units; the number of units with prime missions of hamlet/village security, lines of communication (LOC) security, "other" security, offensive operations, reaction force (reserve?) and "other"; the number of outposts; officers, non-commissioned officers (NCO), and other enlisted, assigned and present for duty; and advisor ratings in responsiveness to orders, leadership, participation, attitude toward orders, attitude toward subordinates, and attitude toward leaders.
- Z RECORDS Sixteen variables for RF and PF (eight each) night and day operations conducted, night and day operations with contact, friendly and enemy killed, enemy weapons captured, and weapons lost.

It has been soundly argued that analysis of the RF/PF should be carried out using companies and platoons as the units of analysis because aggregation to the province or even district level will lose the differences between units and their situations, which explain why some units are successful in providing security while others are not. However, it was decided that the analysis should first seek regularities and explanations at the province level only, at this early stage of the project.

Both the initial data screening and the question of substantive meaning as coded prompted a decision to delete the advisor ratings from the defined file created for the TFES data. The records for RF overhead units were also deleted, although they could have been retained and total RF units deleted as well. Officers, NCO, and other enlisted were summed to create two variables for assigned strengths and present for duty for the A, P, and R type records. Three variables for the Percent of Assigned Strength Present were created for officer, NCO, and "other enlisted" for each record type. The defined file, thus, contains 55 variables for 44 province aggregations. Since the sequence of provinces is the same as in the SEAPRS defined file, analyses using data from both files is a relatively simple problem. Data screening of the completed defined file revealed no missing data problems and few variables with excessive zero observations. Units Assigned to Reaction Missions, Operations with Contact, and Weapons Lost contained the most zero observations, but they are not necessarily excessive, considering their substantive meaning.

SECTION 4

SYSTEM FOR EVALUATING THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE ARMED FORCES OF VIETNAM (SEER) FILE

There are two sources of ARVN/VNMC operational data in the SEAPRS file, the B and J type records. The operational result data derived from the OPREP system in the B type records is of questionable quality because the OPREP's are generally derived from the first reports of an action. Generally speaking, friendly losses tend to be understated and enemy losses exaggerated. Although the OPREP system provides for subsequent corrections to previous reports, it is understood that corrections have not often been the case for the SEAPRS B type records. While J type records lacked data for numbers of Small Unit Operations, for example, extracts from the SEER reports in the J type records were understood to be more reliable than B records for Enemy and Friendly Killed in Action Data. The fact that SEER files have more detailed data than SEAPRS files and may be used to build redundancy in defining concepts also induced a decision to work with SEER data from the parent files, AMFSA and AMFESMA. These two files contain monthly unit data for battalions, squadrons, regiments, groups, and civisions. The AMFSA file is derived from SEER reports during 1968. It consists of 11 monthly observations organized into one fixed and six periodic data sets as follows:

- . FIXED SET Nine variables for personnel and location data.
- PERIODIC SET 1 Four variables for duration, type, location, and force ratio in aix subsets representing the six categories of mission:
 - (1) Combat-nonpacification
 - (2) Security- nonpacification
 - (3) Active pacification
 - (4) Static pacification
 - (5) Reserve
 - (6) Training or rehabilitation
- PERIODIC SET 2 One variable for the number of operations in eleven subsets representing various mixes of forces in combined/joint operations (e.g., PF/ARVN, RF/ARVN, ARVN/RF/PF, ARVN/US/FW, ARVN/FW, ARVN/US, ABN/ARVN, VNMC/ARVN, ABN/US, VNMC/US or FW, and ABN/RF or PF).
- PERIODIC SET 3 One variable for the number of enemy killed in seven subsets representing various causes (e.g., Mines/Booby Traps, Artillery/Mortar, Air Strikes, Firefight, Sniper Fire, Ambush, and Unknown).

- PERIODIC SET 4 One variable for the number of friendly killed in seven subsets representing various causes (e.g., Mines/Booby Traps, Artillery/ Mortar, Misdirected Friendly Air or Artillery, Firefight, Sniper Fire, Ambush and Unknown).
- PERIODIC SET 5 One variable for friendly operations data organized in 150 possible subsets representing mission size and type, control and participation, mission days, contacts, day or night, and enemy or friendly losses.
- PERIODIC SET 6 One variable for enemy incident data organized in 144 possible subsets representing friendly mission type, number and type of incidents, day or night, and enemy or friendly losses.

The AMFESMA file is derived from SEER reports during 1969 and 1970. It is organized into one fixed and 14 periodic sets as follows:

- FIXED SET Thirty-five variables for personnel, attachment, and location data.
- PERIODIC SET 1 Two subsets of 13 possible variables for numbers of enemy and friendly killed in action by various causes. Seven of the variables apply to each subset, giving 14 KIA by cause variables compatible to the 1968 SEER data.
- PERIODIC SET 2 35 possible subsets of ten variables representing mission type, start and end dates, duration, location, and command headquarters for six mission types comparable to those used in the 1968 SEER data. Although several mission type codes are available for each mission type to allow coding of more than one mission of each type during the month, duplicate codes are used and are a possible source of error unless they are expected. For example, the codes A through G are for combat-nonpacification, but a unit will often be coded with two A's and an E in a month instead of the expected A, B, and C.
- PERIODIC SET 3 Five subsets of 11 variables representing five types of enemy-initiated incidents and day or night numbers of incidents, day or night friendly and enemy casualties, and other loss data.
- PERIODIC SET 4 Three subsets of 33 variables representing three sources of combat support and 11 categories of combat support requested and received (e.g., artillery missions and rounds fired, naval gunfire missions and rounds fired, helicopter gunship missions and sorties, fixed-wing gunship missions and sorties, tactical air missions and sorties, helicopter lift missions and sorties, fixed-wing lift missions and sorties, mid-evac missions and sorties, air resupply missions and sorties, B-52 missions, firefly missions, and illumination missions).

- PERIODIC SET 5 25 possible subsets of 16 variables for friendly operations data. The subsets indicate operation size, duration, mission type, and day or night for short operations. The variables include the usual friendly and enemy casualties, weapons lost or captured, and mission days data for sustained operations plus food and ammunition cache and VCI data.
- PERIODIC SET 6 15 possible subsets of 28 variables for friendly security operations data. The subsets represent 15 categories of objects defended or defensive missions. The variables include the size and duration of effort, number of fixed posts and patrols, number of various other active defensive activities, number of various enemy day or night incidents, day or night friendly and enemy losses, and damage suffered.
- PERIODIC SET 7 Four possible subsets of 18 variables for combat support and combined/joint operations data. The subsets represent four mission types. The variables include five categories of combat support requested or received, six categories of short or long-day or night combined/joint operations and friendly or enemy casualties.
- PERIODIC SET 8 11 possible subsets of 26 variables, for contact data. The subsets represent large or small unit operations for the six or seven basic mission types. The variables include mission days on short or sustained operations; numbers of contacts by size of enemy force, day or night, and short or sustained operation category; and the hours of contact by size of enemy force and category of operation length.
- PERIODIC SET 9 Three possible subsets of 14 variables for artillery unit employment data. This set was not examined in detail since the project is not concerned with artillery unit performance at this time.
- PERIODIC SET 10 Three possible subsets of 11 variables for the time, extent and users of ARVN artillery unit support. This data set was not examined in detail since the project is not concerned with artillery unit performance at this time.
- PERIODIC SET 11 Three possible subsets of 15 variables for the number of artillery mission requests and requests filled for various supported units by US, ARVN, or 3rd Country artillery units. This data set was not examined in detail since the project is not concerned with artillery unit performance at this time.

- PERIODIC SET 12 Three possible subsets of 15 variables for reasons why artillery missions requests were not filled. This data set was not examined in detail since the project is not concerned with artillery unit performance at this time.
- PERIODIC SET 13 Three possible subsets of 21 variables for various categories of damage inflicted by category of unit supported by US, ARVN, or 3rd Country artillery units. This data set was not examined in detail since the project is not concerned with artillery unit performance at this time.
- PERIODIC SET 14 Four possible subsets of 15 variables for combined/joint operations data. The subsets represent mission types. The variables include mission day, friendly killed, and enemy killed in five categories of combined/joint operations (e.g., ARVN/US, ARVN/FW, ARVN/RF/PF, ARVN/VNMC, and ARVN/VNN).

The original intention was to use only the 1969-1970 SEER data for a number of reasons. If this were done, the very complicated task of constructing a consistent time series over the 1968-1970 time frame would be avoided. If the analysis dealt with only the period July 1969 through December 1970, the problem of the change in HES reporting would also be avoided. The 1969-1970 SEER data contains the greatest detail on mission type, duration, location, size, contact, and results. Therefore, the 1969-1970 SEER data (AMFESMA file) was the first to be given a gross screening for numbers of records in each set and subset. It was later determined that the importance of events following the 1968 enemy Tet offensive and the accelerated pacification campaign made it desirable to project the time frame of analysis as far back as possible. For this reason, the form of the final merged 1968 and 1969-1970 SEER data is probably slightly different than if the 1968 data had been screened first.

In the 1969-1970 data, periodic sets 9, 10, 11, 12, and 13 were set aside immediately because they concerned only artillery unit activity. Periodic set 6 was not used because it covered only 1969. Periodic set 7 was not used because it contains either no data or only three months of data prior to the information included in periodic set 4. In the remaining periodic sets, aggregation of subsets or variables was performed to decrease the number of zero observations. The general guidelines used in these aggregations were as follows:

MISSION TYPE - Sum combat-nonpacification and active pacification to obtain offensive missions, mission days, or results. Sum security-nonpacification and static pacification to obtain defensive mission effort and results. Sum training and rehabilitation. Drop reserve mission time except to account for unit utilization.

- . COMBAT SUPPORT Aggregate the sources on the assumption that this analysis is concerned with the amount of support received and not with the definition of forces that supplied it.
- . DAY-NIGHT Retain this distinction where possible.
- . SHORT-SUSTAINED Retain this distinction where possible.
- . SMALL-LARGE UNITS Retain this distinction where possible.
- . CONTACTS Retain the distinction between contact with enemy platoons, companies, or battalions as well as the mission type and size; but aggregate mission duration and day and night for numbers of contacts. Retain the distinction between day and night as well as the mission type and size; but aggregate mission duration and convert to platoon equivalents for aggregating contact hours. The conversion assumes that one hour of battalion size contact equals nine platoon-size contact-hours and a company contact-hour equals three platoon contact-hours.
- . UNITS OF ANALYSIS Retain only battalions and squadrons of infantry, airborne, armor, marines, and rangers.

The result of this aggregation activity was a defined file for 188 battalions and squadrons containing 24 observations of 224 variables. See Appendix B for a detailed variable list.

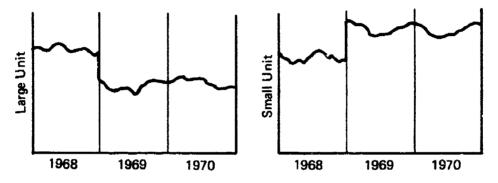
When it was decided that data from 1968 must also be included in the ARVN/ VNMC operations dataset sued in the analysis, a defined file was constructed from the AMFSA file using the same guidelines for aggregation applied to 1969-1970 SEER data. This file contained 11 observations of 180 variables for 178 battalions and squadrons. The enemy-initiated incident data of periodic set 6 was not included because it was determined that the SEAPRS H type records contain the most reliable enemy incident data. See Appendix C for a detailed variable list for the 1968 SEER data. Both the 1968 and 1969-1970 SEER data sets were then carefully studied in an effort to obtain the best possible equivalent or at least similar aggregations in the two files. The result was 68 variables, most of which are consistent over the entire time frame. Exceptions are:

. Personnel strength is not included in 1968 data. The information as of January 1969 may be assumed to be valid for purposes of estimating ARVN/VNMC assigned strength in 1968 when aggregating the unit data to the province level.

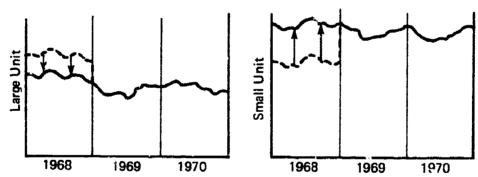
The definition of small and large unit operations are different between the 1968 and 1969-1970 SEER files. In 1968, large unit operations are those of company size or larger and there are two categories of small operations; platoon or greater, but less than company and less than platoon. The 1969-1970 definitions are not explicit; however, large units in most other data examined have been defined as battalion size or larger. If this is true for the 1969-1970 SEER data, there will be a discontinuity caused by the presence of company size (less than battalion size) operations in the 1968 data in large unit data when it should be in small unit data. A potential remedy is to shift some of the large unit data to small unit data based on the characteristics of the discontinuity. For example, a plot of large and small unit battalion days might show the following situation:

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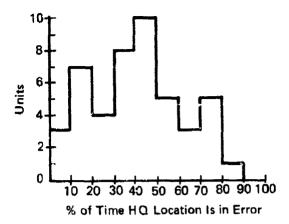
In this case, the variation might be retained by simply adjusting the mean value for 1968 as follows:



- There was no contact hour data for 1968. Again this could be estimated on the basis of 1969-1970 average contact duration and 1968 numbers of contacts.
- Enemy killed, captured, or surrendered are aggregated as enemy eliminated; however, 1968 data does not include VCI killed or captured, as a separate category.
- . Friendly killed, wounded, captured, or missing are aggregated as friendly casualties. The 1968 data does not include friendly wounded. Since killed and wounded generally correlate highly with each other, any discontinuity can safely be removed by raising the 1968 mean values.
- . Joint operations data for 1968 includes only the categories ARVN/US, ARVN/FW, ARVN/RF, and ARVN/VNMC.

See Appendix D for a detailed list of the merged 1968 and 1969-1970 variable aggregations and the resultant variable list.

Examination of the SEER variable lists shows that they contain no information on unit location. A separate file containing unit location, months the unit commander has been assigned, unit commanders' years of service, and other advisor data and ratings was to be constructed. This file would be used in evaluating unit performance as well as in aggregating the unit data to province level. However, it was noted that location data for individual operations was also available in the SEER files as opposed to the unit headquarter locations at month's end. It was decided to compare these two locations to see how much units moved from province to province and to determine if any error would be introduced in province data by using only the headquarter locations. A sample of 46 units for the amount of time spent outside the province indicated by the headquarter locations produced the following results:



Coping satisfactorily with this source of error in province aggregations of ARVN/VNMC (SEER) data was more difficult than uncovering the problem. It was deemed reasonable to assume that data on the effects of combat (contacts. casualties, and damage) is proportional to the number of days of such ef ort in each province. It then followed that if a unit spent ten days on offense in one province and ten days on offense in another province, then half the results of such operations could be allocated to each province. Of course, there was a threat of error involved in making such an assumption since the probability of contact is unlikely to be equal for all provinces but, despite this danger, it was estimated to be a relatively minor risk when compared with the threat of error involved in making no such attempt to correct for changes in unit location. This assumption only applied to data categorized by mission type or data independent of mission type (e.g., strength). Another assumption had to be made to the effect that the ratio of the results of offensive-to-defensive missions would also be valid for the results of operations not categorized by mission type (e.g., Killed In Action By Cause). Thus, it was possible to use the number of days spent on offensive, defensive, and training/ - rebilitation missions in each province together with ratios of the results of offens. o defensive operations to transform the basic unit data for aggregation by province (See Appendix E for detailed description of the transformation rules). Some difficulty was still encountered when location codes of 000 were found or when a unit was found to spend 57 days on combat operations in one month. These coding errors had to be corrected during the transformation process when constructing the province file, and decisions had to be made to solve specific problems.

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SECTION 5

HAMLET EVALUATION SYSTEM (HES) DATA SETS

The HES evolved out of a need to measure "results" or "progress" in a political-military conflict in which most traditional indicators were found to be misleading, meaningless, or irrelevant. In mid-1969, the HES was revised to make it less susceptible to systematic bias and it has served as a measure of the expenditure of resources, effort, and coercive power by the GVN and the enemy as reported by field officers. The HES measures a large variety of socio-economic and military-political phenomena and is probably the most useful gauge of a type of GVN control available to analysts.

HES VARIABLES IN THE SEAPRS DATASET

To use the HES data in the analyses, two basic questions required resolution. The first involved a decision concerning which of the 24 and 18 variables reported in the SEAPRS data for the two (old and new) versions of HES were to be used. The second involved adjusting the discontinuity in the HES data caused by mid-1969 revision of the reporting system.

SELECTION OF SEAPRS HES VARIABLES

There are three basic categories of SEAPRS HES variables; (1) the population figures represent either rural or total population living in hamlets, rated according to the different scores on the HES models; (2) the HES models represent a condition of pacification or security; (3) within each model, the variables represent four different aggregations of scores for the hamlets: AB, ABC, DE/OTHER, and VC.

Because this study was concerned with the rural population and its security, a decision was made to use rural rather than total population in the various security categories. In examining the data, a rural to urban population shift was noted as an important factor contributing to the improvement in security scores. To monitor this trend and to describe different areas in terms of this phenomenon, a new variable, percent rural population, was created. In this process, a new problem was discovered, for, in trying to obtain an accurate measure of the non-hamlet population, it was clear that the figures on this population were reported differently in each version of the HES data contained in the SEAPRS file. Examination of the figures on non-hamlet population revealed that this population was largely associated with the process of urbanization. The highly urbanized province of Gia Dinh, for example, accounted for nearly all of the non-hamlet population III Corps. Since the discrepancy in counting non-hamlet population in the two versions

of HES only affected the total population figures, since this discrepancy could not be easily resolved, and since the focus of this study was concerned with the rural population, a decision was made to use the security scores for the rural population and the percentage of rural population as population variables in this study.

In selecting measures of rural security, there were six different candidates from which to choose: the AB, ABC, DE and Other, the VC HES security model scores, and the two VSSG control scores. These measures were all, as expected, highly correlated, since they are substantively related measures of the same phenomenon. The ABC security score was not used because the "C" category, after inspection of the data, seemed to be a "catch-all" category lying midway between security and insecurity and often blurring variance at the province level. The selection of the VSSG GVN Control Score over the rural AB Security Score was made after examination of a plot of both scores on a percent dimension over a 48-month period for the 12 VSSG sample provinces and a SVN-wide summary. In general, the VSSG Control Score was lower than the AB score (See Figure 5-1A) although, in some provinces, the scores change their relative positions, causing the plotted lines to cross one another (See Figure 5-1B). In one case, the AB score and the VSSG score exchanged relative positions in both the old HES and in the new HES. (See Figure 5-1C.) Since the VSSG GVN Control Score demonstrated more variation over time, indicating more sensitivity to changing conditions, it was selected as a more suitable measure of population control.

In devising these measures, another population variable, contested population, was created by subtracting the sum of the population included under the VSSG GVN and VC Control Scores from the total rural population. This variable was usefully employed in this study. (See Figure 5-2.)

The second task, that of merging the two HES system scores, also posed a serious problem. Two methods of merging the scores were tested. The first effort was based on the correlation between the old and new HES ratings for the six-month period during which they were employed simultaneously. The difference in the slope of the old HES score and the HES/70 score was applied to the old HES score and projected back to T_1 . This method proved unsatisfactory when many scores, including population levels, decreased disproportionately near the beginning of the time period.

The method which proved satisfactory was based on the assumption that the old HES data at T_1 and HES/70 at T_{33} were reasonably accurate and that the difference between the old HES and HES/70 at T_{33} represents an error incrementally induced into the old HES over time. One can readily picture how the second method merges the two lines if one imagines the old HES line to be hinged at T_1 . The line is then simply adjusted to meet HES/70 at T_{33} . This method distributes the amount of the

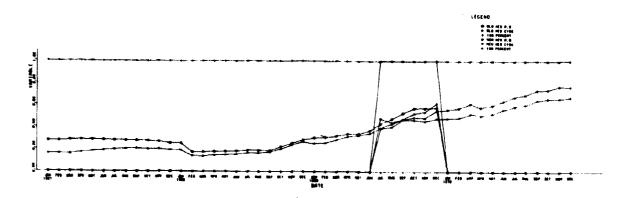


Figure 5-1A South Vietnam

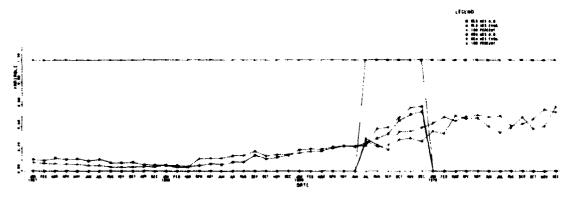


Figure 5-1B Chuong Thien

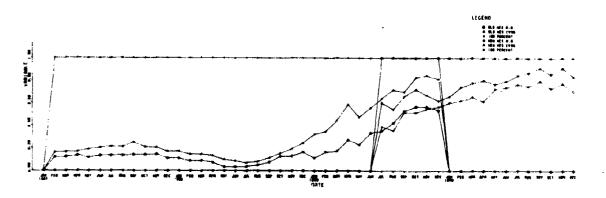


Figure 5-1C Binh Duong

Figure 5-1 GVN Control Ratings

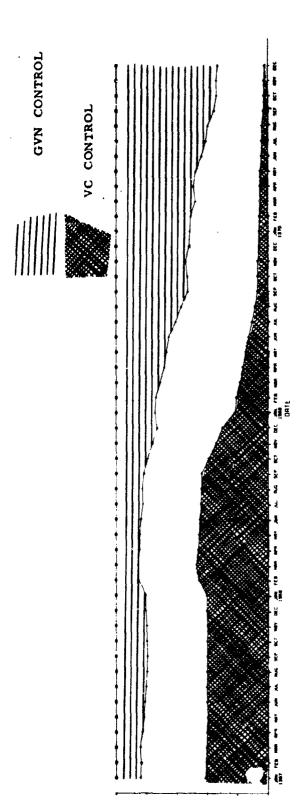
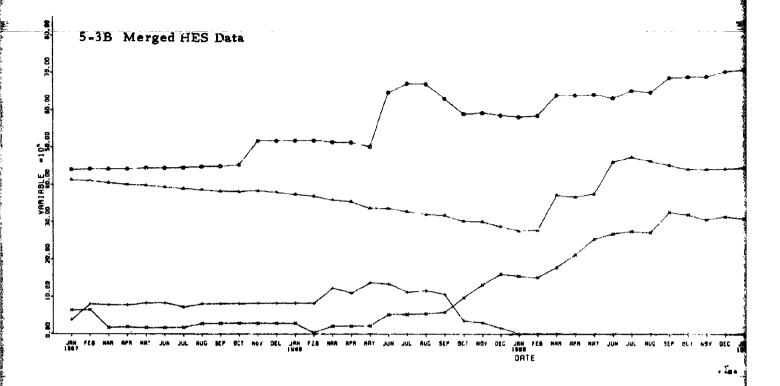
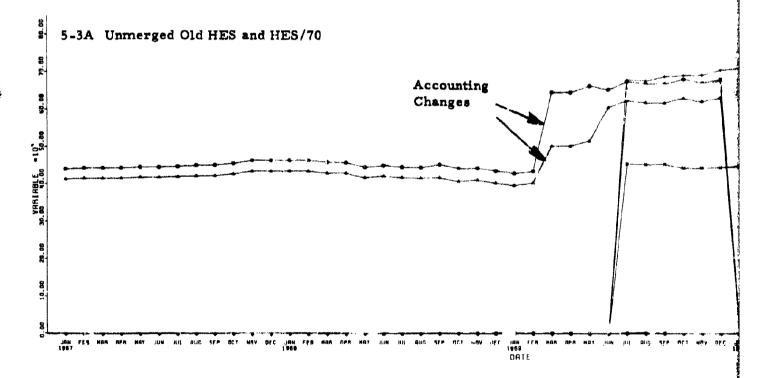


Figure 5-2 Population Ratings, South Vietnam

adjustment in decreasing increments from T_{33} to T_1 , thus applying the greatest amount of adjustment in the most recent period of old HES where the greatest error was suspected. By comparing Figures 5-3A, 5-4A, 5-5A, and 5-6A (old HES and HES/70 unmerged) with Figures 5-3B, 5-4B, 5-5B, and 5-6B (merged HES), one can visually inspect the effect of the merge program.

This method worked well in nearly all cases, the exception being those in which very large differences in the two HES scores at T₃₃ occurred very sharply and very near to T₃₃ (See Figures 5-3A and 5-3B). In this instance, alternative merging was applied. Locating cases in which either error or dramatic real shifts in HES scores occur (See Figures 5-4A, 5-4B, 5-5A, and 5-5B) proved to be the primary payoff for the extensive plotting of the HES population and security scores. These errors, accounting modifications (See Figures 5-6A and 5-6B), and/or real shifts in the data had to be located and accounted for when, because of such inconsistencies, standard statistical operation failed to describe or suggest rules for merging the two HES systems.





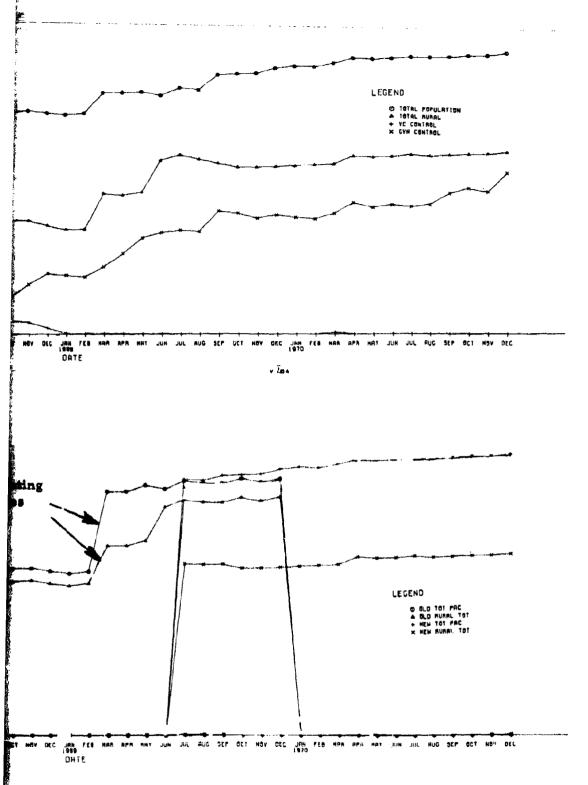
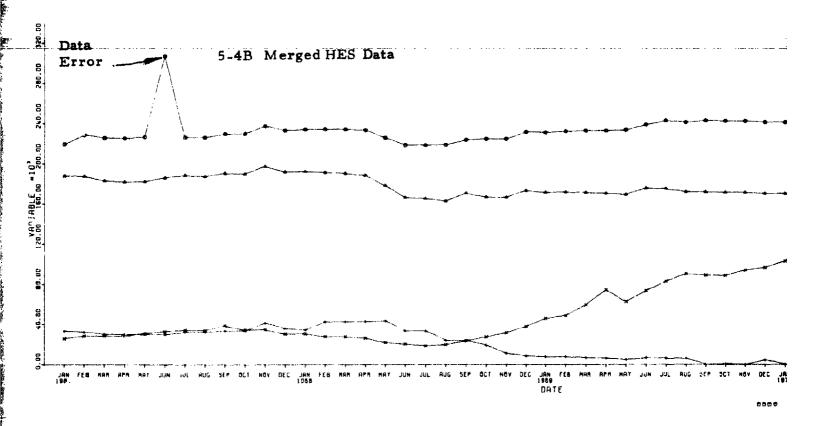
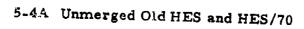
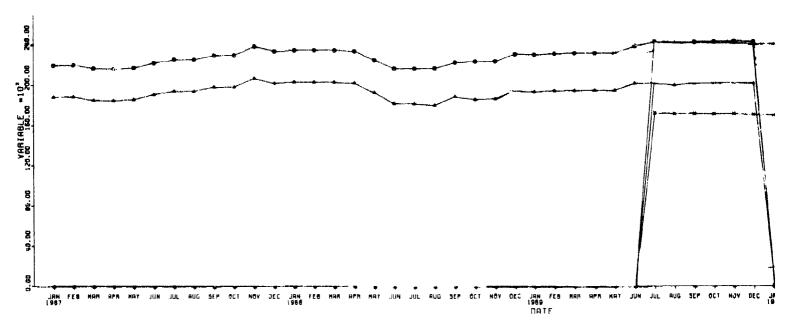


Figure 5-3 Population Ratings,
Thua Thien







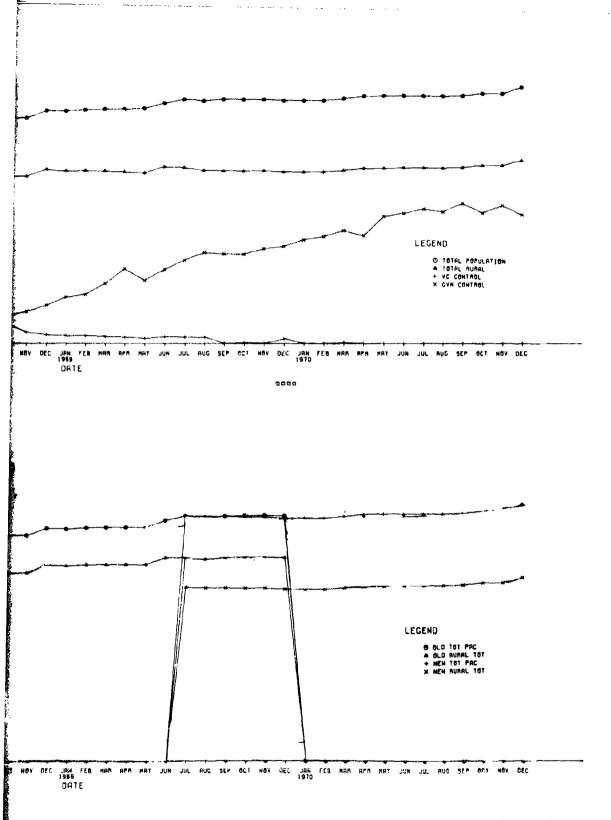
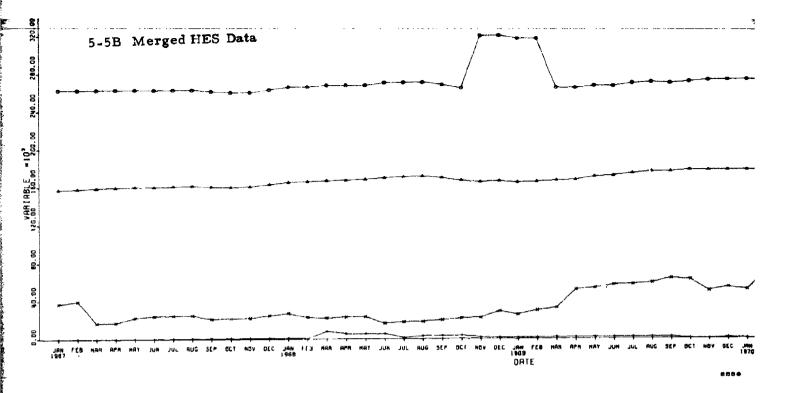
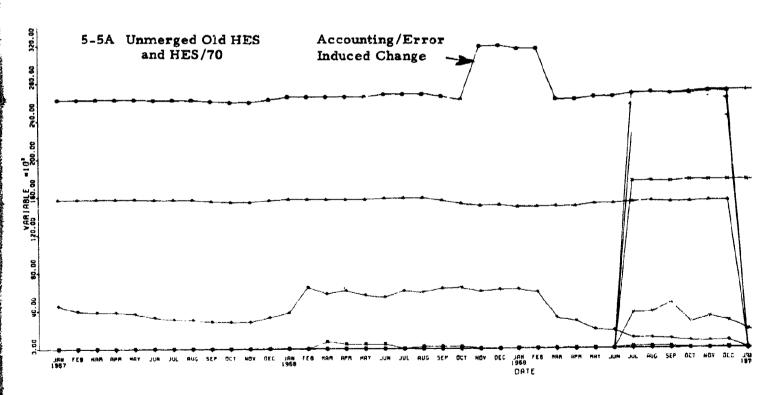


Figure 5-4 Population Ratings, Binh Duong





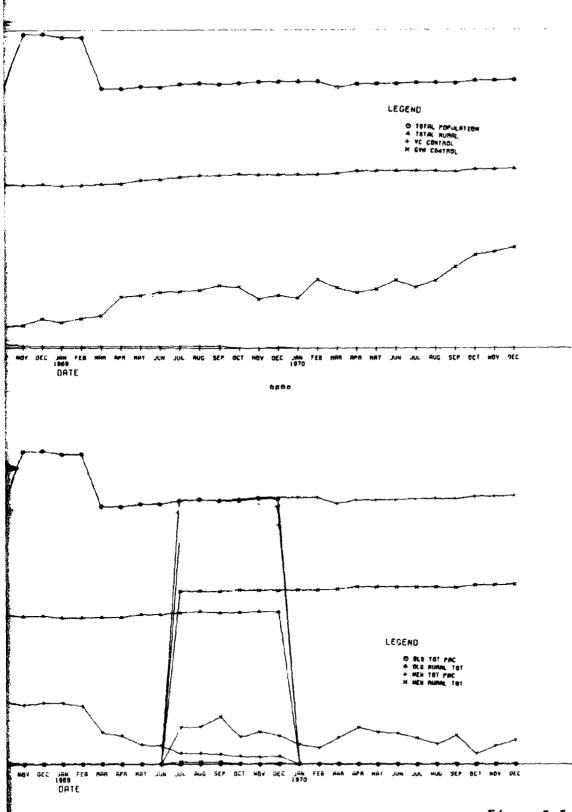
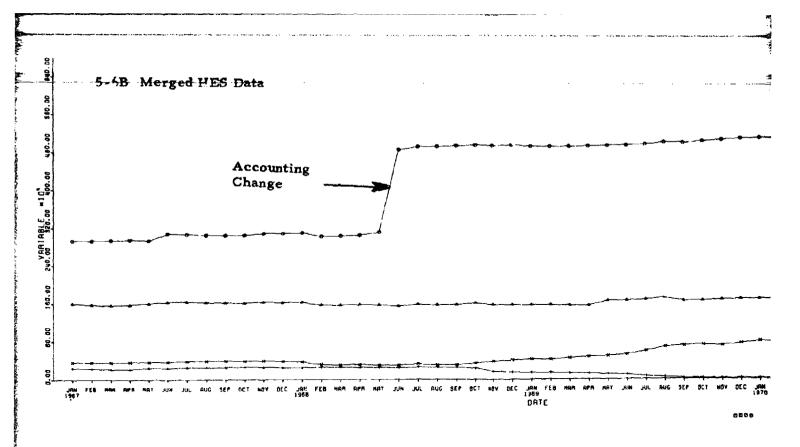
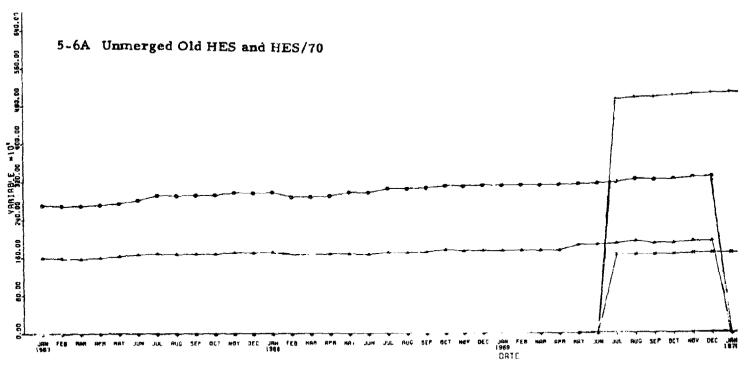


Figure 5-5 Population Ratings, Bien Thuan







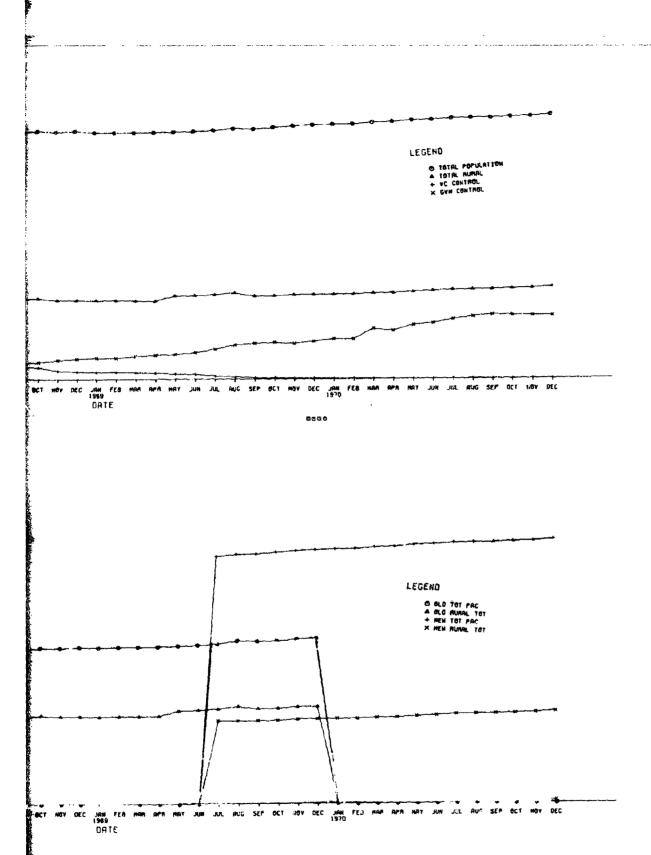


Figure 5-6 Population Ratings, CTZ3

QHES 70 FILE

The data files previously described (SEAPRS, SEER, and TFES) contain a large number of variables which measure various categories of friendly and enemy military resources, activity, and direct results of this activity, as well as the indirect results as indicated by the several HES score population variables (in the SEAPRS) describing changes in population behavior; i.e., the number of people who have come under different degrees of GVN control. The QHES 70 File and its subsequent files for 1971 and 1972 provide a variety of data which serve as a finer measure of population behavior; data on friendly and enemy political and economic activity, on the cultural and economic setting, on various environmental factors, and on the participation of the population in various activities in various settings.

As received, the QHES dataset included 398 variables as responses to 77 questions (See Appendix F). A screening of these variables for missing data or excessive zero observations revealed no serious problems. To create a manageable working file of about 400 variables for 44 provinces on a monthly basis, the variables were combined and indices were created in two ways. For HES questions, where the responses were based on an ordinal scale, an aggregate score was calculated. An example of this procedure is illustrated below for Question HMD2, "Damage Level Due to Enemy Military Activities." The following data apply to Quang Tri Province for July 1970.

	Data		Calc	ulation
HMD2-0 = No damage	27 9. 2	×	1 =	279,642
HMD2-1 = Minor damage	11 30	x	2 =	38,860
HMD2-2 = Serious, localized damage	3,	x	3 =	11,604
HMD2-3 = Widespread damage		x	4 =	0
	302, 940			330, 106
	Province	Scor	e =	1.1

Another example of this procedure, where there is an ordinal scale of increasing frequency for the event, is listed below for Quang Tri in July 1970.

	Data		Cald	culation
HMB4-0 = No armed enemy presence	257,563	×	1 =	257, 563
HMB4-1 = One appearance	31,290	x	2 =	62, 580
HMB4-2 = Sporadic appearances	14,087	×	3 =	42, 261
HMb4-3 = Regular visits	0	x	4 =	0
-	302, 940			362, 404
	Province S	Scor	e =	1.2

It was possible to treat each response separately or to create a province score and it was possible to treat the province scores as separate variables or to combine scores, for example, on a scale of GVN-VC influence. In the example illustrated below, questions HQF6 and HQB3 concern the level of popular participation in GVN and VC non-military group activities on ordinal scales of 0-4. By weighting the responses according to the following procedure, a composite province score was created as a means of rating that province on a popular allegiance scale.

Participate in VC Activities	Data	(Calcu	ulation
HQB3-4 = Nearly all	0	×	1 =	0
HQB3-3 = 41-90%	0	×	2 =	0
HQB3-2 = 10-40%	0	×	3 =	0
HQB3-1 = <10%	15, 247	×	4 =	60,988
HQB3-0 = None	287,693	×	5 =	1, 438, 465
HQF6-0 = None	58,691	×	6 =	352, 146
HQF6-1 = <10%	186, 042	ж	7 =	1,302,294
HQF6-2 = 10-40%	50, 289	×	8 =	402,312
HQF6-3 = 41-90%	7,918	ж	9 =	71,262
HQF6-4 = Nearly all	0	×	10 =	<u> </u>
Participate in GVN Activities	605,880			3, 627, 467
~	Province	Score	=	6.0

An alternative scaling procedure based on a zero sum proposition would enable analysis using the VC participation and GVN participation data either separately or combined for construction of a political behavior index.

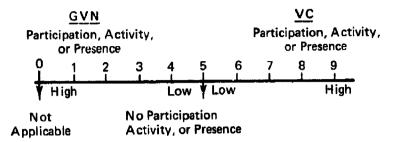
				Data		C	aic	ulation
HQB3-0	=	None		287,693	x	5	Ξ	1,438,465
HQB3-1	=	< 10%		15,247	×	6		91,482
HQB3-2	=	10-40%		0	×	7		0
HQB3-3	=	41-90%		0	×	8		0
HQB3-4	=	Nearly all		0	×	9		0_
		•		302,940				1,529,947
			_	***				

Province VC Participation Score = 5.1

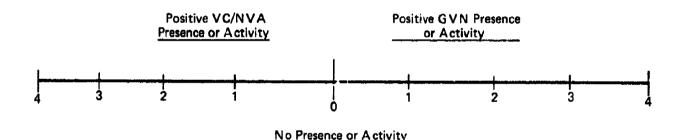
Data Calculation

HQF6-0	=	None	58,691	ж	5	=	293,455
HQF6-1	=	< 10%	186,042	х	4		744, 168
HQF6-2	=	10-40%	50,289				150,867
HQF6-3	<u>-</u>	41-90%	7,918	x	2		15,836
HQF6-4	=	Nearly all		×			0_
		•	302,940				1,204,326

This scaling procedure was used to place most of the ordinal QHES70 variables on comparable dimensions for index construction. The scale extends from zero for not applicable responses, to one for perfect participation in GVN activities, to five signifying no participation with either party, to nine for perfect participation in VC activities.



When it came to time series analyses of Village Program questions, it was less confusing, in interpreting correlations of VC and GVN data, to scale questions defining their characteristics separately rather than in combination, and on a zero-to-four scale as described above. The scale extends from zero, as the worst extreme for the GVN, to four as the best extreme, except for the VC Political Influence which reverses the scale.



The weighting and scaling procedures for scoring the responses on a zero-to-four dimension are illustrated above.

HES INDEX CONSTRUCTION

After some preliminary investigation of the HES data collection procedure, discussions with officials familiar with HES, review of the available documentation on HES, screening of the actual data and intuitive organization of the variables in terms of their substantive meaning in our research design, 288 variable-responses to 72 HES questions were selected in creating ten indices defining theoretically relevant concepts in a Coercive Action/Political Influence (CA/PI) file. (See Appendix G for the HES variables, calculations, and indices created for that file.) Factor analysis of these variable-responses was also employed in verifying their initial organization.

In addition to the above Coercive Action/Political Influence file, an additional file, employing 300 variable-responses on 77 questions/topics from HES, SEAPRS, TFES, and SEER datasets, was also created. The additional file included 14 indexed variables. (See Appendix H for a list of the variables, their weights, and the indices in which they were placed.)

As data for 1971 and 1972 was received, it was processed and added to the appropriate files.

SECTION 6

PACIFICATION ATTITUDE ANALYSIS SYSTEM (PAAS)

PAAS attempts to portray rural South Vietnamese attitudes toward security, politics, and economic development. The PAAS was developed by the Pacification Studies Group of CORDS at MAC V and the Central Pacification and Development Council of the GVN.

Monthly PAAS data, from January 1970 on, includes two types of information; (1) trends on shifts in rural opinion and (2) rural reactions to specific events. To reveal trends, the same series of questions are repeated regularly in monthly surveys; to identify reactions to specific events, questions on particular topical issues are included in the regular surveys.

DATA COLLECTION

The system is based on semi-structured interviews conducted by trained SVN research cadres in rural areas of 30 to 33 provinces. In a typical monthly survey, three, three-man, survey teams per province are assigned to specific hamlets where they conduct interviews. The interviewers memorize the survey questions and, guided by pre-established criteria, select respondents. Survey questions are posed indirectly in the course of conversation and the replies of the respondent are coded in predetermined categories.

SAMPLING PROCEDURES

PAAS employs a quota rather than a probability sampling technique in selecting both individual respondents and hamlets.

SAMPLE SIZE

Over 3,000 respondents have been interviewed country-wide during a survey month but, generally, only 30 persons per province are interviewed.

USE OF THE DATA

To make best use of PAAS data, analysts in this study carefully reviewed all PAAS questions, selected those judged most relevant to the concepts analyzed in this study, and employed them in several reports. The questions were:

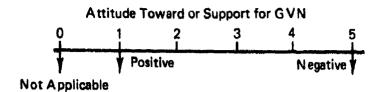
- The Village Program Report employed PAAS questions 101, 111, 147, 227/284. Responses were simply dichotomized on a "favorable-unfavorable" dimension.
- The War Type Analysis employed questions 73, 101, 142, 147, 201 and 205. Responses were dichotomized on a "favorable-unfavorable" dimension.
- The Land Reform Paper employed PAAS responses indicating popular attitudes toward administration of the land-to-the-tiller law. These responses served as the basis for ranking provinces and analyzing differently-ranked provinces in relation to key HES variables.

PAAS data was also subjected to the scaling techniques employed in the HES data. In this effort, popular attitudes derived from PAAS data were organized under three topic headings, each with two subheadings, as follows:

SECURITY

- Level of Concern for Present Conditions
 (Five questions with 23 possible responses)
- Evaluation of GVN Ability to Provide Security
 (Eight questions with 55 possible responses)
- POLITICAL IDENTIFICATION (Cognitive and affective responses to GVN)
 - Local
 (Nine questions with 54 possible responses)
 - National (Three questions with 14 possible responses)
- EXPECTATIONS
 (For political and economic power of GVN)
 - Future Political Situation
 (Three questions with 20 possible responses)
 - Future Economic Conditions
 (Four questions with 27 possible responses)

The recommended scales extend from zero for Not applicable, through one for high positive feelings for GVN, to five for high negative responses.



The responses Did not know and Did not wish to respond were considered zero or five, depending on the subject matter of the questions. For example, the response of Not knowing who represents the GVN locally would be weighted five, while not having an opinion on what the most serious problem is would be weighted zero. If data screening disclosed a large percentage of Did not know or Did not wish to respond, then the data on individual responses would be of substantive interest without scaling. Useful inferences could be made from lack of feeling in any direction and unwillingness to reply.

Some examples of the scales and hypothetical response data are shown below:

PAAS QUESTION

GVN Ability to Assist People in the Future

Response	Data	С	alc	ul	ation
Increased	38%	ж	1	=	38
Same	40%	x	3	=	120
Decreased	12%	×	5	=	60
Did not know	2%	x	0	=	0
Did not respond	8%	x	0	=	0
-	100%		-		218
	Provinc	e Sco	re	=	2.18

PAAS QUESTION

Is Hamlet Defortification Possible?

Response	Data	c	alc	ul	ation
No	15%	x	5	=	75
Some	15%	×	4	=	60
Many	5%	×	3	=	15
Most	5%	×	2	#	10
All or nearly all	2%	×	1	=	2
Did not know	30%	×	0	z	0
Did not respond	28%	×	0	=	0
-	100%				162
	Option A Province	ce Sco	re	=	1.62
	42				162
	Option B Provin	ce Sco	re	=	3.95

Should the data indicate the pattern of responses in the second hypothetical example, option B-based only respondents indicating an attitude will be the most accurate index. The data on the latter two responses should also be studied as separate variables.

In the original research design, PAAS data was intended to provide the attitudinal dimension that would further enrich and structure the image of the political, military, and socio-economic environments drawn by other data sources. To this end, several particularly relevant PAAS variables were selectively employed in specific analyses. However, the availability of data from HES and other files and the particular relevance of that data to research demands arising in the course of this study did not permit as thorough an exploration and employment of PAAS data as expected.

APPENDIX A

CONCEPT INDEX VARIABLE CANDIDATES

In the introduction to this paper, it was pointed out that this analysis of the Vietnam War has aimed at identifying and interpreting the statistical relationship among the following concepts:

- · GVN, US, and 3rd Country resources
- · GVN, US, and 3rd Country military activities
- VC and NVA resources
- VC and NVA military activities
- GVN political and economic activities
- VC and NVA political and economic activities
- · Cultural and economic factors
- · Other environmental factors
- · Popular attitudes
- · Political behavior

To accomplish this task, it was necessary to review available data files to select the variables that were of substantive interest; i. e., those that defined one or more of the ten concepts listed above; and to obtain variables which had a sufficient number of observations for reliable use over time and space. To that end, the SEAPRS, SEER, TFES, QHES, and PASS data files were screened for missing data, excessive zero observations, or other causes of low amounts of variance and the following variable list was created of whatever variables remained as candidate indications of the concepts listed above. These variables are listed by data source and under the particular concept, of the ten concepts studied, which it most appropriately defines.

In addition to the listing of these variables by data source, five columns of information about each variable are provided.

The first column indicates the extent of missing data in the 1967-1970 period; i.e., months 1-48. Here, M denotes Month and P denotes Province. Thus, the entry "M 1-13; M 14, P 1-5" indicates that the data is missing for months 1 through 13 (January 1967 until February 1968) and for month 14 (February 1969) in provinces 1 through 5 as the provinces are usually listed in the SEAPRS file.

The second column indicates the extent of missing data in the January 1971 through October 1972 period; i.e., months 49 through 70.

The third column of information tells what percentage of the data which was not missing for months 1-48 has zero as the observed value.

The fourth column of information tells what percentage of the data not missing for months 49-70 has zero as the observed value. 3

The fifth column shows how each variable has been used in the preliminary stages of the analysis. Here, CD stands for concept definition, with CD1 and CD2 referring to consecutive analyses conducted in the earliest stages of the study. The V describes the sequence number of the variable in the analysis. A second set of analyses, the province cluster profiles described in an earlier report, are indicated by PC1.

It is noted that neither the Old HES nor the HES/70 variables of the SEAPRS data file have been included in the following listing. The variables were omitted not because of oversight or distrust but because they did not help to define any of our basic concepts of interest. The variables were neither a direct outcome of any GVN or VC action nor did they clearly reflect attitudes or behavior. The HES data in the SEAPRS file has not therefore been included here although it has been carefully screened and employed in our preliminary exploration of the data.

Variables from the PAAS dataset have also been excluded from this basic list of variables although they too were carefully evaluated, screened and employed in experimental analyses. The PAAS variables are not listed because they were not directly integrated into our primary research task, partly because of the considerable amount of time required to organize this attitudinal data for what appeared to be quite limited purposes and partly because our increasing research interest in

It is interesting to note that the percentage of zeroes in monthly reports on variables describing most military activities and outcomes tends to be high even after considerable aggregation of variables to reduce the extent of zero observations.

and exploration of the behavioral data promised more payoff in terms of immediate research demands. As described earlier in this report, the PAAS data remains an interesting and unique data base on the attitudes of elements of the South Vietnamese population on issues of historic interest.

CONCEPT INDEX VARIABLE CANDIDATES

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		<u> </u>	H	average score (0-3) national police activity VQD4	M1-30				

Note:
M . Month, P : Province, CD : Concept Definition, V : Variable, PC : Province Cluster

	M1-48 M49-70 M1-48 M49-70	i uS Mansuver Battalions None None 30 90 CDI, v16 i #65 E US Mansuver Strength None None 30 90 CDI, v17 70 ladan File	(No QHES date related to US resources)		3 : 3rd Country Maneuver Estations 90 CDI, V16 9 845 (for MR III) = 3rd Country Maneuver Strength None None 85 90 CDI, V17 9 770 (for MR IEII) = 3rd Country Maneuver Strength None None 85 90 CDI, V17	
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Variable List by Concepts and Data Source

2. GVN, US, and 3rd Country Military Activities

a. GVN Activity by Mission Type and Force Size for Operations

Variable List by Concept and Da	oncept and Data Source	Missing Date		Percen	Percent Zaro	Variable Use
•					475	
(I) SEER	File ()	¥-1¥	0645	- TW	- KTM	
	,	M1.13: M14. P1.5		-5		
3	0			, ,		
ē	-					
9	=			,		
Ŷ	-	MI-13; MI4, PI-5		5		
3	52	MI-18		-2		
S	7	M1-18		2,5		
	2	MI-13: MI4, PI-5		52		CD2, V24
9	; :	M1-13: M14, P1-5		52		CD2, V25
Ē	9	MI 11, 26, 27, M14, D1 6		5		
\$		Maintai Coult Maid, Filma		2 8		
5	\$	Mi-13; 63-67; Mid, 51-5				
3	55 " Mie	MI-13; 25-27; MI4, PI-5		9		CDZ, VZ6
3	53 7 Mission Days on Joint ARVN/VNMC Operations	MI-13, 25-27; M14, P1-5		56		
31 (2)	TFES File (Summary File)					
3	2 = RF	MI-12		•		
9	3 2 85	MI-12		.		
3	X X Y	M1-12		د		
3	- A	M1-12		9		
3		MI-12		20		
		12				
9	*			,		
•	15 - PF	71-IW		٠,		
Ē	16 = PF	71-1W		•		
Ξ	17 - PF	M1-12		0		
đ	18 = PF	M1-12		65		
*	19 = PF Platoons Assigned to Reaction Forces	M1-12		90		
3	20 * DF	M1-12		9		
b. GVN Activity by	ivity by Force Size on Operation					
(I) SE	SEAPES FILE					
Ē	2 97	Mone	M 58-70	9	7.5	PC1, V15, 16417
ē	× 57	None	M58-70	20	7.5	PC1, V17, 244.25
(a)	# 97	None	M58-70	90	8	PC1, V15, 174.17
9	- 17	None	M58-70	65	5	۷17,
•	2 67	MI415	M58-70	20	50	71,
Ş	30 =		M58-70	70	90	V 1 S,
	31 •		M58-70	95	76	ζ.
ē	32 . Number of Unknown GVN Large Scale Operations with Contact		MS8-70	2	66	<u>.</u>
3	2		M58-70	1.5	90	PC1, V17, 244.25
ŝ	55		None	20	0	
Ē	Ç		None	2	<u> </u>	CD), VI2
€	. 59	2, 14	25-48, 49-70	9	None	
E	5		None	5	1.5	CD1, V13; CD2, V7
2	* 097	MI-13	49-70	9	None	
(0)	± 197		49-70	100	None	
	F + 397	43-48	49-70	0	None	CDI, VI4
•	275 = Nam	MI.12, 43-48 M	M68-70	0	01	CD!, VI4
•	780 = Ner	×	W68-70		01	

Ter.	Virtuable List at the first of Date Source	Tari Surestwe		Second Assess	197	1 ar 1 ar 1 ar	
9	SEEK with !Merged 1368 and 1984-1-1973 Files)	M1-46	M49-70	M1-46	N49-70		
	(a) 1/817 = Number of ARVN VNMC Large Unit Operations (b) 18-19 = Number of ARVN VNMC Small Unit Operations (c) 25-26 = Mission Days on Large Unit Operations (d) 27-28 = Mission Days on Small Unit Operations	M13, M14, P1-5 M1-13, M14, P1-6 M1-18 M1-13, M14, P1-15		m N → N in vo vo vo			
3	IFES File (Summary File)						
	(2) 42×40 = RF Operations (b) 40×44 = PF Operations	21-174 M1-13		t- O			
ξ. GΨ	GVN Activity by Effort Daring Day or Night						
3	SEER File (Marged 1968 and 1969-1970 File)						
		M1-13; M14, P1-5		20			
		Mi-13; M14, Pl5		g :			
		MI-15; MI4, F1-5		2 6			
	(d) (c) it has bit Edding it of Conduct by Land Language Cyc.	Mi-13; Mi4; F1-5		3 2			
		KI-13; KI4, P1-5		10			
		M1-13; M14, P1-5		20			
		Mi-13; M14, P1-5		52			
3	IFES File (Summery File)						
	(a) 40 = PF Day Operations	M1-12		0			
	(b) 42 = RF Day Operations	M1-12		•			
	(c) 44 = PF Might Operations	MI-12		•			
	¥	M1-12		C:			
	÷	MI-12		10			
	•	MI-12		u n			
	÷	21-17		ın ı			
	(h) 47 = RF Night Operations with Contact	M1-12		'n			
චි	SEAPRS File						
	(a) 274 = Pf Wight Operations	MI-12, 43-48	M68-70	0	10	CD1, V15	
		MI-12, 43-48	M68-70	٥	97	CDI, VIS	
	(c) 275-276 = PF Day Operations		M68-70	•	0		
	(4) 280-279 = RF Day Operations	M1-12, 43-48	M68-70	0	10		

GVN Activity by Daration (and Size and Mission Type) of Operations (The short-mustained distinction was eliminated in constructing a marged SEER file. The 224 variable data set for 1969-1970 will permit analyses which use operation duration as an eperatemal characteristic.)

1,4				Missing Data		Perce	Percent Zeros	Variable Use	le Use			
100	-	2	A ALIC DATA SOURCE	M1-48	M49-70	M1-48	M1-48 M49-70					
CAN	Activ	ivity b	GVN Activity by Number. Duration and (Sixe) of Contacts									
8	SEL	ER FI	SEER File (Marged 1968 and 1969-1970 Files)									
	3	7	= Number of Contacts on Large Offensive Operations	M1-13: M14. P1-5		70			V27			
	ē		Verniber of			65			V28			
	Û		23 = Number of Contacts on Small Offensive Operations			9		CD2, V	V29			
	Î		24 = Number of Contacts on Small Defensive Operations			7.5			V30			
	÷					80						
	£					6 5						
	3		t = Pit. Equiv. Hr. of Contact by Small Offensive Ops.			70						
	₽	35+36	PIL EG	MI-13; M14, PI-5		75						
	Ę.	477 a	(The 214 variable data set for 1960-1970 also contains variables									
	id a	which distinguish and battalions. }	which distinguish numbers of contacts with enemy platoons, companies, and battalions.)									
3	19	ES Fil	TFES File (Summary File)									
	3	41145	5 = PF Overations with Contact	21-12								
	3		a F Ope	KILIZ		9 5						
	2					2						
GVN	Ü	ivity b	GVN Activity by Casualties Received									
ε	SEA	SEAPRS File	ej.									
	3	•	= ARVN/VNMC NIA on Large Scale Operations	None	None	0	9		2, 3,	.0		12.
	2	ď	= ARVN/VNAC KIA on Small Scale Operations	MI4	None	80	40		2, 3,	3	19, 204.21	17
	Ü	•	RF KIA on	None	None	82	95		2. 3,	9, 10, 1		20 4 21
	Ē :	٠- ٥	= RF KIA on Small Scale Operations	12	None	اب ان	ß :		, 3,	<u>.</u>		201 21
	9	•	20	Mone	NORE D24. 24.5. 7A	. 5	2 2	֓֞֞֞֜֞֜֞֜֞֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓		,	19, 204.21	7 107
	3	_		MI4	M49-70		. \$		4 ~	3 9		3 5
	3	7	: Unknown GVN KIA on Large Scale Operations	None	M49-70	9	2		7	101	19, 294.21	7
	3			MI	None	9.5	\$		VI, 2, 3,	ö		12
	3	: :	- ARVN/VINC WA on Large Scale Operations	Noae	None	0	£ ;					
	3		= RF WIA on Large Scale Operations	Mand	Nobe	6 8	<u>.</u>					
	Ē		RF WIA on	M14	None	. £	3 2					
	=	\$	= PF WiA on Small Scale Operations	7414	None	3	:::					
	٥	97		None	None	7.5	\$					
	٥		"Other" GYN Win on Small Scale Operations	Mit	None	ę,	66					
	€ :		* Unknown GVN WIA on Large Scale Operations	None	None	9	\$					•
				***	None	2	5					
	3	2 :		None	None	? :	32	20	CD1, V50; CD2, V6	ķ		
	2 3		- Grand materials weapons Lost on Large seas type.	None	None	15 t	٤;	Č Ž	¥,			
	1		CANE WERE AND FORCE CONTRACTOR CO	Nome	None	S .	\$,			
	E 3		GVN WITH OR LEADY OCCUR Operations	None	None	£ :	<u>۾</u>		85 A			
	į		City Lelinitus Manness 1 ask as Small Seals One		No.	7	٠.	3	6			
	Ē	B	CVR BRIVIOUS Freques .cos on others ocean offer.	Mit	None	0	2	CDI. VSI	6			

		Missing Data	n i	Percent Zero	Zero	Varia	Variable Use	
Larieble List	Variable List by Concept and Data Source	Mi - 48	M49-70	M1-48	49-70			
\$		M14		95	66	į	1	
	(z) 72 = GVN WIA on Small Scale Operations	W14		9 .	67	3	457	
	(as) 262 = APVN/VNMC MIA on Friendly Initiated Operations	B1-134	07-64W	<u>.</u>	;	CD: v4.	/ * ^	
	at) 273 = PF KIA (on Friendly initiated Operations?)	MI-12, 45-48	Mea-70	^	กร	CD1, V60	460	
•	ac) 278 = RF KLA (on Friendly Laitiated Operations?)	M1-12, 43-48	M68-70	.	'n	CDI,	V60	
IS (7)	SEER File (Marged 1968 and 1969-1970 Files)							
				;				
3		MI-13; MI4, Pl-5		52				
e		MI-13; MI4, PI-5		5				
ÿ	3 45+47 = ARVN/VNMC Casualties on Offensive Operations	M1-13; M14, P1-5		02		CD,	V184 20	
2) 46+48 = ARVN/VNMC Camalties on Defensive Operations	MI-13; MI4, PI-5		9		CO CO	V194.21	
•		MI-13; MI4, FI-5		20		CD2,	V184.19	
<u> </u>		MI-13; MI4, PI-5		9		CD,	V204 21	
. 5		M1-27		90				
æ		M1-77		85				
5	TFES File (Summary File)							
1	40 - DE KCA	M3-12		9				
3	; ;	MI-12		2				
		M1-12		e e				
9		MI-12		2 9				
!	;			:				
S GVN Ac	GVN Activity by Casualties Inflicted							
ES (E)	SEAPRS File							
	54 = Estary Captured on Large Scale GVN Operations	M1-27	None	9	0+			
ê	= 15	None	None	30	20	CDI.	CD1, V52; PC1, V2, 104.21	2
Ų	9	None	None	0+	52	CDI.	V56	
::2	19	None	None	9	35	CD1, V56	V 56	
۳) 64 = Enemy Captured on Small Scale GVN Operations	M1-27	None	09	\$			
E		M14	None	20	20	CD1,	V51; P. 1, V2, 104.21	77
3		XI.	None	30	15	<u>1</u>	V55	
æ		MI4	None	9	7.5	ig O	V55	
3		M1-18	M49-70	15		G G	V48	
5			M68-70	v	2	.	19/	
ĕ.) 277 = Enemy KIA by RF (Enitiated Operations.)	MI-12, 43-48	None	٠.	v		V61	
(4 SE	SEER File (Merged 1968 and 1969-1970 Files)							
4		MI-13: MI4, P1-5		45				
ē	7 = Enerry Kla in ARVN/ VNAC Firefights	MI-13; MI4, PI-5		: 2				
. ¥		MI-13; MI4, PI-5		. 5				

10

Variable List by Concept and Data Source	Missing Data	Percent Zero	Variable Use
	M1-48 M49-70	M1-48 M49.70	1
4	M1-13: M14. P1.5	30	
		92	
- 0++9:			
37+38 ±		2 (
100.40	M1-13; M14, 14-5	20	
41+43 =	M1-13; M14, P1-5	30	
42+44 =	M1-13: M14, P1-5	70	
+1+44	M1-13; 1414, P1-5	30	
43444	M'-13: 1014, Pt. 5	70	
- 100	N.1-27	85	
, (() A	M1-27	08	
(n) 68 " Enemy Caches Found on ARVN VNMC Operations	M1-24	07	
:			
(1) TFES File (Summary File)			
	W1-12	5	
# #	W-12		
2	MI-12	: :	
(c) 52 = Enemy Weapons Captured by PF (d) 53 = Enemy Weapons Captured by PF	Mi-12	22	
b. GVN Activity by Combat Support Received			
(1) SEER File (Merged 1968 and 1969-1970 Files)			
	M1-24	15	
# 74	2	15	
9	M1-27	. 01	
: :	M1-24	12	
6 3	M1-24	5	
	M1-24	91	
i. US + 3rd Country Activity by Force Size on Operation			
(I) SEAPAS File			
Ash 16476 a Rattalion Date on US/ FWMS Large Scale Ope.	M1-5 None	01	
			CD1, VIS: PC1, VIS, 16417
45+65 *	Mi-12, 25-48 None	0	
53+93 =	None None	2	CD1, V19; PC1, V17, 244.25
j. US + 3rd Country Activity by Casualties Received			
(1) SEAPRS File			
į	N N	20	CD1, V45; PC1, V2, 10&21
36+76		: 8	
(b) 18+78 - US/FWMCF Laddwidshall Weapons Lost on Lg. Scale Upd.	None	66	
* 61.45°		20.	
42+82 =		2	CD1 V46: PC1, V2, 10421
		}	100

Variab	le List	by Conce	Variable List by Concept and Data Source	Missi	Missing Data	Perce	Percent Zero	Variable Use
				M148	M49-70	Mi-48	M49-70	
	9	48+88	= US/FWMF Indiv. Weapons Lost on Sm. Scale Ops.	N.a.	None	95	001	
	9		44+89 : US/FWMF Crew Svd. Weapons Lost on Sm. Scale Ops.	None	None	100	100	
	ŝ		52+92 = US/FWMF WIA on Small Scale Operations	None	None	7.5	6	
	=		94 = US Army Combat Deaths	None	None	20	06	
	9		95 r USMC Combat Deaths	None	None	88	66	
	2		USAF Combat Deaths	None	None	90	86	
	2		USN/ USCG Combat Deaths	Nane	None	85	66	
	<u>e</u>		98 : Total US Armed Forces Combat Deaths	None	None	Ç	06	
, D	S + 3rd	Country	US + 3rd Country Activity by Casualties Inflicted					
_	(I) SE.	SEAPRS File						
	3	34+74	= Enemy Captured on Large Scale US/FWMF Operations	M1-24	rac'N	92	\$5	
	€	37+77	= Enemy KIA on Large Scale US' FWMF Operations	None	- Non	10	9	CD1 V46: 10C1 V2 100
	Ĵ	-	= Enemy Indiv Weapons Captured on i.g. Scale Ope	None	None	20	33	CD1 V50
	Ŧ	18+10	2 Enemy Crew Svd. Weapons Captured on Le. Scale One.	V	N.	26	26	60, 400
	3	•	= Enemy Captured on Small Scale US/FWMF Operations	MI-24	None	, 90 70	. 6	CD1, V39
	3	47+87	= Enemy KIA on Small Scale US/ FWMs Operations	None	None	80	90	CD1 3046, DC1 W3 100 31
	3	20+90	- Enemy Indiv. Weapons Captured on Sm. Scale Ops.	None	None	, a		CD1, V10, FC1, V2, 104/21
	ê	16+15	- Enemy Crew Svd. Weapons Captured on Sm. Scale Ops.	Neps	None	5 6	2 8	
ن :	VN MIL	itary Acti	GVN Military Activity by Outcome	<u> </u>		?	:	CDI. VS
=	3	OHES/70 Index File	::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::					
	3	503	 province population in hamlets where no enemy contact 					
			was made HMD 5-0	MI-30	None	0	•	
	<u> </u>	210	- province population in hamlets with significant friendly				,	
			victory HMD5-1	M1-30	None	a	0	
	⋾		province population in hamlets with minor victory HMD5-2	M1-30	None	c	c	
	ŧ	212	= province population in hamlets with indecisive military			,	,	
			results HMD5-3	MI-30	None	o	6	
	3		: province population in hamlets with minor defeat HMD5-4	M1-30	None		Φ.	
	9	514	? province population in hamilets with significant defeat HMD5-5		None	. 0	, 0	

Percent Zero Variable Use	3	M49-70 M1-48 M49-70	16 15	15 20 CDI,	70 80 CDI.	80 90 CDI,	M64-70 5 25 CD1, V27 M64-70 6C 60 CD1, V28			61961 20 130 965 143 02 V7 V6 7750	100	20 02		, co	60 60 CD	58 06	20,					vithin MR's		None 0			1	None	None 0	None 0	None 0 0
Missing Date	!	M1-48	None	None	None	None	S C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C			7	and or	None		None	None	a de N	None	MI 4-31			Plone	ata and Jan '71 province distribution w		M1-30;M32-36, P31, 36, 37, 39 E 40	M1-30;M32-36, P31, 36, 37, 39 & 40			MI-30;M32-36, P31, 36, 37, 39 #-40 M1-30;M32-36, D31, 36, 37, 39 #-40	M1-30;M32-36, P31, 36, 37, 39 & 40	M1-30;M32-36, 731, 36, 37, 39 & 40	MI-30
Variable List by Concept and Data Source.	2 4	(1) SEAPRS File	2	155	156 = NVA Combs	157	(e) 156 × VC Separate Companies (f) 159 × VC Separate Platnons	y Personnel Strength	(1) SEAPRS File	Appendix WMA Washington Comments		27.	. 471	140 V C Secret	150 a VC Separate	151 = NVA Adminic	(b) 152 × VC Administrative Strength	(i) 153 = Guerrille Strength	(2) VCI Data (Hard Copy Reports)	(a) : Total VCI Strength		"Munthly province data obtained from MR monthly data and Jan "71 province distribution within MR's	(A) QHES/70 File	(4) 14] = province population in VC controlled hamber HMB1-1	(b) 142 = province population in VC defended hamler HMB1-2	(4) QHES/70 Index File	(4) (4) Average services (4.5) (7.5) average (4)	· ·	<u>.</u>	(d) renemy strength index (9-5)	3

Percent Loro Variable Use	M1-48 M49-70	10 60 CDI, W62463 20 65 CDI, W63 60 60 CDI, W63				35	70 60 CD1, V29; PC1, V4, 114:22	35	20	7.0	- -	20 40 CD1, V30; PC1, V4, 11&22		, "	50 50 PCI, V4, 114.22	9	£ ;	70 75 CD1, V32, FC1, V4, 116.24	8	ş	95 95 CD1, V43; PC1, V4, 114.22	52	ĸ	60 60 PCI, V4, 114.22	×	Se	10 10 CD1, V39; PC1. V4, 114:22
Minning Data	MI-48 M49-70	M28 M28 M28 M7-13			·	None M70	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None M70		None M66, 68, 70	None M66, 68, 70	M1-8	M1-8 M66, 68, 70	M1-8 M66, 68,70	941 -8	M1-8 M66, 68, 70	None M66, 68, 70
Versible, Lest by Concept and Date Source.	c. Indexed by Number of Returnees (1) NEAPRS File	(4) 99 = Military Bot Clianh (b) 100 : Paltical Poi Chamh (c) 101 : Other" Hoi Chamh	d. VC and NVA military Activities	a. Intreated by Number of Actions	(1) SEAPRS File	(a) 166 = Incidents of Anti-Aircraft Fire	191	(c) 172 = Andrewith Against LOC Intracts				: 981	(i) 181 - Heresement by Fire Against LCC Targets (i) 180 - Heresement by Fire Against Military Therese	169+171	(1) 174 = Harasentent Against LOC Targets	(m) 178 = thrasoment Against Civilian Iargets		(c) 174-175-174 = 10th/Number Of Marksamper (COLDER)	(g) 220 : Cercion Against Personnel Targets (TIRSA)			(t) 221 = Terrorism Against Civilian Intgets		(v) 170+218+240+221+223+225 = Total Coercion/Terrorism			(y) 170+177+179-182 . Total Incidents Against Military Targets

	>	Variable List by Concept and Data Source	Missing Data		Perce	Percent Zero	Variable Use
(7)		CHES/70 index File	M1-46	M49-70	MI: +8	M49-70	
	3∄	3 F	MI-30;M32-36, P31, 36, 37, 39 & 40 MI-30;M32-36, P31, 36, 37, 39 & 40	None	• •	00	
	Ÿ	Activities made. 5 for enemy action against local 5 a average score (9-5) for enemy action against local	M1-30;M32-36, P31, 36, 37, 39 & 40		>	0	
	Ę	security forces HMB2 5 a average score (9-5) for level of enemy activity HMB3	M1-30;M32-36, P31, 36, 37, 39 & 40		0	0	
	:	- 1	M1-30;M32-36, P31, 36, 37, 39 & 40		0	0	
	9	-	M1-30;M32-36, P31, 36, 37, 39 L 40		0	٥,	
	3	:- **	M1-30;M32-36, P31, 36, 37, 39 & 40		φ.	φ.	
	Ξ	: 6·	MI-30;M32-36, P31, 36, 37, 39 4, 40		0 1	0 (
	Ξ		M1-30;M32-36, P31, 36, 37, 39 & 40		0 (o (
	5	 45	MI-30;M32-36, P31, 36, 37, 39 & 40		۰,	9 (
	3	 2	M1-30;M32-36, P31, 36, 37, 39 & 40		9	0	
	Ē	2	MI-30;M32-36, P31, 36, 37, 39 & 40		0 6	0 0	
	ξ	- 17	M1-30;M32-36, P31, 36, 37, 39 4-40			•	
	Ξ	22 = average score (8-5) for incidents against non-military activities HMB?	MII-30;M32-36, P31, 36, 34, 39 & 40		>	>	
	3	2	MI-30;M32-36, P31, 36, 37, 39 & 40		0		
Ĉ		QHES/70 Fise					
	3	461 =	M1-30;M32-36, P31, 36, 37, 39 & 40		٥	۰	
	;		07 100 20 70 70 Day 30 Colymon 130		c	c	
	Ē	46 / province population with a platoon or company of enemy nearby VMB1-2+VMB1-3	M. 1 - 30; M. 20; M. 31; 34; 40		•	,	
	9	465 - province population with a battalion of enemy nearby VMBI-4	MI-30;M32-36, P31, 36, 37, 35 & 40		0	•	
£		SEER Fite (Merged 1948 and 1969-1970 Files)					
	2 > 0 0	(No VC incident data was included in merged files because VCIIA and TRISA data is reported to be more reliable and incident and under a day-night distinction which could be of interest.)					
Ĕ	licated	Indicated by Casualties Received					
Ξ		SEAPRS File					
	3		None	None	9		PC1, V2, 10421
	€.		None	None	06	8	PC1, V2, 104.21
	¥ :		None	None	9		CDI, V67
	9 3	187 : Enemy K.A. in Enemy Assault Incidents 180 : Enemy K.A. in Enemy Marasament Incidents	None	None	9		CDI, V69; PC1, V2, 10421 PC1, V2, 10421
	į				ç		

Energet and Data Source File (Merged 1968 and 1969-1970 Files) comment as for numbers of incidents above) [70 Index File HES/70 Data related to entemy canualties received) Casuatties Enflicted RS File [80 = RVMAF Kid in Harasaments by Fire 161 = RF Kid in Harasaments by Fire 162 = PF Kid in Harasaments by Fire 163 = RF Kid in Harasaments by Fire 164 = R WAF File in Attacks by Fire 165 = RF Kid in Attacks by Fire 169 = US Kid in Attacks by Fire 169 = RF Kid in Attacks by Harasament 160 = RF Kid by Harasament 160 = RF Kid by Harasament 160 - RF Kid by Harasament 161 - RF Kid by Harasament 162 = RF Kid by Harasament 163 = RF Kid by Harasament 164 + 167 + 164 + 197 + 204
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le List by Courage and Data Source	pur Id.	Data Sauree	Missing Data	Perce	Percent Zero	Variable Une
ō E	OHES/70 Index File	odex File	M1-48 M49-70	M1-48	M49-70	1
3	2	average privince scure (9-5) for energy caused civilian	M1-30,M32-36, P31, 36, 37, 39 440 none	0	3	
•	:	castral HMD)		,	,	
Ξ.		TOTAL DECOMMENT WOULD (7-2) for contrast casued canada model	M1-30;M32-36, P31, 36, 37, 39 & 40	0	0	
3		begaration profession under (4-2)	M1-30;M32-36, P31, 36, 37, 39 L40	ō	0	
			-			
IVN Economic	and Pol	VN Economic and Political Activity				
CVN Ecc	GVN Economic Activity	ctivity				
3	3 02/531	OHES (70 File (William Laure))				
3	404	. Province population in village with no public works projects	M1-10 none	٥	۰	
		underway VON4-0				
<u>a</u>	404	· Province population living in village with public works	MI-30	0	•	
•		project underway VON4-1				
ં	986	a Province population with no new self-development projects	M1-30	•	•	
		0-1NO				
g	189	 Prevince population with new self-development projects VON1.1+VON1.2+VON1.1 	M1-30	•	0	
3	194	* Province population where no self-development projects	Mi-30	0	۰	
		exist VON2-0				
Ξ	396	Province population where self-development project was	M1-30	•	•	
•	Š	1-20174+7-20174 educate assistant of the control of		•	•	
8	967	* Province population where self-development project was abandoned due to lack of technical aid VON2.4	M. 1 - 50	>	•	
ŧ	395	r Province population where lack of techleal aid did not	M1-30	۰	0	
		retard self-development VON2-1				
3	103	Province population where lack of resource, caused delay	M1-30	٥		
		in self-development projects VQN 3-2+VQN 3-3				
(f)	405	* Province population where lack of resources caused	M1-30	۰	٥	
		abandonment of project VON 3-4				
¥	213	2 Province population where no GVN technicians visited	M1-30	0	0	
		local program VON5-0				-
3	‡	- Province population where GVN technicians visited local	M1-30	•	•	
•		program occasionally VONS-I+VONS-2				
Ē	= 5	Province population where GVN technicians visited local	M1-30	0	•	
		program regularly or reside in village VQN5-3+VQN5-4				

Variable List by Concept and Data Source	Conce	pur 1d.	Data Source	Missi	Missing Data	Percer	Percent Zero	Variable Use
(5)	OHE	S/ 70 F	(2) QHES/70 File (Hamlet Level)	M1-48	M1-48 M49-70	M1.48	M49.70	
	7	66	99 . Privatice population where there are no GVN economic	M1-30	None	0	0	
	Ē	100	programs right-of perfections than 10%) in programs (less than 10%) in constants.	M1-30	None	c	0	
	3	101	101 Province population with some (10-40%) in GVN economic	M1-30	None	e	0	
	9	107 :		M1-30	None	0	o	
	Ξ	: 508	Program Parally Program Programmer (Pan 90%) participates	M1-30	None	0	0	
	3	901	Province population with no self-development projects. HQN2-0	M.1-10	None	Ó	0	
	3	101		M1-30	None	0	0	
	3	20	HUN : Perince population with some (10-40%) participation in self-	M1-30	None	c	0	
	Ξ	501	activitymics parameters in the second section of the second section of the second second section of the second sec	M1-30	None	6	c	
	3	10	110 Privince population with all participating in self-	M1-30	Nene	٥	0	

Section Sectio

Ewy V

List by C	oncept	4	. List by Concept and Data Source	Missi	Missing Data	Perce	Percent Zero	Variable Use
GVN Political Activity	Heical	¥	tivity	M1-48	M1-48 M49.70	M1-48	M49-70	
ē	HES/7	J.	QHES/70 File (Village Level)					
3		513	= Province population with no active GVN administrative	M1-30	None	0	0	
(Q)		200	= Province population with villag chief only VOE1-1	M1-30	None	٥	o	
3	187		Province population with vacancies on administrative	M1-30	None	٥	0	
(\$		583	province population with administrative committee	M1-30	None	c	0	
3	1 298		completely staffed VQEI-4 Province population with village chief present only	M1-30	None	c	c	
			irregularly VQE4-0.VQE4-1			,	•	
9		900	 Province population with village chief present regularly daytime only VQE4-2 	M1-30	None	c	0	
(8)		101	 Province population with village chief present regularly day and night VOE4.3 	M1-30	None	o	٥	
(H)		\$0.0	Province population with no GVN village office VQE4-0	M1.30	None	6	o	
Ξ		305	* Province population with GVN village office VQE5-1	M1-30	auc.X	ت ا	. 0	
3		9.56	- Province population where there are no RD cadre or no	M1-30	None	0	٥	
			cooperation of RD cadre with village officials VQF5-0+VQF5-1	M.1-30	None	0	0	
3	38.		Province population where cooperation between RD cadre and	M1-30	None	•	0	
			village officials is occasional or regular VQF5-2+VQF5-1					
Ξ		2	 Province population with no RC cadre or no control of cadre by village chief VQF6-0+VQF6-1 	M1-30	None	0	0	
Œ)	± 7		Province population with partial or complete control of RD cadre by village chief VOF6-2-VOF6-3	MI-30	None	0	0	
٤		40	Province population with no RD cadee VQF7-0	MI-30	None	0	0	
<u>•</u>	\$ *		· Province population where RDC does not sleep in village VOF7.	M1-30	None	0	0	
(d)	150		Province population when RDC occasionally or regularly	M1-30	None	0	•	
9	354		* Province copulation with no trained info/Chieu Hei cadro	M1-30	None	c	o	
			assigned to village VQG1-0.VQG1-1			,)	
Ē	356		 Province population with info/Chieu Hoi cadre assigned, not full time resident VQGI-2 	M1-30	None	o	0	
•	357		 Province population with trained info/Chicu Hoi cadre full time resident in village VOGI-3 	M1-30	None	0	0	
Ξ	360		 Province population infrequently or never exposed to GVN movies VOG2-0+VOG2-1 	M1-30	None	c	c	
(a)	291 (Province population periodically or regularly exposed to	M1-30	None	0	0	

				Museing Data	Percent Zero	Zero	Variable Use
Veriable last by Con opt and Data Source	- C	pur iI.	Pata Source	M1-48 M49-70	MI-48	M49.70	
	3	ž	Province population visited by GVN inforcador less than	M1-30	0	0	
	3,	x	Province population visited by GVN info cadre into to seven	M1-30	0	0	
	ž	27.5	times a month of Control of GVN info coder three or more times a week VQC5-4	M1-30	c	0	
(7)		ES, 70 F	QHES/20 File (Blandet Level)				
	÷	4	Province papellation where there are maintained control of	2	c	c	
	Ē		Province population where the hambet chief is appeared IQE1-1	× 1.30	· c	e c	
	3	7	Province population where the hamlet chief is elected HQE1-2	M1-30	c	. 0	
	Ê		Province population where barriet chief is not present to hander HOEDs.	M1-30	0	. 0	
	3	1,	Province population where hander chief is pregularly present	M1-30	o	0	
	3	;	or personal in daytime only HCE2-1: HOE2-2				
	Ē	ć	Province population where barnies theof in present day and and eight HQEL2-1	M1-30	c	Þ	
	(E	2	Province population whose families is not represented on village county 10g55-p	M1-30	c	۵	
	Ξ	ţ	Province papalation whose hambet is represented on village council, OHES-1.	M1-30	0	0	
	Ξ	ī	Province population where RD exider had negative effect on named HQF5-0	0r - 1M	٥	0	
	3	ž	Province population where RD codes indino other on hamber Office.	M1-30	0	0	
	3	ž	Provider population where RD cadre had positive effect or hanner 11QF5-2	M1-30	0	٥	
	Ξ	2	Previous population whose bander was visited only detectly	M1-30	0	0	
	(m)	2	Province population where hamber was visited for one extended	M1-30	¢	c	
	3	<u>\$</u>	or Inequest brist west by the district third IMMA2-2-IIMA2-1 the received properties in whose barnlet the district state these or where to has proposed extracted visits IMMA2-4-HMA2-5	M1-30	0	0	
÷		S/70 In	QHES/70 Lidex File				
	3	Ť	Average Bear (5-2) for hamber chart electron 1905)	M1-30	c	c	
	3	7	Average a cer (5-1) for bander chief presence HOE2	M1-30) G	0	
	35	 	Average word (8-2) for dispute settlement QHE3	M1-30, 49-52	0	c	
	Ē	į	Average weers (5-2) for lamber representation on village content HQE's	MI-10,49-52	c	c	

				Missing Data		Percent Zero	Zera	Variable Use
					M49-70	M1-48	M49-70	
Variable List by Concept and Dec. Source	Conces	it and D	oc., Sharee					
		:	COOK as been the mail of refer to the section of th	2	None	0	0	
	Ξ.		Account where (5-2) for Proposition of GVN Blocks		None	0	0	
	Ξ.		Agrangia secure (5-1) for GVN law enforcement HODS		None	0	0	
	× :	ĵ	the title sour (5-1) for GVN without administrative		None	0	0	
			Committee VOE1					
	3	<u>.</u>	Average veer (544) for othigh chief presence VOE4		None	0	3	
	Ξ	-2	Accreage source (5-2) for GVN village office. VQE5	M1-30	None	0	0	
	. 3	٤,	A CONTRACT OF CORE (5-2) for RDC comportation VQF5	M1-30	None	0	0	
	3	7	Correspondence (5-2) for RDC control VQF6	M1.30	None	c	Đ	
			Assessing severy (5-2) for RDC alvepting location, VGF7	M. 30	None	c	0	
		2	Approve and to (5-1) for GVN ado cadre visits VGG1	M1.30	None	c	c	
	-	17	Sycholic score (5-1) for hombet accomminging HGC5	M1-30	None	¢	0	
	<u> </u>	î.	GVN adm. ustrative index (5.4)		None	c	٥	
AN BOA DA TO	4. Hole	mort m	Vr. see AVA Polymort and Viscourse Activity					
	Polytocal Activity	here						
ε	5 3 3	QHSS770 Ful-	_					
	3	<u> </u>	Population of hambers where selective tegratam was not	MI-30;M32-46, P31, 36, 17, 19440	None	c	c	
	-		off implied HMB5-D			,	,	
	3	<u> </u>	Population of beindon where welst tive to receive was	M1-30,M32-36, P31, 36, 47, 398-40	None	c	0	
	3	 <u>£</u>	thempton one enditing modes have been made as the properties was executed and the weeks with the forecast was executed. (MMBS-2)	M1-10,M32-36, P31, 36, 37, 19&40	None	c	ç	
3	<u>:</u>	CHES, TO FIND	to Pith					
	3	4	received where the State and a control of bomber 1968.	M1. 30:M32. 36, P31, 36, 37, 39840	None	c	Û	
	3		Entropy of the section of the section (9-5)	M1-10,M32-36, P11, 36, 17, 19840	None	ے	•	
	3 3	3	the rate of the St for VCI handel extinity, HOBI	01 - IM	None	0	0	
	<u> </u>	1 2	Av Fage 100 (0-5) her VCI sallage convint. VQB1	MI- 30	None	c	¢	
	3	7	Norrage acord (9-5) for enemy propagands meetings, HMB8	M1.10	None	c	Q	
	Ξ	7	Average score (k-2) for dispute vetilement HQE i	M1-30	None	0	0	
	Ē	î	VC administrative rades (4-2)	M1-30	None	٥	0	

V. L. C.	1,11	أُنْ	VIEWS LIST S Courty and Rea Suster	Missing Data	M49-70	M1-48 M9-70	Variable Che
	1.748.	nd Ec	Contact and Ethinson Pariots				
1.		QHES 176 C14	÷.				
	î£		s. Lead a cultivated due to poor accurity. VQT6-1. Faid out cultivated due for so son other than accurit. VQT6-1.	Nut Received	Not Rec'd		
7		QH25/70 Edv	ndex Ethe				
	3	7,	Average of the (5-1) are health station accompisiting VQP1	34 - 16	None	0	
	3	χ,	Average acord (5-1) for materials client accessibility VQP2	MI-30		9	
	3	4	Socrage score (5-1) for accessibility of hospital or western medicine $V\Omega P_3$	M1-50		a	
	ĩ	.7	Accorage words (5-1) for western medicine accessibility VQP4	M1-30		0	
	2	A	Average score (5-) no sebbility of secondary school VQP 1	MI-36		0	
	Ē	2,	Average state (5-11 to a Attendance of Secundary school VOR2	MI-10		0	
	3	ž	Average acore (5-1, not primary aducation completion (CAR)	MI- 50		0	
	<u> </u>	7	Asserter score (5-1) for medical service acrossibility HQP1	M i - 10		0	
	<u>.</u>	2	Average sours (5-1) for after derive of primary school HOR1	M1-30		9	
	-	-	and all boundits index (6-1)	M:- 50		Û	
	Ė	I	An ingression (5-1) for variety of food an market. VOLE	M1 - 50		e	
	đ	ŗ.	Av. rage score (5-1) : " are in the of transfactured goods VQL2	M!- 30		0	
	Ē	ź	Average in the (5-1) for autilability of surplus food and goods. VQL !	MI-50		0	
	î	Ų	Average source (5-1) for self-development retardation (weh) WONE	241-10		5	
	3	5	Average more (5-1) for sulf-development attachation (res) VON3	MI-30		0	
	3	₹.	Assertage second (5-2) for public morks VON4	MI-10		٥	
	0	Ť	Assertant stone (S-1) for trequency of GVN tech visits AQNS	MI-10		0	
	1	÷	Accepted some (5-1) for area served by Local market HQLI	MI-30		0	
	<u>*</u>	7	Equatorial permits andex (5-1)	M1-30		0	
	ت	7	At rage strate (5-1) for GVN tax collection VQE7	M1 - 10		ţ	
	Ξ		Average acres (5-1) for visit he beauth another HOP?	M1-50	None	0	

구	ة ت	Chaire	ale Line by Comprepa and Data Source	Missing Data Mi-48 M49-70	M-48 M49-70	Variable Us
Envir	Officer	Environmental Fact				
Ξ	CHES	5/70 F1	CHES/70 File (Village Level)			
	3	. 823	473 : Privatece population with firsted or no quantities of pork and weepstables, VOLL-0.VOLL-1.	MI-50 None	0	
	ē	575	. Provence population with an ple pork and vegetables VOLI-2	M1-30	01	
	2	575	Province parallation with limited or no manufactured goods in	MI-30	0	
	(p)	. 986	market volumer volumer. Province population with ample manufactured goods in market	M1-30	0	
	Ξ	. 63	VQL2-2 Province population with little or no local surplus goods for sale	M 1-50	0	
	3	1	VQL 3-0-VQL 3-1	M1- 30	Э	
	<u>.</u>		stable VOL3-2		ı	
	<u>3</u>	: -	Province population with GVN dispensary distant or inaccessible VOP1-0-VQF1-1	M1-30	o	
	Ē	7	· Province population with GVN dispensary in village or nearby VOP1_2-VOP1_3	M1-30	O	
	7	4.25	Province population with GWN maternity clinic distant or	M i - 50	9	
	. . .		macroscopic and the CVN maternity clinic in village of nearby VQP2-2-VQP2-4-	M1-30	O	
	î	:: +	Personal population with mispital distant or inaccessible. VQP 3-0-VQP 3-1	M1-3e	5	
	Ξ	· • • • •	r Province papalation with hospital in village of nearby VQP 3-2+ VQP 3-3	08 - 1 M	J	
	9		Provides population with western medicines limited or not available. VOP4-0-VOP4-1	01 - 1M	0	
	-	g #	Province population with adequate supply of western medicines VOP4-2	M I - 30	0	
	<u>:</u> .	77	 Province population with distant or no GVN according school account. VORL-0-VOR.1-1. 	Mt-36	Û	
	<u>7</u> .	· +	Province population with GVN , correlated school in village or nearby VOR 1-2- VOR 1-3	M 1 - 30	0	
	Ē	 * *	Province papalation with children of village in secondary school VOR 2-6	M1-30	O	
	î.	; ;	Provided population with sormy, but less than 20%, attending secondary school VOR.2-1-VOR.2-2	MI-30	ý	
	3	1 1	Province population with more than 20% of willage children attending	M1-30 None	0 0	
			יבר המקדור בר מוועז ב לפר ייבר בר המוועז בר לפר ייבר המוועז בר לפר ייבר המוועז בר לפר ייבר המוועז בר לפר ייבר ה			

Variable	غ ټ ان.	5	Verrible Lest by Con opt and Data Source	Missing Data Mi-48 M49-70	Missing Data	Percent Zero MI-46 M49-70	Variable Use
3	SHO	S:30 F	(2) OHESSIVE File [Hambet Level)				
	23		94 : Prevence population with no market in hamlet HOLI-0	04 - 34	None	0	
	<u> 2</u> 2		14. Province population with market MGLI+19MGL1-2 114 Province population with GVN involved services distant or not market above annotes.	7 - 1 M		3 5	
	Ē	111	Mission population with GVN medical services in hamlet or marky MOPS, MOPPLA	M1-30		0	
	Ĵ	119	119 - Province population with no hamlet children in primary school HORL-0	M1-30		э	
	9	1.20	120 : Province population with distant premary school MORI-1	M1-30		0	
	3	121	121 : Privates population with primary school in or nearby hambet HQR1-2-HQR1-3	M1-40		0	
	Ξ	57.1	125 : Province population living in long established hamlet HQZ2-0	MI-30		0	
	3	126	126 : Province population living in hamlet which is less than five years old HQZ2-1	MI-30		0	
	3	: 121	127 : Province population living in hamlet which is less than one year old MQ22-2	M1-30		D	
	33	: 671 : 871	128 : Privates population living in lambet which is refuger comp HO22-1	M1-30 M1-30	None	00	

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			Missing Data	Percent Zero	t Zero	Veriable Us.
Variation List & Gincept and Data Source	ncept en	Data Sugrey	- Chw	ì	1000	
9, Folimal Benarion	TOTAL					
a, Organiz	Organizational Autivities	diviles				
Ξ	QHES/30 Fil-	-11.				
(r)	20	 Propulation of province where no households have members in nearly seconds #OF6-0 	M1-30 None	Đ	0	
(9)	*	Population of province where a few (less than 10%) households have members in people's groups HOF6-1	M 1- 30	٥		
(2)	ę	Population of movince where some [10-40%] households have members in neonless eroins HOF6-2	M 1- 30	0		
(P)	9	Paper and province where many (41-90%) households have members in proposers a cusos HOF6-3	M1-30	O		
9	326	Flooring of province where no non-Communist parties are active VOF 10.	M i - 30	o		
9)	327	Population of province where one non-Communist party is active VQF 3-1.	M1-30	0		
9	878 6	Population of province where two non-Communist parties are active VOE 3-2	M1-30	Û		
{4	129	 Population of province where two or more non-Communist parties are active VOE1-3 	M1-30	Ф		
(1)	3.2	Population of province where there are no organized youth activities VOE4-6	M1-30	0		
5	\$88	. Population of province where there is some organized youth activity VQF4-1	M1-30	c		
b. Compus	osition and Use QHES/70 File	Composition and Use of the Village Council (1) QHES/70 File				
(v)	286	- Population of province where no active village council exists	MI-30	Q.		
(4)	287	VQE-2-0 YQE-2-0 YQE-2-1 YOR-2-1 YOR-2-1	MI-30	0		
(2)	867	. Population of prevance where few (10%) of councilmen are elected VGE2-2	M1-30	0		
(p)	583	- Population of province where some (30-70%) of councilmen are elected VOE2-3	M1 - 30	G.		
€.	062	 Population of province where many (more than 70%) of council- men are elected VOE2-4 	M1-50	0		
G)	162	- Population of province where all councilmen are elected VQE2-5	M1-10	0		
(3)	ž	 Population of province where village chief is not elected VQE 3-1 	MI-30 Non+	0	•	

Variable I	Variable List by Concept and Data Sc	Cept and	Paia Source	Missing Data M1-48 M49	ng Data M4970	Percent Zero Mi-46 M49-10	Variable Use	*
	3	567	Population of province where village chief is elected 4QE3-1 Deadlesson of province where village content investments	M1-30	None	0		
	Ξ			: :				
	3	315	 Population of province where village council meets less than once a month openly VOF1. 	R - 17		5		
	Ē	316	Population of province where village council meets only once a month VPE1-2	M1-30		o		
	ε	317	* Population of province where village council meets twice	M.1 - 30		0		
	(H)	120	Population of province where there are no grievance	M 2 - 30		0		
	Ē	321	meetings and no action by village chief war 2-v	Jk.1 - 30		•		
	9	375	meetings but no action taken VQF 2-1. Population of province where there are meetings with	MI-30		0		
	3	. 525	occasional action taken vilk 6-2. Population of province where meetings are held and action is taken regularly VQF2-3.	MI-30		0		
ن	Behavior	al Comp	Behavioral Compliance with VC					
	E)	OHES/70 Index File	dex File					
	3	3	Avera	M1-30		0 4		
	3 3	\$ 4	 Average acore (9-5) for caerry service membership MQF! Average acore (9-5) for enemy group activity participation 	2 - 1 × 1				
	į	}	Ç			,		
	₹	. 19	= VC compliance index (9-5)	M1-30		•		
Ą	Behavioral Compliance	al Comp	liance with GVN					
	3	OHES/70 Index File	odex File					
	3	3	= Average acore (5-1) on PSDF membership HQC6	M1-30		۰		
	2	69	Aver	M :- 30		٥		
	Ξ	2	 Average score (5-1) for participation in GVN economic activities 1908. 	M1630		o		
	3	7	i-1) for hamlet chief presence VOE2	M1-30		O :		
	<u>e</u> :	2:		2 : 2 :		6 6		
	Ξ3	2 %	* Average acore (5-4) for election of village offer villa-	2 2				
	æ	7.		NI-30		•		
			meetings VQF1	;		•		
	2:	2 ;		2 :		ə c		
	3 &	2 82	 Average score (5-1) for non-Commun % pointer perfer vis 3 Average score (5-2) for each activities VOP4 	K 2		. 6		
	:≘	5 5	Aver	M1-30		0		
	Ē	80	. Average score (5-1) for GVN service HQF2	K1-33		•		
	3	# #	* Average score (5-1) for GVN service HQFo	M1-30	None			
	3	70			1	,		

APPENDIX B

1969-1970 SEER VARIABLE LIST

Fixed Set	Variable 1 2 3 4 5 6	Code PERSASN HOSP DESERT AWOLS RFPFA CIDGA	Name Personnel Assigned Hospital Population Desertions Absent Without Leave Days RF/PF Units Attached Days CIDG Units Attached
Periodic Set 1	Variable	Code	Name
Subset 1	7	FKEMI	ARVN/VNMC KIA by Enemy Mines
	8	FKEFIRE	ARVN/VNMC KIA by Enemy Arty/Mortar
	9	FKEAMB	ARVN/VNMC KIA by Enemy Ambush
	10	FKESNIP	ARVN/VNMC KIA by Enemy Sniper
	11	FKFRFT	ARVN/VNMC KIA in Fire- fights
	12	FKUNK	ARVN/VNMC KIA by Unknown Cause
	13	FKFRACC	ARVN/VNMC KIA by Friendly Misdirected Fire
Subset 2	14	EKFMI	VC/NVA KIA by Friendly Mines
	15	EKFFIRE	VA/NVA KIA by Friendly Arty/Mortar
	16	EKFAIR	VC/NVA KIA by Friendly Air Strikes
	17	EKFAMB	VC/NVA KlA by Friendly Ambush
	18	EKFSNIP	VC/NVA KIA by Friendly Sniper
	19	EKFRFT	VC/NVA KIA in Firefights
	20	EKUNK	VC/NVA KIA by Unknown Cause
	21	EKENACC	VC/NVA KIA by Enemy Mis- directed Fire

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Periodic Set 2	Variable	Code	Name
Subsets A-G	22-28	MDCBT	Days on Combat, Non- Pacification
Subsets H-N	29-35	MDSEC	Days on Security, Non- Pacification
Subsets P-V	36-42	MDACPAC	Days on Active Pacification
Subsets W-0	43-47	MDSTPAC	Days on Static Pacification
Subsets 4-6	48-50	MDTNG	Days on Training
Periodic Set 3	Variable	Code	Name
Subset A	51	EIDASLT	Enemy Day Assaults
	52	EINASLT	Enemy Night Assaults
	53	FWEIASLT	ARVN/VNMC Wounded in Enemy Assaults
	54	WLEIASLT	ARVN/VNMC Weapons Lost in Enemy Assaults
	55	WCEIASLT	VC/NVA Weapons Captured in Enemy Assaults
	56	EEEIASLT	VC/NVA KIA/Captured in Enemy Assaults
	57	FKEIASLT	ARVN/VNMC KIA in Enemy Assaults
Subset B	58	EIDAMB	Enemy Day Ambushes
	59	EINAMB	Enemy Night Ambushes
	60	FWEIAMB	ARVN/VNMC Wounded in Enemy Ambushes
	61	WLEIAMB	ARVN/VNMC Weapons Lost in Enemy Ambushes
	62	WCEIAMB	VC/NVA Weapons Captured in Enemy Ambushes
	63	EEEIAMB	VC/NVA KIA Captured in Enemy Ambushes
	64	FKEIAMB	ARVN/VNMC KIA in Enemy Ambushes
Subset C+D+E (Standoff Attacks,	65	EIDLCA	Enemy Day "Low Cost Actions" (LCA)
Sabotage, Terror,	66	EINLCA	Enemy Night LCA
and Harassment)	67	FWEILCA	ARVN/VNMC Wounded in Enemy LCA

	68	WLEILCA	ARVN/VNMC Weapons Lost in Enemy LCA
	69	WCEILCA	VC/NVA Weapons Captured in Enemy LCA
	70	EEEILCA	VC/NVA KIA/Captured in
	. •		Enemy LCA
	71	FKEILCA	ARVN/VNMC KIA in Enemy LCA
Periodic Set 4	<u>Variable</u>	Code	Name
All subsets (A+B+C)	72	TARTQ	Total Arty/NGF Support Requests
	73	TARTC	Total Arty/NGF Support Requests Filled
	74	GSARTQ	Total TacAir/Gunship Support Request
	75	GSARTC	Total TacAir/Gunship Support Request Filled
	76	ARLMQ	Total Air Lift/Medevac Requests
	77	ARLMC	Total Air Lift/Medevac Requests Filled
	78	TARTS	Total Arty/NGF Rounds
	79	TTARS	Total TacAir/Gunship Sorties
	80	TARLMS	Total Air Lift/Medevac Sorties
Periodic Set 5	Variable	Code	Name
Subset A+C (SHLOD)	81	NSHLOD	Short Large Unit Day Offensive Operations
	82	BLANK	•
	83	EESHLOD	VC/NVA KIA/Captured on SHLOD
	84	WCSHLOD	VC/NVA Weapons Captured on SHLOD
	85	WFSHLOD	VC/NVA Cached Weapons Found on SHLOD
	86	FCSHLOD	ARVN/VNMC KIA+WIA+MIA on SHLOD
	87	VCISHLOD	VCI KIA/Captured on SHLOD
	88	CFSHLOD	Food and Ammo Caches Found on SHLOD

を含めて、これにもあって、2000年を含め、最高機能を発展するととは含むた100mのである。 1990年の1990年の1990年の1990年の1990年の1990年の1990年の1990年の1990年の1990年の1990年の1990年の1990年の1990年の1990年の1990年の1990年の1990年の19

Subset B+D (SHLON)	89	NSHLON	Short Large Unit Night Offensive Operations
	90	BLANK	
	91	EESHLON	VC/NVA KIA/Captured on SHLON
	92	WCSHLON	VC/NVA Weapons Captured on SHLON
	93	WFSHLON	VC/NVA Cached Weapons Found on SHLON
	94	FCSHLON	ARVN/VNMC KIA+WIA+MIA on SHLON
	95	VCISHLON	VCI KIA/Captured on SHLON
	96	CFSHLON	Food and Ammo Caches Found on SHLON
Subset E+1 (SHLDD)	97	SHLDD	Short Large Unit Day Defensive Operations
	98	BLANK	
	99	EESHLDD	VC/NVA KIA/Captured on SHLDD
	100	WCSHLDD	VC/NVA Weapons Captured on SHLDD
	101	WFSHLDD	VC/NVA Cached Weapons Found on SHLDD
	102	FCSHLDD	ARVN/VNMC KIA+WIA+MIA on SHLDD
	103	VCISHLDD	VCI KIA/Captured on SHLDD
	104	CFSHLDD	Food and Ammo Caches Found on SHLDD
Subset F+2 (SHLDN)	105	SHLDN	Short Large Unit Night Defensive Operations
	106	BLANK	
	107	EESHLDN	VC/NVA KIA/Captured on SHLDN
	108	WCSHLDN	VC/NVA Weapons Captured on SHLDN
	109	WFSHLDN	VC/NVA Cached Weapons Found on SHLDN
	110	FCSHLDN	ARVN/VNMC KIA+WIA+MIA on SHLDN
	111	VCISHLDN	VCI KIA/Captured on SHLDN
	112	CFSHLDN	Food and Ammo Caches Found on SHLDN

Subset G+I (SHSOD)	113	SHSOD	Short Small Unit Day Offensive Operations
	114	BLANK	•
	115	EESHSOD	VC/NVA KIA/Captured on SHSOD
	116	WCSHSOD	VC/NVA Weapons Captured on SHSOD
	117	WFSHSOD	VC/NVA Cached Weapons Found on SHSOD
	118	FCSHSOD	ARVN/VNMC KIA+WIA+MIA on SHSOD
	119	VCISHSOD	VCI KIA/Captured on SHSOD
	120	CFSHSOD	Food and Ammo Caches Found on SHSOD
Subset H+J (SHSON)	121	SHSCN	Short Small Unit Night Offensive Operations
	122	BLANK	•
	123	EESHSON	VC/NVA KIA/Captured on SHSON
	124	WCSHSON	VC/NVA Weapons Captured on SHSON
	125	WFSHSON	VC/NVA Cached Weapons Found on SHSON
	126	FCSHSON	ARVN/VNMC KIA+WIA+MIA on SHSON
	127	VCISHSON	VCI KIA/Captured on SHSON
	128	CFSHSON	Food and Ammo Caches Found on SHSON
Subset K+3 (SHSDD)	129	SHSDD	Short Small Unit Day Defensive Operations
	130	BLANK	
	131	EESHSDD	VC/NVA KIA/Captured on SHSDD
	132	WCSHSDD	VC/NVA Weapons Captured on SHSDD
	133	WFSHSDD	VC/NVA Cached Weapons Found on SHSDD
	134	FCSHSDD	ARVN/VNMC KIA+WIA+MIA on SHSDD
	135	VCISHSDD	VCI KIA/Captured on SHSDD
	136	CFSHSDD	Food and Ammo Caches Found on SHSDD

Subset M+P (SULO)	137	SULO	Sustained Large Unit Offensive Operation
	138	DASULO	Days on SULO
	139	EESULO	VC/NVA KIA/Captured on SULO
	140	WCSULO	VC/NVA Weapons Captured on SULO
	141	WFSULO	VC/NVA Cached Weapons Found on SULO
	142	FCSULO	ARVN/VNMC KIA+WIA+MIA on SULO
	143	VCISULO	VCI KIA/Captured on SULO
	144	CFSULO	Food and Ammo Caches Found
	144	Croche	on SULO
Subset N+Q (SUSO)	145	SUSO	Sustained Small Unit Offensive Operation
	146	DASUSO	Days on SUSO
	147	EESUSO	VC/NVA KIA/Captured on SUSO
	148	WCSUSO	VC/NVA Weapons Captured on SUSO
	149	WFSUSO	VC/NVA Cached Weapons Found on SUSO
	150	FCSUSO	ARVN/VNMC KIA+WIA+MIA on SUSO
	151	VCISUSO	VCI KIA/Captured on SUSO
	152	CFSUSO	Food and Ammo Caches Found on SUSO
Subset R+T (SULD)	153	SULD	Sustained Large Unit Defensive Operation
	154	DASULD	Days on SULD
	155	EESULD	VC/NVA KIA/Captured on SULD
	156	WCSULD	VC/NVA Weapons Captured on SULD
	157	WFSULD	VC/NVA Cached Weapons Found on SULD
	158	FCSULD	ARVN/VNMC KIA+WIA+MIA on SULD
	159	VCISULD	VCI KIA/Captured on SULD
	160	CFSULD	Food and Ammo Caches Found
			on SULD

Subset S+U (SUSDS)	161	SUSDS	Sustained Small Unit Defensive and Security Operations
	162	DASUSDS	Days on SUSDS
	163	EESUSDS	VC/NVA KIA/Captured on
			SUSDS
	164	WCSUSDS	VC/NVA Weapons Captured on SUSDS
	165	WFSUSDS	VC/NVA Cached Weapons Found on SUSDS
	166	,FCSUSDS	ARVN/VNMC KIA+WIA+MIA on SUSDS
	167	VCISUSDS	VCI KIA/Captured on SUSDS
	168	CFSUSDS	Food and Ammo Caches Found on SUSDS
Periodic Set 8	Variables	Code	Name
Subset A+E (OFFLUO)	169	DASHLO	Days on Short Large Unit Offensive Operations
	170	DASULO	Days on Sustained Large Unit Offensive Operations
	171	PLEHDLO	Day Platoon Equivalent Contact Hours on OFFLUO
	172	PLEHNLO	Night Platoon Equivalent Con- tact Hours on OFFLUO
	173	NPLTCLO	Platoon Contacts on OFFLUO
	174	NCOCLO	Company Contacts on OFFLUO
	175	NBNCLO	Battalion Contacts on OFFLUO
Subset B+F (OFFSUO)	176	DASHSO	Days on Short Small Unit Offensive Operations
	177	DASUSO	Days on Sustained Small Unit Offensive Operations
	178	PLEHDSO	Day Platoon Equivalent Contact Hours on OFFSUO
	179	PLEHNSO	Night Platoon Equivalent Con- tact Hours on OFFSUO
	180	NPLTCSO	Platoon Contacts on OFFSUO
	181	NCOCSO	Company Contacts on OFFSUO
	182	NBNCSO	Battalion Contacts on OFFSUO

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Subset C+G (DEFLUO)	183	DASHLD	Days on Short Large Unit Defensive Operations
	184	DASULD	Days on Sustained Large Unit Defensive Operations
	185	PLEHDLD	Day Platoon Equivalent Contact Hours on DEFLUO
	186	PLEHNLD	Night Platoon Equivalent Con- tact Hours on DEFLUO
	187	NPLTCLD	Platoon Contacts on DEFLUO
	188	NCOCLD	Company Contacts on DEFLUO
	189	NBNCLD	Battalien Contacts on DEFLUO
Subset D+H (DEFSUO)	190	DASHSD	Days on Short Small Unit Defensive Operations
	191	DASUSD	Days on Sustained Small Unit Defensive Operations
	192	PLEHDSD	Day Platoon Equivalent Contact Hours on DEFSUO
	193	PLEHNSD	Night Platoon Equivalent Contact Hours on DEFSUO
	194	NPLTCSD	Platoon Contacts on DEFSUO
	195	NCOCSD	Company Contacts on DEFSUO
	196	NBNCSD	Battalion Contacts on DEFSUC
Periodic Set 14	Variable	Code	Name
Subset A+B (OFFENSE)	197	JMDAUSO	Days US Forces Joint Offensive Operations
	198	JEKUSO	Enemy KIA on Joint Off Operations with US
	199	JFKUSO	Fr. KIA on Joint Off Operations with US
	200	JMDAFWO	Days FWMF Joint Off Opera-
	201	JEKF WO	Enemy KIA on Joint Off Operations with FWMF
	202	JFK FW O	Fr. KIA on Joint Off Operations with FWMF
	203	JMDARFO	Days RF Joint Offensive Operations
	204	JEKRFO	Enemy KIA on Joint Off Operations with RF
	205	JFKRFO	Fr. KIA on Joint Off Operations with RF

	206	JMDAMCO	Days VNMC Joint Offensive Operations
	207	JEKMCO	Enemy KIA on Joint Off Operations with VNMC
	208	JMDANVO	Days VNN Joint Offensive Operations
	209	JEKNVO	Enemy KIA on Joint Off Operations with VNN
	210	JFKNVO	Fr. KIA on Joint Off Operations with VNN
Subset C+D (DEFENSE)	211	JMDAUSD	Days US Forces Joint Defensive Operations
	212	JEKUSD	Enemy KIA on Joint Defensive Operations with US
	213	JFKUSD	Fr. KIA on Joint Defensive Operations with US
	214	JMDAFWD	Days FWMF Joint Defensive Operations
	215	JEKFWD	Enemy KIA on Joint Defensive Operations with FWMF
	216	JFKFWD	Fr. KIA on Joint Defensive Operations with FWMF
	217	JMDARFD	Days RF Joint Defensive Operations
	218	JEKRFD	Enemy KIA on Joint Defensive Operations with RF
	219	JFKRFD	Fr. KIA on Joint Defensive Operations with RF
	220	JMDAMCD	Days VNMC Joint Defensive Operations
	221	JEKMCD	Enemy KIA on Joint Defensive Operations with VNMC
	222	JMDANVD	Days VNN Joint Defensive Operations
	223	JEKNVD	Enemy KIA on Joint Defensive Operations with VNN
	224	JFKNVD	Friendly KIA on Joint Defensive Operations with VNN

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APPENDIX C

1968 SEER VARIABLE LIST

- 1. Subset A = Days on Combat, Non-Pac.
- 2. Subset B = Days on Active Pac.
- 3. Subset C = Days on Security, Non-Pac.
- 4. Subset D = Days on Static Pac.
- 5. Subset F = Days on Training

Periodic Set 2 Field 2 = No. of Joint/Combined Operations

- 6. Subset A = PF/ARVN Operations
- 7. Subset B = RF/ARVN Operations
- 8. Subset C = ARVN/RF/PF Operations
- 9. Subset D = ARVN/US/FW Operations
- 10. Subset E = ARVN/FW Operations
- 11. Subset F = ARVN/US Operations
- 12. Subset G = ABN/ARVN Operations
- 13. Subset H = VNM/ARVN Operations
- 14. Subset I = ABN/US Operations
- 15. Subset J = VNM/US or FW Operations
- 16. Subset K = ABN/RF or PF Operations

Periodic Set 3 Field 2 = Enemy KIA

- 17. Subset A = Enemy KIA by Friendly Mines
- 18. Subset B = Enemy KIA by Friendly Artillery Mortar
- 19. Subset C = Enemy KIA by Air Strikes
- 20. Subset D = Enemy KIA in Firefights
- 21. Subset E = Enemy KIA by Sniper
- 22. Subset F = Enemy KIA by Ambush
- 23. Subset G = Enemy KIA by Unknown Cause

Periodic Set 4 Field 2 = Friendly KIA

- 24. Subset A = Friendly KIA by Enemy Mines
- 25. Subset B = Friendly KIA by Enemy Artillery/Mortar
- 26. Subset C = Friendly KIA by Friendly Misdirected Fire
- 27. Subset D = Friendly KIA in Firefights
- 28. Subset E = Friendly KIA by Sniper
- 29. Subset F = Friendly KIA by Ambush
- 30. Subset G = Friendly KIA by Unknown Cause

Periodic Set 5 Field 4 sorted by Fields 1, 2, & 3 provides:

1. 2 3 31. A 01 A = Number of Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations Controlled 32. A 01 B = Number of Large Security, Non-Pac Operations Controlled 33. A 01 C = Number of Large Security, Non-Pac Operations Controlled 34. A 01 D = Number of Large Security, Non-Pac Operations Controlled 35. A 01 F = Number of Large Security, Non-Pac Operations Participated in 36. A 02 A = Number of Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations Participated in 37. A 02 B = Number of Large Security, Non-Pac Operations Participated in 38. A 02 C = Number of Large Security, Non-Pac Operations Participated in 39. A 02 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Participated in 40. A 02 F = Number of Large Training Operations Participated in 41. A 03 A = Number of Large Training Operations Participated in 42. A 03 B = Number of Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations Day Contacts 43. A 03 C = Number of Large Security, Non-Pac Operations Day Contacts 44. A 03 D = Number of Large Security, Non-Pac Operations Day Contacts 45. A 03 F = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Day Contacts 46. A 04 A = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Day Contacts 47. A 04 B = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Night Contacts 48. A 04 C = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Night Contacts 49. A 04 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Night Contacts 49. A 04 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Night Contacts 49. A 04 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Night Contacts 49. A 04 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Night Contacts 49. A 04 D = Sutalion Days on Large Static Pac Operations 50. A 04 F = Number of Large Training Operations Night Contacts 50. A 04 F = Number of Large Static Pac Operations 51. A 05 A = Battalion Days on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations 52. A 05 B = Battalion Days on Large Security, Non-Pac Operations 53. A 05 C = Battalion Days on Large Security, Non-Pac Operations 54. A 05 D = Battalion Days on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations 55. A 06 B = EKLACPAC 58. A 06 C = EKLSEC 59. A 06 B = EKLACPAC 59. A 06 B = EKLSTPAC 60. A 06 F = EKLTNG	<u>Field</u>					
32. A 01 B = Number of Large Active Pac Operations Controlled 33. A 01 C = Number of Large Security, Non-Pac Operations Cortrolled 34. A 01 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Controlled 35. A 01 F = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Controlled 36. A 02 A = Number of Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations Participated in 37. A 02 B = Number of Large Active Pac Operations Participated in 38. A 02 C = Number of Large Security, Non-Pac Operations Participated in 39. A 02 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Participated in 40. A 02 F = Number of Large Training Operations Participated in 41. A 03 A = Number of Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations Day Contacts 42. A 03 B = Number of Large Active Pac Operations Day Contacts 43. A 03 C = Number of Large Active Pac Operations Day Contacts 44. A 03 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Day Contacts 45. A 03 F = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Day Contacts 46. A 04 A = Number of Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations Night Contacts 47. A 04 B = Number of Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations Night Contacts 48. A 04 C = Number of Large Active Pac Operations Night Contacts 49. A 04 D = Number of Large Security, Non-Pac Operations Night Contacts 49. A 04 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Night Contacts 49. A 04 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Night Contacts 49. A 04 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Night Contacts 49. A 04 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Night Contacts 49. A 04 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Night Contacts 49. A 05 D = Battalion Days on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations 50. A 04 F = Number of Large Training Operations Night Contacts 50. A 05 B = Battalion Days on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations 51. A 05 B = Battalion Days on Large Static Pac Operations 52. A 05 B = Battalion Days on Large Static Pac Operations 53. A 05 C = Battalion Days on Large Static Pac Operations 54. A 05 D = Battalion Days on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations 55. A 06 B = EKLACPAC 58. A 06 C = EKLSEC 59. A 06 D = EKLSTPAC 60. A 06 F =		1_	2	<u>3</u>		
32. A 01 B = Number of Large Active Pac Operations Controlled 33. A 01 C = Number of Large Security, Non-Pac Operations Cortrolled 34. A 01 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Controlled 35. A 01 F = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Controlled 36. A 02 A = Number of Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations Participated in 37. A 02 B = Number of Large Active Pac Operations Participated in 38. A 02 C = Number of Large Security, Non-Pac Operations Participated in 39. A 02 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Participated in 40. A 02 F = Number of Large Training Operations Participated in 41. A 03 A = Number of Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations Day Contacts 42. A 03 B = Number of Large Active Pac Operations Day Contacts 43. A 03 C = Number of Large Active Pac Operations Day Contacts 44. A 03 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Day Contacts 45. A 03 F = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Day Contacts 46. A 04 A = Number of Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations Night Contacts 47. A 04 B = Number of Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations Night Contacts 48. A 04 C = Number of Large Active Pac Operations Night Contacts 49. A 04 D = Number of Large Security, Non-Pac Operations Night Contacts 49. A 04 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Night Contacts 49. A 04 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Night Contacts 49. A 04 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Night Contacts 49. A 04 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Night Contacts 49. A 04 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Night Contacts 49. A 05 D = Battalion Days on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations 50. A 04 F = Number of Large Training Operations Night Contacts 50. A 05 B = Battalion Days on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations 51. A 05 B = Battalion Days on Large Static Pac Operations 52. A 05 B = Battalion Days on Large Static Pac Operations 53. A 05 C = Battalion Days on Large Static Pac Operations 54. A 05 D = Battalion Days on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations 55. A 06 B = EKLACPAC 58. A 06 C = EKLSEC 59. A 06 D = EKLSTPAC 60. A 06 F =	31.	A	01	Α	=	Number of Large Combat. Non-Pac Operations Controlled
33. A 01 C = Number of Large Security, Non-Pac Operations Controlled 34. A 01 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Controlled 35. A 01 F = Number of Large Training Operations Controlled 36. A 02 A = Number of Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations Participated in 37. A 02 B = Number of Large Active Pac Operations Participated in 38. A 02 C = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Participated in 39. A 02 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Participated in 40. A 02 F = Number of Large Training Operations Participated in 41. A 03 A = Number of Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations Day Contacts 42. A 03 B = Number of Large Active Pac Operations Day Contacts 43. A 03 C = Number of Large Security, Non-Pac Operations Day Contacts 44. A 03 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Day Contacts 45. A 03 F = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Day Contacts 46. A 04 A = Number of Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations Night Contacts 47. A 04 B = Number of Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations Night Contacts 48. A 04 C = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Night Contacts 49. A 04 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Night Contacts 50. A 04 F = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Night Contacts 51. A 05 A = Battalion Days on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations 52. A 05 B = Battalion Days on Large Security, Non-Pac Operations 53. A 05 C = Battalion Days on Large Security, Non-Pac Operations 54. A 05 D = Battalion Days on Large Security, Non-Pac Operations 55. A 05 F = Battalion Days on Large Static Pac Operations 56. A 06 A = EKLCBT 57. A 06 B = EKLACPAC 58. A 06 C = EKLSEC 59. A 06 D = EKLSTPAC 60. A 06 F = EKLATNG 61. A 07 A = Enemy Captured on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations =		A		В	=	•
34. A 01 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Controlled 35. A 01 F = Number of Large Training Operations Controlled 36. A 02 A = Number of Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations Participated in 37. A 02 B = Number of Large Active Pac Operations Participated in 38. A 02 C = Number of Large Security, Non-Pac Operations Participated in 39. A 02 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Participated in 40. A 02 F = Number of Large Training Operations Participated in 41. A 03 A = Number of Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations Day Contacts 42. A 03 B = Number of Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations Day Contacts 43. A 03 C = Number of Large Security, Non-Pac Operations Day Contacts 44. A 03 D = Number of Large Security, Non-Pac Operations Day Contacts 45. A 03 F = Number of Large Security, Non-Pac Operations Night Contacts 46. A 04 A = Number of Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations Night Contacts 47. A 04 B = Number of Large Active Pac Operations Night Contacts 48. A 04 C = Number of Large Security, Non-Pac Operations Night Contacts 49. A 04 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Night Contacts 50. A 04 F = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Night Contacts 51. A 05 A = Battalion Days on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations 52. A 05 B = Battalion Days on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations 53. A 05 C = Battalion Days on Large Static Pac Operations 54. A 05 D = Battalion Days on Large Static Pac Operations 55. A 05 F = Battalion Days on Large Static Pac Operations 56. A 06 A = EKLGBT 57. A 06 B = EKLACPAC 58. A 06 C = EKLSEC 59. A 06 D = EKLSTPAC 60. A 06 F = EKLTNG 61. A 07 A = Enemy Captured on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations = EKLCTNG 61. A 07 A = Enemy Captured on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations = Excurred to the page of	33.	Α	01	С	=	
35. A 01 F = Number of Large Training Operations Controlled 36. A 02 A = Number of Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations Participated in 37. A 02 B = Number of Large Active Pac Operations Participated in 38. A 02 C = Number of Large Security, Non-Pac Operations Participated in 39. A 02 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Participated in 40. A 02 F = Number of Large Training Operations Participated in 41. A 03 A = Number of Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations Day Contacts 42. A 03 B = Number of Large Active Pac Operations Day Contacts 43. A 03 C = Number of Large Security, Non-Pac Operations Day Contacts 44. A 03 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Day Contacts 45. A 03 F = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Day Contacts 46. A 04 A = Number of Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations Night Contacts 47. A 04 B = Number of Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations Night Contacts 48. A 04 C = Number of Large Security, Non-Pac Operations Night Contacts 49. A 04 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Night Contacts 50. A 04 F = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Night Contacts 51. A 05 A = Battalion Days on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations 52. A 05 B = Battalion Days on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations 53. A 05 C = Battalion Days on Large Static Pac Operations 54. A 05 D = Battalion Days on Large Static Pac Operations 55. A 05 F = Battalion Days on Large Static Pac Operations 56. A 06 B = FKLACPAC 58. A 06 C = EKLSTPC 59. A 06 B = FKLACPAC 58. A 06 C = EKLSTPC 60. A 06 F = EKLSTPAC 60. A 07 A = Enemy Captured on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations =		A			=	
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38. A 02 C = Number of Large Security, Non-Pac Operations Participated in 39. A 02 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Participated in 40. A 02 F = Number of Large Training Operations Participated in 41. A 03 A = Number of Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations Day Contacts 42. A 03 B = Number of Large Active Pac Operations Day Contacts 43. A 03 C = Number of Large Security, Non-Pac Operations Day Contacts 44. A 03 D = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Day Contacts 45. A 03 F = Number of Large Training Operations Day Contacts 46. A 04 A = Number of Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations Night Contacts 47. A 04 B = Number of Large Active Pac Operations Night Contacts 48. A 04 C = Number of Large Security, Non-Pac Operations Night Contacts 49. A 04 D = Number of Large Security, Non-Pac Operations Night Contacts 50. A 04 F = Number of Large Static Pac Operations Night Contacts 51. A 05 A = Battalion Days on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations 52. A 05 B = Battalion Days on Large Active Pac Operations 53. A 05 C = Battalion Days on Large Security, Non-Pac Operations 54. A 05 D = Battalion Days on Large Static Pac Operations 55. A 05 F = Battalion Days on Large Training Operations 56. A 06 A = Enemy KIA on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations = EKLCBT 57. A 06 B = EKLACPAC 58. A 06 C = EKLSEC 59. A 06 D = EKLSTPAC 60. A 06 F = EKLTNG 61. A 07 A = Enemy Captured on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations =	37.	Α	02	В	=	Number of Large Active Pac Operations Participated in
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56. A 06 A = Enemy KIA on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations = EKLCBT 57. A 06 B = EKLACPAC 58. A 06 C = EKLSEC 59. A 06 D = EKLSTPAC 60. A 06 F = EKLTNG 61. A 07 A = Enemy Captured on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations =						
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57. A 06 B = EKLACPAC 58. A 06 C = EKLSEC 59. A 06 D = EKLSTPAC 60. A 06 F = EKLTNG 61. A 07 A = Enemy Captured on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations =	56.	A	06	A		
58. A 06 C = EKLSEC 59. A 06 D = EKLSTPAC 60. A 06 F = EKLTNG 61. A 07 A = Enemy Captured on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations =	57.	Α	06	В	=	
59. A 06 D = EKLSTPAC 60. A 06 F = EKLTNG 61. A 07 A = Enemy Captured on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations =					=	
60. A 06 F = EKLTNG 61. A 07 A = Enemy Captured on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations =					=	
61. A 07 A = Enemy Captured on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations =		Α		F	=	
		А	07	Α	=	Enemy Captured on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations =

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62.
        07
            В
     Α
                      ECLACPAC
63.
     Α
        07
            \mathbf{C}
                  =
                      ECLSEC
64.
        07
             D
                      ECLSTPAC
     Α
65.
     A
        07
            F
                      ECLTNG
66.
        08
                      Enemy Weapons Captured on Large Combat, Non-Pac
     A.
            Α
                  =
                      Operations = WCLCBT
        08
67.
     A
            В
                  =
                      WCLACPAC
68.
        08
            C
                      WCLSEC
     Α
69.
                      WCLSTPAC
     Α
        08
            D
70.
     A
        08
            F
                      WCLTNG
71.
     A
        09
             Α
                      Friendly KIA on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations =
                  =
                      FKLCBT
72.
     Α
        09
             В
                      FKLACPAC
                  =
73.
             C
                      FKLSEC
     Α
        09
                  =
74.
     A.
        09
             D
                      FKLSTPAC
75.
     Α
        09
             F
                      FKLTNG
                      Friendly MIA on Large Combat, Non-Pac Operations =
76.
     Α
        10
                      FMLCBT
        10
                      FMLACPAC
77.
     A
             В
                  =
78.
     A
        10
             C
                      FMLSEC
                  =
79.
        10
             D
                      FMLSTPAC
     Α
                  =
             F
80.
     Α
        10
                      FMLTNG
81.
     Α
        11
             A
                      Friendly Weapons Lost = WLLCBT
82.
        11
             В
                      WLLACPAC
     Α
                  =
        11
             C
                      WLLSEC
83.
     Α
                  =
                      WLLSTPAC
84.
     A
        11
             D
                  =
85.
     A
        11
             F
                      WLLTNG
                  =
86.
     В
        01
             Α
                      Number of Small Combat, Non-Pac Operations Conducted =
                  =
                      NCOCBT
87.
                      NPLCBT
     C
        01
             Α
                  =
        01
                      NCOACPAC
88.
     8
             В
                  =
89.
     C
        01
             В
                      NPLACPAC
                  ---
     В
        01
             C
                      NCOSEC
90.
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91.
     \mathbf{C}
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                      NPLSEC
                  =
92.
        01
             D
                      NCOSTPAC
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93.
     С
        01
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                      NPLSTPAC
                  =
94.
     В
        01
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                      NCOTNG
                  =
95.
     C
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             F
                  =
                      NPLTNG
96.
     В
             A.
                      Number of Small Combat, Non-Pac Operations Day
        02
                      Contacts = DCCOCBT
97.
     C
        02
             A
                      DCPLCBT
98.
     В
             В
                      DCCOACPAC
        02
                  =
99.
     C
        02
             В
                  =
                      DCPLACPAC
```

```
В
         02
             C
                      DCCOSEC
100.
                 =
101.
     C
         02
             С
                      DCPLSEC
                 =
                      DCCOSTPAC
102.
     В
         02
             D
                 =
103.
     C
         02
             D
                      DCPLSTPAC
             F
104.
     В
         02
                  =
                      DCCOTNG
                      DCPLTNG
         02
             \mathbf{F}
105.
     C
                 =
                      Number of Small Combat, Non-Pac Operations Night
106.
     В
         03
             Α
                  =
                      Contacts = NCCOCBT
                      NCPLCBT
107.
     C
         03
             Α
                  =
                      NCCOACPAC
108.
         03
             В
     В
                  =
109.
     C
         03
             В
                      NCPLACPAC
             C
                      NCCOSEC
110.
     В
         03
                  Ξ
     C
         03
              \mathbf{C}
                      NCPLSEC
111.
                      NCCOSTPAC
112.
     В
         03
              D
                      NCPLSTPAC
113.
     C
         03
              D
                      NCCOTNG
114.
     В
         03
              F
115.
     С
          03
              F
                  =
                      NCPLTNG
                      Enemy KIA on Small Combat, Non-Pac Operations =
116.
     В
          04
              Α
                  =
                      EKCOCBT
117.
     C
          04
              A
                      EKPLOBT
                  ==
118.
     В
          04
              В
                  =
                      EKCOACPAC
                      EKPLACPAC
119.
     C
          04
              В
          04
              \mathbf{C}
                      EKCOSEC
120. B
                  =
              C
                      EKPLSEC
121.
     C
          04
122. B
          04
              D
                      EKCOSTPAC
          04
                      EKPLSTPAC
123.
     C
              D
          04
              F
                      EKCOTNG
124. B
                  =
125.
          04
              F
                      EKPLTNG
     С
                      Number of Enemy Captured on Small Combat, Non-Pac
126.
     В
          05
              Α
                      Operations = ECCOCBT
          05
                      ECPLCBT
127. C
              Α
          05
              В
                      ECCOACPAC
128.
     В
                  =
129. C
          05
              В
                      ECPLACPAC
130. B
          05
              С
                      ECCOSEC
          05
              C
                      ECPLSEC
131. C
                  ==
132. B
          05
              D
                      ECCOSTPAC
              D
                      ECPLSTPAC
133. C
          05
              F
          05
                      ECCOTNG
134. B
              F
                      ECPLTNG
135.
     C
          05
                      Number of Enemy Weapons Captured on Small Combat
136.
      В
          06
              Α
                      Non-Pac Operations = WCCOCBT
                      WCPLCBT
137. C
          06
              Α
                      WCCOACPAC
138. B
          06
              В
```

. .

```
139.
         06
     С
             В
                     WCPLACPAC
140. B
         06
             \mathbf{C}
                 =
                     WCCOSEC
141. C
         06
             C
                 =
                     WCPLSEC
142. B
         06
             D
                 =
                     WCCOSTPAC
143. C
         06
             D
                     WCPLSTPAC
144. B
             F
         06
                     WCCOTNG
145. C
         06
             \mathbf{F}
                     WCPLTNG
146. B
         07
             Α
                     Friendly KIA on Small Combat, Non-Pac Operations =
                     FKCOCBT
147. C
         07
             Α
                     FKPLCBT
148. B
         07
             В
                     FKCOACPAC
149. C
         07
             В
                     FKPLACPAC
150. B
         07
             С
                     FKCOSEC
             C
151. C
         07
                     FKPLSEC
152. B
         07
             D
                     FKCOSTPAC
153. C
         07
             D
                     FKPLSTPAC
154. B
         07
             F
                     FKCOTNG
155. C
         07
             F
                     FKPLTNG
156. B
         08
             Α
                     Friendly MIA on Small Combat, Non-Pac Operations =
                     FMCOCBT
157. C
         80
             Α
                     FMPLCBT
158.
         80
     В
             В
                     FMCOACPAC
159. C
         80
             В
                     FMPLACPAC
160. B
         80
             C
                     FMCOSEC
         80
             C
161. C
                     FMPLSEC
162. B
         80
             D
                     FMCOSTPAC
163. C
         80
             D
                     FMPLSTPAC
                     FMCOTNG
164. B
         80
             F
                 =
165. C
         80
             F
                     FMPLTNG
166. B
         09
             Α
                     Friendly Weapons Lost on Small Combat, Non-Pac
                     Operations = WLCOCBT
167. C
         09
             Α
                     WLPLCBT
168. B
         09
             В
                     WLCOACPAC
                 =
169. C
         09
             В
                     WLPLACPAC
                 =
170. B
         09
             С
                     WLCOSEC
                 =
         09
             \mathbf{C}
                     WLPLSEC
171. C
172. B
         09
             D
                     WLCOSTPAC
173. C
         09
             D
                     WLPLSTPAC
             F
         09
                     WLCOTNG
174. B
         09
             F
                     WLPLTNG
175. C
                 =
176. F
         01
             Α
                     Battalion Days on Small Combat, Non-Pac Operations
177. F
         01
             В
                     Battalion Days on Small Active Pacification Operations
             C
                     Battalion Days on Small Security, Non-Pac Operations
178. F
         01
```

179. F 01 D = Battalion Days on Small Static Pacification Operations

180. F 01 F = Battalion Days on Small Training Operations

Periodic Set 6 Enemy Incidents and Friendly Missions

give nothing any better than data from H records of SEAPRS

APPENDIX D

MERGED SEER VARIABLE LIST

New No.	Name	1968	1969-70	Comment
1	BATTNS-2A	None	None	Create by counting the battalions and parts of battalions allocated to each pro- vince
2	PERSASN	None	1	Create for 1968 by inultiplying 1969-1970 averages by new V1
3	DESERT	None	3	Months 25-36 only
4 5 6	EKFFIRE EKFAIR EKFSPTAR EKFRFT EKFSN/AM	18 19 18+19 20 21+22	15 16 15+16 19 17+18	Enemy killed by sup- porting arms fire (artillery + air) Firefight outcomes Enemy killed by snipers plus ambush
9	EKFATOT	17+18+19+ <u>20+2</u> 14+1	1+22+23 5+16+17+18+19+20	
10	EKEMI	24	7	
11	FKEFIRE	25	8	Standoff attacks
12	FKFRACC	26	13	Friendly KIA by mis- directed supporting arms fire
13	FKFRFT	27	11	Firefight outcomes

File No.(s)

New No.	Name	1968	1969-70	Comments
14	FKESN/AM	28+29	9+10	Snipers plus ambush
15	FKEATOT	24+25+27+28+29 7+8+9	+30 +10+11+12	
		re some of the for cords? If so, wh	egoing redundant to Sich is best?	SEAPRS H-type
16	NLUOFF	36+37	81+89+137	
17	NLUDEF	38+39	97+105+153	
18	NSUOFF	86+87+88+89	113+121+145	The definition of small
19	NSUDEF	90+91+92+93	129+161	operation for 1968 may
20	DES/AWOL	None	3+4	be different from 1969- 1970.
21	CLUOFF	41+42+46+47	173+174+175	
22	CLUDEF	43+44+48+49	187+188+189	
23	CSUOFF	96+97+98+99+10	06+107+108+109	
			180+181+182	
24	CSUDEF	100+101+102+10	3+110+111+112+113	
			194+195+196	
25	DALUOFF	51+52	169+170	
26	DALUDEF	53+54	183+184	
27	DASUOFF	176+177	176+177	This may be wrong
28	DASUDEF	178+179	190+191	This may be wrong
29	PLEHDLO	?41+42?	171	1968 is number of contacts only
30	PLEHNLO	? 46+47 ?	172	1968 is number of contacts only
31	PLEHDLD	?43+44?	185	1968 is number of contacts only
32	PLEHNLD	?48+49?	186	1968 is number of
33	FLEHDSO	?96+97+98+95?	178	contacts only 1968 is number of contacts only
34	PLEHNSO	?106+107+108+10	9? 179	1968 is number of contacts only
35	PLEHDSD	?100+101+102+10	3? 192	1968 is number of contacts only

File No.(s)

New No.	Name	1968	1969-70	Comment
36	PLEHNSO	?110+111+112+11	3? 193	1968 is number of contacts only
3 7	EELUOFF	56+57+61+62	83+87+91+95+139+1	
38	EELUDEF	58+59+63+64	99+103+107+111+15	
39	EESUOFF		19+126+127+128+129	
			15+119+123+127+147	
40	EESUDEF		23+130+131+132+133	
			131+135+163+167	•
41	WCLUOFF	66+67	84+92+140	
42	WCLUDEF	68+69	100+108+156	
43	WCSUOFF		9 116+124+148	
44	WCSUDEF	140+141+142+14		
45	FCLUOFF	71+72+76+77	86+94+142	1968 does not include
				wounded data.
46	FCLUDEF	73+74+78+79	102=110+158	tt it
47	FCS\)FF	146+147+148+1	49+156+157+158+159	11 11
			118+126+150	,
48	FCSUDEF	150+151+152+1	53+160+161+162+163	11 11
			134+166	•
49	JMDAUS	11	197+211	
50	JEKUS	None	198+212	
51	JFKUS	None	199+213	
52	JMDAFW	10	200+214	
53	JEKFW	None	201+215	
54	JFKFW	None	202+216	
55	JMDARF	7	203+217	
56	JEKRF	None	204+218	
57	JFKRF	None	205+219	
58	JMDAMC	13	206+220	
59	JEKMC	None	207+221	
60	AWOLS	None	4	Months 25-36 only
61	RFPFA	None	5	Months 25-36 only
62	TARTC	None	73	
63	GSARTC	None	75	
64	ARLMC	None	77	
65	TARTS	None	78	
66	TTARS	None	79	
67	TARLMS	None	80	
68	CACHES	None 168+88	+96+104+112+120+128	3+136+144++152+160

APPENDIX E

PROCEDURE FOR CONSTRUCTING PROVINCE SEER DATA FILE

Construct a monthly location file consisting of the days assigned to offensive, defensive, or training missions in each province in which the battalion operated during the month.

	Pa	Pb	Pn
Days on offense	a _o	bo	no
Days on defense	a-d	рq	nd
Days on training	a _t	bt	nt

For 1968 data:

Identify the locations from periodic set 1, fourth field. For each location:

Days on offense equals the sum of end date (plus one) minus start date [field 3(+1) - field 2] where the mission type (field 1) is A and/or B. Days on defense equals the sum of end date (plus one) minus start date [field 3(+1) - field 2] where the mission type (field 1) is C, and/or D, and/or E. Days on training equals the end date (plus one) minus start date [field 3(+1) - field 2] where the mission type (field 1) is F.

For 1969-70 data:

Identify the locations from periodic set 2, sixth field. For each location:

Days on offense equals the sum of days assigned (field 4) where the mission type (field 1) is A through G and/or P through V. Days on defense equals the sum of days assigned (field 4) where the mission type (field 1) is H through N, and/or W through O, and/or 1 through 3. Days on training equals the sum of days assigned (field 4) where the mission type (field 1) is 4 through 9.

Variable	Transformation	
1	$V1 \times (a_0 + a_1 + a_1) \stackrel{*}{\cdot} 30$ for province P_a ,	
	V1 x $(b_0 + b_1 + b_1) = 30$ for province P_b ,	
	V1 x $(n_0 + n_d + n_t) \stackrel{*}{\sim} 30$ for province P_n ,	*)
2	$V2 \times (a_0^{+}a_1^{+}a_1) \div 30$ for province P_a ,	* 4
	etc.	• •
3	$V3 \times (a_0 + a_1 + a_1) \stackrel{*}{\leftarrow} 30$ for province P_a ,	av ,
	etc.	- 9
4	$V4 \times \frac{a_0}{a_0 + b_0 + n_0} \times \frac{V37 + V39}{V37 + V38 + V39 + V40} + V4 \times \frac{a_d}{a_d + b_d + n_d} \times \frac{V38 + V40}{V37 + V38 + V39 + V40}$	«.i.
•	for province Pa,	-1
	$V4 \times \frac{b_0}{a_0 + b_0 + n_0} \times \frac{V37 + V39}{V37 + V38 + V39 + V40} + V4 \times \frac{b_d}{a_d + b_d + n_d} \times \frac{V38 + V40}{V37 + V38 + V39 + V40}$	
	etc.	er g
5	V5 x the same ratios used for V4 for each province	Par start officer
6	V6 x (same as above)	
7	V7 x (same as above)	a december of
8	V8 x (same as above)	
9	V9 x (same as above)	* *
10	$V10 \times \frac{a_0}{a_0 + b_0 + n_0} \times \frac{V45 + V47}{V45 + V46 + V47 + V48} + V10 \times \frac{a_d}{a_d + b_d + n_d} \times \frac{V46 + V48}{V45 + V46 + V47 + V48}$	
	for province Pa,	
	etc.	

<u>Variable</u>	Transformation
11	V11 x the same ratios used for V10 for each province.
12	V12 x (same as above)
13	V13 x (same as above)
14	V14 x (same as above)
15	V15 x (same as above)
16	V16 x $(\frac{a_0}{a_0 + b_0 + n_0})$, etc. for each province,
17	V17 x $(\frac{a}{ad^{+b}d^{+n}d})$, etc. for each province
18	V18 x the same ratios used for V16.
'19	V19 x the same ratios used for V17.
20	V20 x the same ratios used for V1.
21	V21 x $\left(\frac{a}{a + b + n}\right)$, etc. for each province.
22	V22 x $(\frac{a_d}{a_d^{+b}d^{+n}d})$, etc. for each province.
23	V23 x $(\frac{a_0}{a_0 + b_0 + n_0})$, etc. for each province.
24	V24 x ($\frac{a_d}{a_d^{+b_d^{+n}d}}$), etc. for each province.
25	V25 x $(\frac{a}{a+b+n})$, etc. for each province.
26	V26 x $(\frac{a_d}{a_d^{+b}d^{+n}d})$, etc. for each province.
27	V27 x $(\frac{a_0}{a_0+b_0+n_0})$, etc. for each province.
28	$V28 \times (\frac{a_d}{a_d^{+b}d^{+n}d})$, etc. for each province.

不是

<u>Variable</u>	Transformation
29	V29 x $(\frac{a_0}{a_0+b_0+n_0})$, etc. for each province.
30	V30 x $(\frac{a_0}{a_0 + b_0 + n_0})$, etc. for each province.
31	V31 x ($\frac{a_d}{a_d + b_d + n_d}$), etc. for each province.
32	V32 x ($\frac{a_d}{a_d^{+b_d^{+n}}d}$), etc. for each prevince.
33	V33 x same ratios used for V29, etc.
34	V34 (same as above).
35	V35 x same ratios used for V31, etc.
30	V36 x (same as above).
37	V37 x $(\frac{a_0}{a_0+b_0+n_0})$, etc. for each province.
38	V38 x $\left(\frac{a_d}{a_d^{+b}d^{+n}d}\right)$, etc. for each province.
39	V39 x same ratios used for V37, 21, 23, 25, 27, 29, 30, 33
40	V40 x same ratios used for V38, 22, 24, 26, 28, 31, 32, 35
43	V41 x same ratios used for V37
42	V42 x same ratios used for V38
43	V43 x same ratios used for V37
44	V44 x same ratios used for V38.
45	V45 x same ratios used for V37.
46	V46 x same ratios used for V38.
47	V47 x same ratios used for V37
48	V48 x same ratios used for V38.
49	V49 x same ratios used for V37.
50	V50 x same ratios used for V37.

Variable	Transformation
51	V51 x same ratios used for V37.
52	V52 x same ratios used for V37.
53	V53 x same ratios used for V37.
54	V54 x same ratios used for V37.
55	V55 x $\frac{a_0^{+a}}{a_0^{+a}a_0^{+b}a_0^{+b}a_0^{+n}a_0^{+n}}$, etc. for each province.
56	V56 x same ratios used for V55.
57	V57 x same ratios used for V55.
58	V58 x same ratios used for V37.
59	V59 x same ratios used for V37.
60	V60 x same ratios used for V1, 2 and 3
61	V61 x same ratios used for V55.
62	V62 x same ratios used for V55.
63	V63 x same ratios used for V55.
64	V64 x same ratios used for V55.
65	V65 x same ratios used for V55.
66	V66 x same ratios used for V55.
67	V67 x same ratios used for V55.
68	V68 x same ratios used for V37.

Summary of transformation ratios:

1. Percent of month spent in each province equals:

$$\frac{a_0^{+}a_d^{+}a_t}{30}$$
, $\frac{b_0^{+}b_d^{+}b_t}{30}$, etc.

2. Percent of offensive time spent in each province equals:

$$\frac{\mathbf{a}_{o}}{\mathbf{a}_{o}^{+}\mathbf{b}_{o}^{+}\mathbf{n}_{o}},$$

$$\frac{b}{a+b+n}$$
, etc.

3. Percent of defensive time spent in each province equals:

$$\frac{a_d}{a_d + b_d + n_d}$$

$$\frac{\mathbf{b_d}}{\mathbf{a_d}^{+}\mathbf{b_d}^{+}\mathbf{n_d}}$$
, etc.

4. Percent of non-training/rehabilitation time spent in each province equals:

$$\frac{b_0 + b_d}{a_0 + a_1 + b_0 + b_d + b_1 + b_1}, \text{ etc.}$$

5. Percent of enemy casualties attributed to offensive operations equals:

6. Percent of enemy casualties attributed to defensive operations equals:

7. Percent of friendly casualties attributed to offensive operations equals:

V45+V47 V45+V40+V47+V48

8. Percent of friendly casualties attributed to defensive operations equals:

V46+V48 V45+V46+V47+V48

APPENDIX F

QHES CANDIDATE VARIABLE LIST

This appendix includes a list of candidate variables transferred from the original QHES file for use in this study. In creating indices of these variables for working files, neither the variables defining Not Applicable nor Unknown responses were employed, nor were several of the questions that proved either irrelevant or redundant in subsequent analyses. In building a file of QHES index variables for hamlet-level analysis, 31 additional QHES questions were transferred from the original file.

Position	<u>Variable</u>	Code	Name
12-19	1	HQB1-0	No known or suspected VC1
20-27	2	HQB1-1	Sporadic covert VCl activity, little or no overt VCl activity
28-35	3	HQB1-2	Regular covert VCl activity, sporadic overt VCl activity, generally at night
36-43	4	HQB1-3	VCl is the primary authority in the hamlet at night, but most openete covertly in the day
44-51	5	HQB1-4	VCl is the primary authority in the hamlet both day and night
76-83	6	HQB1-8	Question is not applicable
84-91	7	HQB1-9	VCl activity cannot be judged
12-19	8	HQB2-0	The enemy does not tax hamlet households
20-27	¢	HQB2-1	The enemy taxes hamlet households sporadic- ally
28-35	10	HQB2-2	The enemy taxes hamlet households regularly and systematically
76-83	11	HQB2-8	Question is not applicable
84-91	12	HQB2-9	Enemy taxation cannot be judged
12-19	13	HQB3-0	No hamlet households have a member or mem- bers who have participated, by coercion or otherwise, in enemy-organized non-military group activities (public meetings, demonstra- tions, work gangs, etc.)
20-27	14	HQB3-1	A few (< 10%) hamlet households have members who have participated in enemy-organized, non-military group activities

Position	Variable	Code	Name
28-35	15	HQB3-Z	Some (10-40%) hamlet households have members who have participated in enemy-organized,
36-43	16	HQB3-3	non-military group activities Many (41-90%) hamlet households have members who have participated in enemy-organized.
44-51	17	HQB3-4	non-military group activities Nearly all (> 91%) hamlet households have members who have participated in enemy-organized,
76-83	18	HQB3-8	non-military group activities
84-91	19	HQB3-9	Question is not applicable
12-19	20	·	Participation in enemy-organized, non-military group activities cannot be judged
12-17	20	HQC5-0	No hamlet households are located in areas where GVN administrative personnel are unable to move about with relative freedom during daylight hours
20-27	21	HQC5-1	A few (< 10%) hamlet households are in-
28-35	22	HQC5-2	accessible during daylight hours Some (10-40%) hamlet households are in-
36-43	23	HQC5-3	accessible during daylight hours Many (41-90%) hamlet households are in-
44-51	24	HQC5-4	accessible during daylight hours Nearly all (> 90%) hamlet households are in-
76 - 83	25	HQC5-8	accessible during daylight hours
84-91	26	HQC5-9	Question is not applicable
•	40	1106(33-3	Household location accessibility to GVN ad-
12-19	27	HQC6-0	ministrative personnel cannot be judged No hamlet households have a member active in the PSDF
20-27	28	HQC6-1	A few (< 10%) hamlet households have mem-
28-35	29	HQC6-Z	bers active in the PSDF Some (10-40%) hamlet households have mem-
36-43	30	HQC6-3	bers active in the PSDF Many (41-90%) hamlet households have mem-
44-51	31	HQC6-4	bers active in the PSDF Nearly all (> 90%) hamlet households have
76-83	32	HQC6-8	members active in the PSDF
84-91	33	HQC6-9	Question is not applicable
12-19	34		Activity in PSDF cannot be judged
20-27	35	HQC7-0	There is no organized PSDF
-0-21	. 	HQC7-1	There is an organized, inactive PSDF

Position	Variable	Code	Name
28-35	36	HQC7-2	The PSDF drills and trains only
36-43	37	HQC7-3	The PSDF is organized of only non-military activity
44-51	38	HQC7-4	The PSDF stands armed guard
52-59	39	HQC7-5	The PSDF conducts armed patrols and stands guard
76-83	40	HQC7-8	Question is not applicable
84-91	41	HQC7-9	PSDF activity cannot be judged
12-19	42	HQD2-0	GVN authorities do not enforce the laws during the day
20-27	43	HQD2-1	GVN law enforcement during the day is marginal
28-35	44	HQD2-2	GVN law enforcement during the day is adequate
76-83	4 5	HQD2-8	Question is not applicable
84-91	46	HQD- 29	Daytime GVN law enforcement cannot be judged
12-19	47	HQE1-0	There is no GVN hamlet chief
20-27	48	HQE1-1	There is an appointed GVN hamlet chief
28-35	49	HQF1-2	There is an elected GVN hamlet chief
76-83	50	HQE1-8	Question is not applicable
84-91	51	HQE1-9	Hamlet chief status cannot be judged
12-19	52	HQE2-0	The GVN hamlet chief is not present in the hamlet
20-27	53	HQEZ-1	The GVN hamlet chief is only irregularly present in the hamlet
28-35	54	HQEZ-2	The GVN hamlet chief is regularly present in the hamlet during the day
36 - 43	55	HQE2-3	The GVN hamlet chief is regularly present in the hamlet day and night
76-83	56	HQE2-8	Question is not applicable
84-91	57	QHEZ-9	Hamlet chief presence cannot be judged
12-19	58	HQE3-0	Civil disputes are settled by VCl officials
20-27	59	HQE3-1	Civil disputes are settled by religious leaders, elders, or prominent individuals
28-35	60	HQE3-2	Civil disputes are settled by GVN officials
76-83	61	HQE3-8	Question is not applicable
84-91	62	HQE3-9	Civil dispute settlement cannot be judged
12-19	63	HQE5-0	Hamlet not represented on village council
20-27	64	HQE5-1	Hamlet is represented on village council
76-83	65	HQE5-8	Hamlet representation not applicable

Position	Variable	Code	Name
84-91	66	HQE5-9	Not able to judge hamlet representation on village council
12-19	67	HQF1-0	No households in hamlet with member in enemy service
20-27	68	HQF1-1	A few hamlet households with member in enemy service
28-35	69	HQF1-2	Some hamlet households with members in
36-43	70	HQF1-3	enemy service Many hamlet households with members in
44-51	71	HQF1-4	enemy service All hamlet households have member in enemy service
76-83	72	HQF1-8	Hamlet households with member in enemy service not applicable
84-91	73	HQF1-9	Households in hamlet with member in enemy service unknown
12-19	67	HQF1-0	No households in hamlet with member in enemy service
20-27	68	HQF1-1	A few hamlet households with member in enemy service
28-35	69	HQF1-2	Some hamlet households with members in enemy service
36-43	70	HQF1-3	Many hamlet households with member in enemy service
44-51	71	HQF1-4	All hamlet households have member in enemy service
76-83	72	HQF1-8	Hamlet households with member in enemy service not applicable
84-91	73	HQF1-9	Households in hamlet with member in enemy service unknown
12-19	74	HQF2-0	No hamlet households with member in GVN
20-27	75	HQF2-1	service A few hamlet households with members in GVN service
28-35	76	HQF2-2	Some hamlet households with members in GVN service
36-43	77	HQF2-3	Many hamlet households with members in GVN service
44-51	78	HQF2-4	All hamlet households with member in GVN service

Position	Variable	Code	Name
76-83	79	HQF2-8	Membership in GVN service not applicable
84-91	80	HQF2-9	Membership in GVN service unknown
12-19	81	HQF5-0	RF cadre presence had negative effect on
			hamlet
20-27	82	HQF5-1	RD cadre presence had no effect on hamlet
28-35	83	HQF5-2	RD cadre presence had positive effect on hamlet
76-83	84	HQF5-8	RD cadre presence not applicable
84-91	85	HQF5-9	Effect of RD cadre unknown
12-19	86	HQF6-0	No household's members in people's groups
20-27	87	HQF6-1	A few household's members in people's groups
28-35	88	HQF6-2	Some household's members in people's groups
36 -4 3	89	HQF6-3	Many household's members in people's groups
44-51	90	HQF6-4	All household's members in people's groups
76-83	91	HQF6-8	Membership in people's group not applicable
84-91	92	HQF6-9	Membership in people's groups not known
12-19	93	HQL1-0	No market in hamlet
20-27	94	HQL1-1	Hamlet market in hamlet
28-35	95	HQL1-2	Market for area hamlets in hamlet
36 -4 3	96	HQL1-3	Market for village area in hamlet
76-83	97	HQL1-8	Market size not applicable
84-91	98	HQL1-9	Market size unknown
12-19	99	HQN1-0	No GVN economic programs
20-27	100	HQN1-1	A few participants in GVN economic programs
28-35	101	HQN1-2	Some participation in GVN economic programs
36-43	102	HQN1-3	Many participants in GVN economic programs
44-51	103	HQN1-4	All participate in GVN economic programs
76-83	104	HQN1-8	Participation in GVN economic program not applicable
84-91	105	HQN1-9	Farticipation in GVN economic program un- known
12-19	106	HQN2-0	No self-development projects
20-27	107	HQN2-1	A few self-development project participants
12-19	108	HQP1-0	No GVN medical services available
20-27	109	HQP1-1	GVN medical service available in distant
			hamlet
28 -3 5	110	HQP1-2	GVN medical services available in nearly all hamlets
36-43	111	HQP1-3	GVN medical services available in this hamlet
76-83	112	HQP1-8	Availability of medical service not applicable
84-91	113	HQP1-9	Availability of medical services not known

Position	<u>Variable</u>	Code	Name
12-19	114	HQR1-0	No hamlet children able to attend primary school
20-27	115	HQR1-1	Primary school in distant hamlet
28-35	116	HQR1-2	Primary school in nearly all hamlets
36-43	117	HQR1-3	Primary school in this hamlet
76-83	118	HQR1-8	School attendance not applicable
84-91	119	HQR1-9	School attendance unknown
12-19	120	HQZ2-0	Hamlet is long established
20-27	121	HQZZ-1	Hamlet less than 5 years old
28-35	122	HQZ2-2	Hamlet less than I year old
36-43	123	HQZ2-3	Hamlet is refugee camp
44-51	124	HQZ2-4	Hamlet coded as other
76-83	125	HQZ2-8	Hamlet character not applicable
84-91	126	HQZ2-9	Hamlet character unknown
12-19	127	HMA2-0	District chief did not visit this hamlet during the month
20-27	128	HMA2-1	District chief visited briefly this month
28-35	129	HMA2-2	Frequent short visits by district chief
36 - 43	.30	HMA2-3	One extended visit of district chief
44 - 51	131	HMAZ-4	Frequent extended visits by district chief
5259	132	HMA2-5	District chief lives in this hamlet
76-83	133	HMA2-8	Frequency of district chief visits not applicable
84-91	134	HMA2-9	Frequency of visits unknown
12-19	135	HMB1-0	Enemy does not control hamlet
20-2 7	136	HMB!-1	Enemy does control hamlet
28-35	137	HMB1-2	Enemy combat hamlet
76 - 83	138	HMB1-8	Enemy presence inapplicable
84-91	139	HMB1-9	Enemy presence unknown
12-19	140	HMB2-0	No enemy action against local security force
20-27	141	HMB2-1	One enemy action against local security force
28-35	142	HMB2-2	Sporadic enemy action against local security force
36-43	143	HMB2-3	Repeated enemy action against local security force
76-83	144	HM1B2-8	Enemy action not applicable
84-91	145	HMB2-9	Enemy action unknown
12-19	146	HMB3-0	No serious enemy activity
20-27	147	HMB3-1	Minor enemy activity
28-35	148	HMB3-2	Small arms attack
36-43	149	HMB3-3	Heavy weapons attack
44-51	150	HMB3-4	Ground assault - repelled

Position	<u>Variable</u>	Code	Name
52-59	151	HMB3-5	Ground assault - overrun
76-83	152	HMB3-8	Enemy activity not applicable
84-91	153	HMB3-9	Enemy activity not known
12-19	154	HMB4-0	No enemy forces resent in hamlet
20-27	155	HMB4-1	Enemy forces pre. ent once
28-35	156	HMB4-2	Enemy forces present sporadically
36-43	157	HMB4-3	Enemy forces present regularly
76-83	158	HMB4-8	Enemy presence not applicable
84-91	159	HMP4-9	Enemy presence not known
12-19	160	HMB5-0	Selective terrorism not attempted
20-27	161	HMB5-1	Selective terrorism attempted once
28-35	162	HMB5-2	Selective terrorism attempted more than once
76-83	163	HMB5-8	Selective terrorist attempts not applicable
84-91	164	HMB5-9	Selective terrorist attempts not known
12-19	165	HME6-0	Non-selective terrorism not attempted
20-27	166	HMB6-1	Non-selective terrorism attempted
28-35	167	HMB6-2	Non-selective terrorism attempted more than once
76-83	158	HMB6-8	Non-selective terrorism attempts not applicable
84-91	169	HMB6-9	Non-selective terrorism attempts unknown
12-19	170	HMB7-0	No incidents against GVN non-military activities
20-27	171	HMB7-1	Minor incidents against GVN non-military activities
28-35	172	HMB7-2	Serious incidents against GVN non-military activity
36-43	173	HMB7-3	Incidents force abandonment of GVN non- military activity
76-83	174	HMB7-8	Incidents against GVN non-military activity not applicable
84-91	175	HMB7-9	Incidents against GVN non-military activity unknown
12-19	176	HMB8-0	No enemy propaganda meetings held
20-27	177	HMB8-1	One enemy propaganda meeting held
28-35	178	HMB8-2	More than one enemy propaganda meeting heid
76-83	179	HMB8-8	Enemy propaganda meeting not applicable
84-91	180	HMB8-9	Enemy propaganda meeting not known
12-19	181	HMC3-0	No local security operation resulted in contact
20-27	182	HMC3-1	One local security operation resulted in contact
28-35	183	HMC3-2	More than one local security operation resulted in contact

Position	Variable	Code	Name
76-83	184	HMC3-8	Local security force operational contacts not applicable
84-91	185	HMC3-9	Local security force operational contacts un-
12-19	186	HMD1-0	No civilian casualties caused by enemy activities
20-27	187	HMDI-1	Civilian wounded by enemy activities
28-35	188	HMD1-2	Some civilians killed by enemy activities
36 -4 3	189	HMD1-3	More than 5 civilians killed by enemy activity
76-83	190	HMD1-8	Civilian casulaties caused by enemy not appoint applicable
84-91	191	HMD1-9	Civilian casulaties caused by enemy unknown
12-19	192	HMD2-0	No damage caused by enemy activity
20-2 7	193	HMD2-1	Minor damage caused by enemy activity
28-35	194	HMD2-2	Serious local damage caused by enemy activity
36 -4 3	195	HMD2-3	Widespread damage caused by enemy activity
76-83	196	HMD2-8	Enemy caused damage not applicable
84-91	197	HMD2-9	Enemy caused damage unknown
12-19	198	HMD3-0	No friendly caused civilian casualties
20-27	199	HMD3-1	Friendly caused wounded civilians
28-35	200	HMD3-2	Some (1-5) civilians killed by friendly activity
36 -43	201	HMD3-3	More than 5 civilians killed by friendly activity
76-83	202	HMD3-8	Friendly caused civilian casualties not applicable
84-91	203	HMD3-9	Friendly caused civilian casualties unknown
12-19	204	HMD5-0	Effect of military activity has been no contacts
20-27	205	HMD5-1	Significant victory for friendly forces
28-35	206	HMD5-2	Minor victory for friendly forces
36-43	207	HMD5-3	Neither defeat nor victory resulted from activity
44-51	208	HMD5-4	Minor defeats for friendly
52-59	209	HMD5-5	Significant defeat for friendly
60-69	210	HMD5-6	No friendly activity
12-19	211	VQB1-0	No known VCI in village
20-27	212	VQB1-1	VCI sporadic and covert
28-35	213	VQB1-2	VCI regular covert, sporadic overt
36 <i>-4</i> 3	214	VQB1-3	VCI regular overt, not established
44-51	215	VQB1-4	VCI unchallenged authority
76-83	216	VQB1-8	VCI structure not applicable
84-91	217	VQB1-9	VCI structure unknown
12-19	218	VQB2-0	No guerrilla units regularly present in the village

Position	Variable	Code	Name
20-27	219	VQB2-1	Less than a squad of guerrillas regularly present
28-35	220	VQB2-2	About a squad of guerrillas regularly present in village
36-43	221	VQB2-3	About a platoon of guerrillas regularly present in the village
44-51	222	VQB2-4	More than a platoon of guerrillas regularly present in the village
76-83	223	VQB2-8	Largest guerrilla force in village inap- propriate
84-91	224	VQB2-9	Largest guerrilla force in village unknown
12-19	225	VQB3-0	No enemy main force or local force units present in village
20-27	226	VQB3-1	Less than a platoon enemy main force present in village
28-35	227	VQB3-2	About a platoon of enemy main force present in village
36-43	228	VQB3-3	About a company of enemy main force present in village
44-51	229	VQB3-4	A battalion or more enemy main force present in village
76-83	230	VQB3-8	Size of enemy main force unit in village not applicable
84-91	231	VQB3-9	Size of enemy main force unit in village is unknown
12-19	232	VQB5-0	Enemy does not tax goods moving to or from village
20-27	233	VQB5-1	Enemy sporadically taxes goods moving to or from village
28-35	234	VQB5-2	Enemy regularly taxes goods moving to or from village
76-83	235	VQB5~8	Enemy taxation not applicable
84-91	236	VQB5-9	Enemy taxation unknown
12-19	237	VQC5-0	No village security plan
20-27	238	VQC5-1	Village security plan not followed
28-35	239	VQC5-2	Village plan followed but works poorly
36-43	240	VQC5-3	Village plan followed and works well
76-83	241	VQC5-8	Village security plan adequacy not applicable
84-91	242	VQC5-9	Village security plan adequacy unknown
12-19	243	VQC6-0	No popular forces in village
20-27	244	VQC6-1	Popular forces not controlled by village chief

Position	Variable	Code	Name
28-35	245	VQC6-2	Popular forces partially controlled by village chief
36-43	246	VQC6-3	Popular forces completely controlled by village chief
76-83	247	VQC6-8	Village chief control of popular forces not applicable
84-91	248	VQC6-9	Village chief control of popular forces unknown
12-19	249	VQD1-0	No national police regularly present in village
20-27	250	VQD1-1	National police regularly present in village
28-35	251	VQD1-2	National police stationed in village
76-83	252	VQD1-8	National police presence not applicable
84-91	253	VQD1-9	National police presence unknown
12-19	254	VQD4-0	Police measures are not complete
20-27	255	VQD4-1	Police measures are complete for small part of village
28-35	256	VQD4-2	Police measures are complete for most of the village
36-43	257	VQD4-3	Police measures are complete for entire village
76-83	258	VQD4-8	Extent of police measures not applicable
84-91	259	VQD4-9	Extent of police measures unknown
12-19	260	VQD5-0	Identities of VCI not known
20-27	261	VQD5-1	Identities of a few VCI known
28-35	262	VQD5-2	Identities of some VCI known
36-43	263	VQD5-3	Identities of many VCI known
44-51	264	VQD5-4	Identities of all VCI known
76-83	265	VQD5-8	Identities of VCI not applicable
84-91	266	VQD5-9	Not known if VCl identities known
12-19	267	VQD6- 0	Identities of village guerrilla members not known
20-27	268	VQD6-1	Identities of a few guerrilla members known
28-35	269	VQD6-2	Identities of some (10-40% guerrillas known
36-43	270	VQD6-3	Identities of many (41-90%) guerrillas known
44-51	271	VQD6-4	Identities of all guerrillas known
76-83	272	VQD6-8	Identities of guerrillas not applicable
84-91	273	VQD6-9	Not known if identities of guerrillas are known
12-19	274	VQE1-0	No active GVN village administration committee
20-27	275	VQE1-1	GVN village administration committee consists only of village chief
28-35	276	VQE1-2	GVN village administration committee has two or more positions vacant
36-43	277	VQE1-3	GVN village administration committee has one vacancy

Position	Variable	Code	Name
44-51	278	VQE1-4	GVN village administration committee completely staffed
12-19	279	VQF2-0	No active village council exists
20-27	280	VQE2-1	All village council members appointed
28-35	281	VQE2-2	Few (less than 30%) village council members elected
36-43	282	VQE2-3	Some (30%-70%) village council members elected
44-51	283	VQE2-4	Many (more than 70%) village council members elected
5 2-5 9	284	VQE2-5	All village council members elected
12-19	285	VQE3-0	Village chief not elected by village council
20-27	286	VQE3-1	Village chief is elected by village council
12-19	287	VQE4-0	Village chief present only when accompanying operation
20-27	288	VQE4-1	Village chief present irregularly
28 - 35	289	VQE4-2	Village chief present regularly, but only by day
36-43	290	VQE4-3	Village chief present regularly day and night
12-19	291	VQE5-0	No functioning GVN village office located in this village
20-27	292	VQE5-1	Yes, functioning GVN village office located in this village
12-19	293	VQE7-0	GVN does not collect taxes in this village
20 - 27	294	VQE7-1	GVN does not collect taxes - amnesty
28-35	295	VΩE7-2	GVN collects taxes but unsystematically
36-43	296	VQE7-3	GVN collects taxes systematically
12-19	297	VQF1-0	Village council never meets openly
20-27	298	VQF1-1	Village council meets less than once a month, openly
28-35	299	VQF1-2	Village council meets on an average of once a month, openly
36 - 43	300	VQF1-3	Village council meets twice a month or more, openly
12-19	301	VQF2-0	No grievance meetings and no action by chief
20-27	302	VQF2-1	Grievance meetings but no corrective action by chief
28-35	303	VQFZ ·2	Meetings held and chief occasionally takes action
36-43	304	VQF2-3	Meetings held and chief regularly takes action
12-19	305	VQF3-0	No non-Communist political party active
20-27	306	VQF3-1	One non-Communist political party active
28-35	307	VQF3-2	Two non-Communist political parties active
36-43	308	VQF3-3	More than two non-Communist political parties active

Position	Variable	Code	Name
12-19	309	VQF4-0	No youth-organization activities
20 - 27	310	VQF4-1	Some youth organization activities
12-19	311	VQF5-0	No RD cadre or cooperation with village officials
20 - 27	312	VQF5-1	RD cadre but no cooperation with village officials
28-35	313	VQF5-2	RD cadre and occasional cooperation with village officials
36-43	314	VQF5-3	RD cadre and regular cooperation with village officials
12 19	315	VQF6-0	No RD cadre for village chief's operational control
20-27	316	VQF6-1	RD cadre not operationally controlled by village chief
28-35	317	VQF6-2	RD cadre partially controlled by village chief
36-43	318	VQF6-3	RD cadre completely controlled by village chief
12-19	319	VQF7-0	No RD cadre assigned this village
20 - 27	320	VQF7-1	RD cadre but does not sleep in village at night
28-35	321	VQF7-2	RD cadre occasionally sleeps in village
36 - 43	322	VQF7-3	RD cadre regularly sleeps in village
12-19	323	VQG1-0	No trained info/Chieu Hoi cadre assigned village
20-27	324	VQG1-1	Info/Chieu Hoi cadre assigned village but not yet trained
28-35	325	VQG1-2	Trained info/Chieu Hoi cadre assigned but not full-time resident
36-43	326	VQG1-3	Trained info/Chieu Hoi cadre assigned and full- time resident
12-19	327	VQG2-0	Villages never exposed GVN movies, dramas, etc.
20 - 27	328	VQG2-1	Villagers infrequently exposed GVN movies, dramas
28 - 35	329	VQG2-2	Villagers periodically (1-3 times a month) exposed GVN movies, etc.
36-43	330	VQG2-3	Villagers regularly (once a week, plus) exposed GVN movies, etc.
12-19	331	VQG3-0	GVN info cadre never visits village
20-27	332	VQG3-1	GVN info cadre visits less than once a month
28-35	333	VQG3-2	GVN info cadre visits 1-3 times a month
36-43	334	VQG3-3	GVN info cadre visits 1-3 times a week
44-51	335	VQG3-4	GVN info cadre visits more than 3 times a week
12-19	3 36	VQL1-0	Nothing besides rice and nuoc mam sold at local market

Position	Variable	Code	Name
20-27	337	VQL1-1	Limited quantities of pork, vegetables, etc.
28-35	338	VQL1-2	Ample quantities of pork, vegetables, etc. sold at local market
12-19	339	VQL2-0	No manufactured goods sold at local market
20-27	340	VQL2-1	Limited quantities of manufactured goods sold locally
28-35	341	VQL2-2	Ample quantities of manufactured goods sold locally
12-19	342	VQL3-0	No local surplus of goods produced for sale outside village
20-27	343	VQL3-1	Small local surplus of goods produced for sale outside village
28-35	344	VQL3-2	Large local surplus of goods produced for sale outside village
12-19	345	VQN1-0	No new self-developed projects selected by people this quarter
20-27	3 4 6	VQN1-1	Some new self-developed projects selected by people, but not at open public meetings
28-35	347	VQN1-2	Some new self-development projects selected by people at open public meetings
36-43	348	VQN1-3	All new self-development projects selected by people at open public meetings
12-19	349	VQN2-0	No self-developed projects; thus no possible retardation
20-27	350	VQN2-1	No self-developed projects retarded due to lack of technical aid from province/district
28-35	351	VQN2-2	Minor retardation self-developed projects due to lack of technical aid from province/district
36-43	352	VQN2-3	Serious retardation self-developed project due to lack of technical aid (province/district)
44-51	353	VQN2-4	Abandonment self-developed projects due to lack of technical aid (province/district)
12-19	354	VQN3-0	No self-developed projects; thus no retardation due to lack of resources
20-27	355	VQN3-1	No retardation in self-developed projects due to lack of resources
28-35	356	VQN3-2	Minor delay self-developed projects due to lack of resources
36-43	357	VQN3-3	Serious delay self-developed projects due to lack of resources

Position	Variable	Code	Name
44-51	358	VQN3-4	Self-developed projects abandoned due to lack of resources
12-19	359	VQN4-0	No village public works projects under construction this quarter
20-27	360	VQN4-1	Village public works projects under construction this quarter
12-19	361	VQN5-0	No GVN technicians visit in support of local programs
20-27	362	VQN5-1	GVN technicians visit infrequently to support local programs
28-35	36 3	VQN5-2	GVN technicians visit periodically to support local programs
36 - 43	364	VQN5-3	GVN technicians visit regularly to support local programs
44-51	36 5	VQN5-4	GVN technicians reside in village while support- ing local programs
12-19	366	VQP1-0	No GVN dispensary is accessible to villagers
20-27	367	VQP1-1	GVN dispensary is farther than adjacent village
28-35	368	VQP1-2	GVN dispensary accessible in adjacent village
36-43	369	VQP1-3	GVN dispensary in this village
12-19	370	VQP2-0	GVN maternity clinic not accessible to villagers
20-27	371	VQP2-1	GVN maternity clinic farther than adjacent village
28-35	372	VQP2-2	GVN maternity clinic accessible in adjacent village
36-43	373	VQP2-3	GVN maternity clinic in this village
12-19	374	VQP3-0	No hospital/M.D. accessible to villagers
20-27	375	VQP3-1	Hospital/M.D. accessible but farther than adjacent village
28-35	376	VQP3-2	Hospital/M. D. accessible in adjacent village
36-43	377	VQP3-3	Hospital M.D. in this village
12-19	378	VQP4-0	No Western medicines purchasable locally
20-27	379	VQP4-1	Limited supply Western medicines purchasable locally
28-35	380	VQP4-2	Adequate supply Western medicines purchasable locally
12-19	381	VQRI-0	No GVN-accredited secondary school accessible
20-27	382	VQR1-1	GVN accredited school accessible but farther than adjacent village
28-35	383	VQRI-2	GVN accredited school accessible in an adjacent village
36-43	384	VQR1-3	GVN accredited school in this village

Position	Variable	Code	Name
12-19	385	VQR2-0	No village children attend secondary school
20-27	386	VQR2-1	A few village children attend secondary school
28-35	387	VQR2-2	Some (5-20%) village children attend secondary school
36-43	388	VQR2-3	Many (more than 20%) village children attend secondary school
12-19	389	VQR3-0	No village children completed 5 years of school
20-27	390	VQR3-1	A few (less than 10%) completed 5 years of school
28-35	391	VQR3-2	Some village children completed 5 years of school
3 6- 43	392	VQR3-3	Many village children completed 5 years of school
44-51	393	VQR3-4	All village children completed 5 years of school
12-19	394	VMB1-0	No enemy local or main for e unit in/hear village this month
20-27	395	VMB1-1	Less than platoon of enemy local or main force unit in/near village this month
28-35	396	VMB1-2	About a platoon of enemy local/main force unit in/near village this month
36 - 43	397	VMB1-3	About a company of enemy local/main force unit in/near village this month
44-51	398	VMB1-4	A batallion or more of enemy local/main force unit in/near village this month

APPENDIX G

CODEBOOK OF INDICES FOR COERCIVE ACTS AND POLITICAL INFLUENCE

This appendix includes the HES questions, response weightings, and index composition used to construct the province data set employed in analysis of Coercive Acts and Political Influence.

Coercion Index - HES 70

	QHES 70 VAR #	Weight		Index VAR #
Selective	165	5		
Terrorism	166	7	=	1
(HMB-5)	167	9		
Non-Selective	170	5		
Terrorism	171	7	=	2
(HMB-6)	172	9		_
Incidents Against	175	5		
Non-Military Targets	176	6		
(HMS-7)	177	8	=	3
	178	9		•
	Coercion Index Score = \overline{X} of	VARS 1-3	=	4

Population Harm Index - HES 70

	QHES 70 VAR #	<u>Weight</u>		Index VAR #
Civilian Casualties	191	5		
(HMD-1)	192	7		
	193	8	Ξ	5
	194	9		
Enemy Caused	197	5		
Damage	198	6		
(HMD-2)	199	7	=	6
	200	9		
Population Har	m Index Score (HES) =	X of 5, 6	=	7

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Enemy Strength Index - HES 70

	QHES 70			Index
	VAR #	Weight		VAR #
Enemy Strength Near-By	4 61	5		
(VMB-1)	462	6		
·	463	7	=	8
	464	8		
	4 6 5	9		
Enemy Presence	159	5		
(HMB-4)	160	6		
•	161	7	=	9
	162	9		

Enemy Strength Index Score (HES) = \overline{X} of 8, 9 = 10

Enemy Activity Index - HES 70

	QHES 70 VAR #	Weight	Index VAR#
Interestly of Enemy Activity	151 152	5 6	
(HMB-3)	153	6	: 11
	15 4 155	7 8	
	156	9	
Action Against Local	145	5	
Forces	146	6	. 12
(HMB-2)	147	7	. 12
	148	9	
Enemy Propaganda	181	5	
Meetings	182	7 =	: 13
(HMB-8)	183	9	

Enemy Activity Index Score (HES) = \overline{X} of 11, 12, 13 = 14

Social Benefits Index

	QHES 70 VAR #	Weight	Index VAR #
GVN Dispensary	419	5	
(VQP-1)	420	4	15
	421	3	15
	422	1	
GVN Maternity	425	5	
Clinic	426	4	= 16
(VQP-2)	427	3	10
	428	1	
Hospital/M. D.	431	5	
(VQP-3)	432	4	= 17
	433	3	- 1
	434	1	
Western Medicine	437	5	
(VQP-4	438	•	= 18
	439	1	
GVN Medical Services	113	5	
(HQP-1)	114	4	. 1 9
	115	3	* /
	116	1	
Primary School Near-By	119	5	
(HQR-1)	120	4	= 20
	121	3	20
	122	1	
Secondary School	442	5	
(VQR-1)	443	-	= 21
	444	3	
	445	1	
% Attending Secondary	448	5	
School	449	4	- 22
(VQR-2)	450	3	-
	451	1	

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Social Benefits Index (Cont'd.)

	QHES 70			Index
	VAR #	Weight		VAR#
% Complete 5 Years	4 54	5		
of School	4 55	4		
(VQR-3)	4 56	3	=	23
	457	2		
	458	1		
Social Benefi	its Index Score (HES) =	X of 15 - 23	-	24

Autonomous Economic Activity Index - HES

	QHES 70			Index
	VAR #	Weight		VAR#
Commodities	373	5		
Available	374	3	=	25
(VQL-1)	354	1		
Manufactured Goods	378	5		
Available	379	3	=	26
(VQL-2)	380	1		
Surplus Goods	383	5		
Produced	384	3	=	27
(VQL-3)	385	1		
Hamlet Market	93	ö		
Development	94	3		••
(HQL-1)	95	2	=	28
	96	1		

Autonomous Economic Activity Score Index = X of 25-28 = 29

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Economic Stimulation Index - HES

Index VAR#
= 30
= 31
•
= 32
= 33
, J

Economic Stimulation Index Score (HES) = \overline{X} of 30-33 = 34

GVN Propaganda Index - HES

	QHES 70 VAR #	Weight	Index VAR #
Frequency of GVN Technical Visits (VQN-5)	412 413 414 415 416	5 4 3 2 1	= 35
Use of Chieu Hoi (VQG-1)	354 355 356 357	5 4 2 1	= 36

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GVN Propaganda Index - HES (Cont'd.)

	QHES 70			Index
	<u>VAR #</u>	Weight		VAR #
Frequency of GVN	360	5		
Movies	361	4	_	27
(VQG-2)	362	3	=	37
	363	2		
GVN Information	366	5		
Cadre Visits	367	4	_	20
(VQG-3)	368	3	=	38
	369	2		
	370	1		
GVN Propaga	nda Index Score = \overline{X} of 3	5 - 38	=	39

GVN Administrative Fresence Index - HES

	QHES 70 VAR #	Weight		Index VAR #
GVN Village	304	5		40
Office	305	2	=	40
(VQE-5)				
Hamlet Chief	52	5		
Presence	53	4		41
(HQE-2)	54	2	=	41
	55	1		
GVN Law Enforcement	42	5		
(HQD-2)	43	3	=	42
,	44	1		
GVN Village Administrative	279	5		
Committee	280	4		
(VQE-1)	281	3	=	43
, , , , , = _ , ,	282	2		
	283	ì		

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GVN Administrative Presence Index - HES (Cont'd.)

	QHES 70 VAR #	Weight		Index VAR#
Village Chief Presence	298	5		
(VQE-4)	299	4		
	300	2	=	44
	301	1		
Hamlet Accessibility to	20	1		
GVN Administration	21	2		4.5
(HQC-5)	22	3	=	45
	23	4		
Settlement of Civil Disputes	58	8		
(HQE-3)	59	4	=	46
	60	2		
RD Cadre Cooperation with	336	5		
GVN Village Officials	337	5		
(VQF-5)	338	2	=	47
	339	2		
GVN Administrativ	ve Presence Index So $(HES) = \overline{X}$ o		=	48

VC Political Influence Index - HES

	QHES 70		Index
	VAR #	Weight	VAR #
Enemy Control	140	5	
of Hamlet	141	7 =	49
(HMB-1)	142	9	
Hamlet VCI Activity	1	5	
(HQB-1)	2.	6	
	3	7 =	50
	4	8	
	5	9	

VC Political Influence Index - HES (Cont'd.)

	QHES 70 VAR #	Weight	Index VAR #
Village VCI Activity	216	5	
(VQB-1)	217	6	
	218	7 =	51
	219	8	
	220	9	
Enemy Tax Collection	8	5	
(HQB-2)	9	7 =	52
	10	9	
Household Members In	67	5	
Enemy Service	68	6	
(HQF-I)	69	7 =	53
	70	8	
	71	9	
% Participate In Enemy	13	5	
Group Activities	14	6	
(HQB-3)	15	7 =	5 4
•	16	8	
	17	9	

VC Political Influence Index Score (HES) = X of 49-54 = 55

GVN Political Influence Index

	QHES 70 VAR #	Weight	Index VAR #
Election of Chief	47	5	
(HQE-1)	48	3	= 56
	49	2	
% In PSDF	27	5	
(HQC-6)	28	4	
,	29	3	= 57
	30	2	
	31	1	

GVN Political Influence Index (Cont'd.)

	QHES 70 VAR #	Weight	Index VAR #
PSDF Activities	34	5	
(HQC-7)	35	5	
	36	4	
	37	3 =	58
	38	2	
	39	1	
Election of Village	286	5	
Council Members	287	4	
(VQE-2)	288	4	
•	289	3 =	59
	290	2	
	291	1	
Self-Development	106	5	
Participation	107	4	
(HQN-2)	108	3 =	60
	109	2	00
	110	1	
Election of Village Chief	294	5	
(VQE-3)	295	2 =	61
GVN Tax Collection	308	5	
(VQE-7)	309	0	
	310	3 =	62
	311	1	
Frequency of Village	314	5	
Council Meetings	315	4	
(VQF-1)	316	2 =	63
	317	ī	
Village Council Activity	320	5	
(VQF-2)	321	4	<u>.</u> .
	322	3	6 4
	323	1	

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GVN Political Influence Index (Cont'd.)

	QHES 70 VAR #	Weight	Index VAR #
Non-Communist Political	326	5	
Farties	327	4	
(VQF-3)	328	3	65
	329	1	
Youth Activities	332	5 =	66
(VQF-4)	333	2	00
Self-Development Activity	398	5	
(VQN-1)	389	3 =	67
	390	2	07
	391	1	
% Households With Member	74	5	
In GVN Service	75	4	
(HQF-2)	76	3 =	68
	77	2	
	78	1	
% Households With Member	86	5	
In Peoples Groups	87	4	
(HQF-6)	88	3 =	69
	89	2	
	90	1	
RDC Sleeping Location	348	5	
(VQF-7)	349	5 _	70
	350	3	70
	351	2	
Haralet Represented on	63	5	71
Village Council (HQE-5)	64	2	11

GVN Political Influence Index Score = \overline{X} of 56 ~ 71 = 72

APPENDIX H

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF QUESTION WEIGHTINGS

This appendix is a detailed description of the questions, response weightings, and index composition used to construct both the province and hamlet level data sets. The differences between province and hamlet level index composition result from the fact that much of the index construction and analysis of province level data was carried out before the specific concern with the village program effectiveness question was raised. Some other modification of indices took place during the course of the analysis as missing data problems were disclosed.

Dependent Variables:

• GVN Control

VSSG models are developed by grouping the hamlets into the following seven categories:

GVN Control

Group A - GVN Presence (All Required)

- 1. Local security forces conduct at least "marginal" security operations in daytime (e.g., patrols, ambushes, listening posts, checkpoints, etc.), or operations not needed (no enemy threat). HQC2 = 1, 2, 3.
- 2. As above for night operations. HQC3 = 1, 2, 3.
- 3. GVN hamlet chief regularly present day and night in hamlet. HQE2 = 3.
- 4. GVN administrative personnel can move about with relative freedom during daylight hours in areas containing 91-100% of hamlet households.

 HQC5 = 0, 1.
- 5. Some or all of Village Council numbers are elected. VQE2 = 2, 3, 4, 5.

VC Control

Group V - VC Presence (One or More Required; GVN Presence Prohibited)

- 1. VC physically control the hamlet. HMB1 = 1, 2.
- 2. Hamlet, VCI are primary authority in hamlet, at least at night. HQB1 = 3, 4.
- 3. Regular covert, sporadic overt activity by hamlet VCI (HQB1 = 2), and either of the following conditions hold:
 - Friendly local security activities are not conducted at all at night.
 HQC3 = 0.
 - . Friendly local security forces conduct only marginal security operations at night, and GVN daytime access is denied to 10% or more of hamlet households. HQC3 = 1 and HQC5 = 2, 3, 4.

Group B - Quarterly VC Veto Conditions (One or More Can Veto GVN Control

- 1. Regular covert, sporadic overt activity by hamlet VCI; or hamlet VCI are primary authority in hamlet, at least at night. HQB1 = 2, 3, 4.
- 2. Enemy agents, recruiters, tax collectors, etc., have access at night to 41-100% of hamlet households. HQC4 = 3, 4.

Group C - Hamlet Monthly VC Veto Conditions (One or More Can Veto GVN Control)

- 1. VC physically control the hamlet. HMB1 = 1, 2.
- 2. Armed enemy forces present more than once in hamlet this month.

 HMB4 = 2, 3.

Group D - Village Monthly VC Veto Condition

1. Company or more of enemy main/ local forces present in or near inhabited areas of village this month. VMB1 = 3, 4.

Group Z - GVN Veto Conditions (One or More Can Veto VC Control)

- 1. Local security forces conduct "adequate" security operations in daytime. HQC2 = 2, 3.
- 2. As above for night operations. HQC3 = 2, 3.
- 3. GVN hamlet chief regularly present day and night in hamlet. HQE2 = 3.
- 4. GVN administrative personnel can move about with relative freedom during daylight hours in areas containing 91-100% of hamlet households. HQC5 = 0, 1.

Group N - Could Not Be Rated

One or more of the HES questions used in Groups A, B, C, D, V, or Z were rated "not applicable" or "unknown/unable to judge" for 3 or more months.

Note that if a question is unanswered for only 1 or 2 months, the most recent response (2 or 3 months old) is used.

Two index scores for the hamlet level analysis were constructed as follows:

VSSG GVN presence and control and VC control scores —

Category	Category Name	Group Membership(s)	Weight
P	GVN Presence	A	3
T	GVN Control	A; but not B, C, D, or N	1
U	VC Control	V, but not Z	9

Index constructed from all 10 VSSG scores —

Category	Category Name	Group Membership	Weight
P	GVN Presence	A	3
Q	Influence by both sides	B, C, D, or Z; and not A, N, or V	5
R	VC Presence	V, and not Z	8
s	Could not be rated	N, and not A or Z	5
T	GVN Control	A; and not B, C, D, or N	1
υ	VC Control	V, and not Z	9
v	GVN Presence (less Quarterly VC Veto)	A, and not B	2
w	Monthly VC Hamlet Veto of GVN Control	A and C, and not B	3
x	Monthly VC Village Veto of GVN Control	A and D, and not B	3
Y	GVN Control Vetoed by Unrated VC Questions	A and N, and not B, C, or D	3

SECURITY

Security Index - a hamlet level index constructed from the following 12 questions:

HMB2 Did the enemy initiate action against local security forces in or near the hamlet during the month?

	Response	Weight			
	No	5			
	Yes, once	6			
	Yes, sporadically	7			
	Yes, repeatedly	9			
HMB5	Were any attempts at selective terrorism (kidnapping or assassination) directed at particular GVN officials, prominent residents, or local leaders of the hamlet during the month?				
	Response	Weight			
	No	5			
	Yes, once	7			
	Yes, more than once	9			
нмв6	Were any acts of general, or nonselective terrorism (mining, sabotage, harassing fire, bombing of a public place, etc.) directed against people of this hamlet during the month?				
	Response	Weight			
	No	5			
	Yes, once	7			
	Yes, more than once	9			
HMC4	Did the hamlet PSDF engage or have opportuenemy forces during the month?	nity to engage			

	Response	Weight		
	No, no contacts	5		
	Yes, PSDF performed poorly	7		
	Yes, PSDF performed satisfactorily	3		
	Yes, PSDF performed outstandingly	ι		
HMD1	Were enemy military activities the direct cause of civilian casualties among hamlet residents?			
	Response	Weight		
	No	5		
	Yes, but none killed	7		
	Yes, some (1-5) killed	8		
	Yes, more than five killed	9		
HMD2	Were enemy military activities the direct cause of physical damage to the property (personal possessions, livestock, crops, dwellings, etc.) of hamlet residents during the month			
	Response	Weight		
	No	5		
	Yes, minor	6		
	Yes, serious but localized	7		
	Yes, widespread	9		
HMD6	Did a significant number of households (mor to this hamlet during the past month?	e than 10%) move		

	Response	Weight				
	No	5				
	Yes, primarily from insecure areas	2				
	Yes, but not primarily from insecure areas	4				
HMD7	Did a significant number of households (mor move out of this hamlet during the month?	e than 10%)				
	Response	Weight				
	No	5				
	Yes, primarily due to lack of security	8				
	Yes, primarily for reasons other than lack of security	6				
VQD8	Do the national police circulate freely in the village while in uniform?					
	Response	Weight				
	No, no national police assigned	5				
	No	7				
	Yes, but only in groups	6				
	Yes, but only during the day	3				
	Yes, both day and night	1				
VQT6	Is there farm land which belongs to this village which is not presently cultivated?					
	Response	Weight				
	No	5				
	Yes, primarily because of bad security	7				
	Yes, primarily for reasons other than security	5				

HQC9	Does the	PSDF	perform	well as	an	internal	defense	force?
------	----------	------	---------	---------	----	----------	---------	--------

Response	Weight
No, there is no PSDF	0
No, primarily because of lack of equipment	5
No, primarily because of poor deployment	5
No, primarily because of lack of training	5
No, primarily because of lack of aggressiveness	5
PSDF is untested, but none of the above problems are evident	4
Yes	3

HQR5 Is attendance at primary school classes restricted because of security conditions?

Response	Weight
No	2
Yes	8

Local Security Situation Dimension - using either of the following two questions as surrogate measures:

HMDI Were enemy military activities the direct cause of civilian casualties among hamlet residents?

Response	Weight
No	5
Yes, but none killed	7
Yes, some (1-5) killed	8
Yes, more than five killed	à

HMB6 Were any acts of general or nonselective terrorism (mining, sabotage, harassing fire, bombing of a public place, etc.) directed against people of this hamlet during the month? (Province Level only)

Response	Weight
No	5
Yes, once	7
Yes, more than once	9

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Economic Acitvity Index - hamlet and province level indices constructed from the following four questions:

Val Is a variety of foodstuffs other than rice and nuoc mam (such as pork, vegetables, fruit, fish, etc.) for sale at the local market(s)?

Response	<u>Weight</u>
No	5
Yes, limited quantity	3
Yes, ample quantities	1

VQL2 Are manufactured goods, such as bicycle tires, kerosene, and aluminum pots, for sale at the local market(s)?

Response	Weight
No	5
Yes, limited quantities	3
Yes, ample quantities	1

VQL3 Is there a surplus of goods or foodstuffs produced in this village for sale outside of the village?

Response	Weight
No	5
Yes, but small	3
Yes, large	1
Is there a market in this hamlet?	

Response Weight

No 5

Yes, serves hamlet residents primarily 3

Yes, serves residents of this hamlet and nearby hamlets of this village

Yes, serves residents of this village and 1 adjacent villages

Social Benefits Index - province and hamlet level indices constructed from the following 12 questions as noted:

HQLI

VQP1 Is a GVN-sponsored public health station (dispensary) accessible to residents of this village? (Province Level only)

Response	Weight
No	5
Yes, but farther than an adjacent village	4
Yes, in an adjacent village	3
Yes, in the village	1

VQP2	Is a GVN-sponsored maternity clinic accessible to the residents of this village? (Province Level only)	
	Response	Weight
	No	5
	Yes, but farther than an adjacent village	4
	Yes, in an adjacent village	3
	Yes, in the village	1
VQP3	Is a hospital (or private physician practicin accessible to residents of this village?	g western medicine)
	Response	Weight
	No .	5
	Yes, but farther than an adjacent village	4
	Yes, in an adjacent village	3
	Yes, in the village	1
VQP4	Can western medicines, particularly the more common antibiotics, be purchased locally by village residents?	
	Response	Weight
	сИ	5
	Yes, but very limited supply	3
	Yes, adequate supply	1
HQP1	Are GVN-approved medical services access residents? (Province Level only)	sible to hamlet

	Response	Weight
	No, none accessible	5
	Yes, but farther than a nearby hamlet	4
	Yes, in a nearby hamlet	3
	Yes, in this hamlet	1
HQR1	Are the children of hamlet residents able to school classes (grades 1-5)? (Province Lev	
	Response	Weight
	No	5
	Yes, but school located farther than nearby hamlet	4
	Yes, school located in nearby hamlet	3
	Yes, school located in this hamlet	1
VQRI	Is a GVN-accredited secondary school (gradaccessible? (Province Level only)	les 5-12)
	Response	Weight
	No	5
	Yes, but farther than an adjacent village	4
	Yes, in an adjacent village	3
	Yes, in this village	1
VQR2	Do any of the children of village residents a schools?	ttend secondary

	Response	Weight
	No	5
	Yes, a few (less than 5% of school age children)	4
	Yes, some (5 - 20%)	3
	Yes, many (more than 20%)	1
VQR3	Do any of the childred of this village comprimary education program?	plete the five-year
	Response	Weight
	No, none	5
	Yes, a few (less than 10%)	4
	Yes, some (10 - 40%)	3
	Yes, many (41 - 90%)	2
	Yes, all or nearly all	1
HQR3	R3 Is attendance at primary school classes restricted by la of teachers? (Hamlet Level only)	
	Response	Weight
	No	2
	Yes	5
HQR4	Is attendance at primary school restricte over-crowding of nearby facilities? (Ha	
	Response	Weight
	No	2
	Yes	5

HQS1 Are there households in this hamlet which require assistance from others to maintain themselves at a subsistence level (friends, relatives, government, etc.)? (Hamlet Level only)

Response	Weight
No	1
Yes, a few (less than 10%)	2
Yes, some (10 - 40%)	3
Yes, many 4! - 90%)	4
Yes, all or nearly all	5

LOCAL GOVERNMENT VIABILITY

VQE4

Administrative Index - hamlet and province level indices constructed from the following 13 questions as noted:

VQE1 Is there an active GVN Village Administrative committee?

Response	Weight
No	5
Yes, but consists of village chief only	4
Yes, but two or more positions are vacant	3
Yes, one position is vacant	2
Yes, all positions are filled	1
Is the GVN village chief regularly present in	this village?

	Response	Weight
	No, except when accompanying an operation	5
	No irregularly	4
	Yes, regularly, but only by day	2
	Yes, regularly, day and night	1
VQE5	Is there a functioning GVN village office located in this village where official business is regularly conducted or where village administrative records are maintained?	
	Response	Weight
	No	· 5
	Yes	3
VQF5	Do RD Cadre coordinate and cooperate with GVN village officials in the execution of their responsibilities? (Hamlet Level only)	
	Response	Weight
	No, no RD Cadre	5
	No	5
	Yes, occasionally	3
	Yes, regularly	2
VQF6	Does the village chief have operational contropersonnel working in this village? (Hamlet I	

	Response	Weight
	No, no RD Cadre	5
	No, no control	5
	Yes, partial	3
	Yes, complete	2
VQF7	Do the RD Cadre assigned to this village slee at night? (Hamlet Level only)	ep in the village
	Response	Weight
	No, no RD Cadre	5
	No	5
	Yes, occasionally	3
	Yes, regularly	2
HQC5	Are any hamlet households located in areas where GVN administrative personnel are unable to move about with relative freedom during daylight hours?	
	Response	Weight
	No, none	1
	Yes, a few (less than 10%)	2
	Yes, some (10 - 40%)	3
	Yes, many (41 - 90%)	4
	Yes, all or nearly all	5
HQD2	During daylight hours, do GVN authorities en in this hamlet?	nforce the laws

	Response	Weight
	No	5
	Yes, but marginal	3
	Yes, adequate	1
HQD3	During hours of darkness, do GVN authoritie law in this hamlet? (Hamlet Level only)	s enforce the
	Response	Weight
	No	5
	Yes, but marginal	3
	Yes, adequate	1
HQE1	Is there a GVN hamlet chief for this hamlet? only)	(Hamlet Level
	Response	Weight
	No	5
	Yes, appointed	3
	Yes, elected	2
HQE2	Is the GVN hamlet chief regularly present in	this hamlet?
	Response	Weight
	No	5
	No, irregularly	4
	Yes, regularly, but only by day	2
	Yes, regularly day and night	1

HQE3	Who normally settles civil disputes (property rights, boundary
	disputes, etc.) involving hamlet residents?

	Response	Weight
	VC Infrastructure officials	8
	Religious leaders, elders or prominent individuals (neither GVN nor VC officials)	4
	GVN officials	2
HQE5	Does this hamlet have regular representation council meetings?	at village
	Response	Weight
	No	5
	Yes	2

Political Influence Index - province and hamlet level indices constructed from the following 14 questions as noted:

HQE1 Is there a GVN hamlet chief for this hamlet? (Province Level only)

Response	Weight
No	5
Yes, appointed	3
Yes, elected	2

VQE2 Are the present members of the GVN Village Council elected to their posts by the people of this village?

	Response	Weight
	No, no active Village Council exists	5
	No, all Village Council members appointed	4
	Yes, a few are elected (less than 30%)	4
	Yes, some are elected (30 - 70%)	3
	Yes, many are elected (more than 70%)	2
	Yes, all are elected	1
VQE3	Is the present GVN village chief elected by the Council?	ne Village
	Response	Weight
	No	5
	Yes	2
VQE7	Does the GVN collect taxes in this village?	
	Response	Weight
	No	5
	No, tax amnesty granted	o
	Yes, but unsystematically or sporadically	3
	Yes, systematically	1
VQF1	How frequently does the Village Council conv meetings to discuss village development plan local grievances, aspirations, etc.?	

	Response	Weight
	Never	5
	Less than once a month	4
	Once a month on the average	2
	Twice a month or more	1
VQF2	Is action taken by the village chief to investig local grievances and to satisfy local aspiration public meetings convened by the Village Countries.	ons expressed at
	Response	Weight
	No, and no public meetings are convened	5
	No, meetings but no action	5
	Yes, occasional action	4
	Yes, regular action	1
VQF3	Are any non-communist political parties activillage?	ve in this
	Response	Weight
	No	5
	Yes, one	4
	Yes, two	3
	Yes, more than two	1
VQF4	Are there any organized activities for the you village (4T, Boy Scouts, sports, etc.)?	uth of this

	Response	Weight	,
	No	5	• •
	Yes	3	
VQF7	Do the RD Cadre assigned to this village sle at night? (Province Level only)	ep in the village	
	Response	Weight	
	No, no RD Cadre	5	
	No	5	** #
	Yes, occasionally	3	
	Yes, regularly	2	n, å
VQN1	Were any new self-development projects sel people of this village during the quarter? (I only)		- 1 m • å • 2
	Response	Weight	~ •
	No	5	u. F
	Yes, but none were selected at open public meetings	4	1
	Yes, some were selected at open public meetings	2	**
	Yes, all were selected at open public meetings	1	.,
VQT7	In this village, what percentage of the farme ceived titles to their land? (Hamlet Level of		

	Response	Weight
	All eligible farmers have received titles	1
	Less than 10% have not received titles	2
	More than 10% but less than 30% have not received titles	3
	More than 30% but less than 60% have not received titles	4
	60% or more have not received titles	5
HQC6	Do any hamlet households have a member of in the PSDF?	members active
	Response	Weight
	No, none	5
	Yes, a few (less than 10%)	4
	Yes, some (10 - 40%)	3
	Yes, many (41 - 90%)	2
	Yes, all or nearly all	1
HQC7	How active is the PSDF in this hamlet?	
	Response	Weight
	None organized	5
	Organized, but inactive	5
	Training and drills only	4
	Organized nonmilitary activity only	3
	Standing armed guard in the hamlet	2
	Armed patrols and guard within the hamlet	1

HQF2 Do any hamlet households have a member or members working in GVN civil or military service?

Response	Weight
No, none	5
Yes, a few (less than 10%)	4
Yes, some (10 - 40%)	3
Yes, many (41 - 90%)	2
Yes, all or nearly all	1

HQF3 Do any hamlet households have a member or members participating in non-VC civic or religious organizations (Farmers Associations, Co-op's, Boy Scouts, etc.)? (Hamlet Level only)

Response	Weight
No, none	5
Yes, a few (less than 10%)	4
Yes, some (10 - 40%)	3
Yes, many (41 - 90%)	2
Yes, all or nearly all	1

HQF6 Do any of the hamlet households have a member or members participating in "peoples" groups" organized by members of an RD Cadre Team?

Response	Weight
No, none	5
Yes, a few (less than 10%)	4
Yes, some (10 - 40%)	3
Yes, many (41 - 90%)	2
Yes, all or nearly all	1

HQN1 Did any hamlet households have a member or members participating in GVN-sponsored economic improvement programs (agriculture, animal husbandry, fisheries, handicrafts, etc.) during the past quarter? (Hamlet Level only)

Response	Weight
No, no such programs	5
Yes, a few (less than 10%)	4
Yes, some (10 - 40%)	3
Yes, many (41 - 90%)	2
Yes, all or nearly all	1

HQN2 Did any hamlet households have a member or members who participated in self-development projects during the past quarter?

Response	Weight
No, no such projects	5
Yes, a few (less than 10%)	4
Yes, some (10 - 40%)	3
Yes, many (41 - 90%)	2
Yes, all or nearly all	1

VC political Influence Index - province and hamlet level indices constructed from the following eight questions as noted:

HMB1 Do enemy forces physically control this hamlet? (Province Level only)

	Response	Weight
	No	5
	Yes	7
	Yes, defensive works have been constructed by enemy forces to establish a "combat hamlet"	9
HQB1	Which of the following most closely reflects tenemy infrastructure in this hamlet?	he status of the
	Response	Weight
	No known or suspected infrastructure	5
	Sporadic covert activity, little or no overt activity	6
	Regular covert activity, sporadic overt activity generally at night	7
	The primary authority in the hamlet at night, but most operate covertly in the day	8
	The primary authority present day and night	9
VQB1	Which of the following most closely reflects the village level VC infrastructure in the vill Level only)	
	Response	Weight
	No known or suspected infrastructure	5
	Sporadic covert activity, little or no overt activity	6
	Regular covert activity, sporadic overt activity	7
	Regular overt activity, but not firmly established	8
	Unchallenged authority in the village	9

нмв8	Were any enemy propaganda meetings held or was printed
	propaganda distributed in this hamlet during the month?
	(Hamlet Level only)

Response	Weight
No	5
Yes, once	7
Yes, more than once	9

HQE3 Who normally settles civil disputes (property rights, boundary disputes, etc.) involving hamlet residents?

Response	Weight
VC infrastructure officials	8
Religious leaders, elders or prominent individuals (neither GVN nor VC officials)	4
GVN officials	2

HQB2 Does the enemy collect taxes from hamlet households (in cash or in kind)?

5
7
)

HQF1 Do any hamlet households have a member or members in enemy service?

Response	Weight
No, none	5
Yes, a few (less than 10%)	6
Yes, some (10 - 40%)	7
Yes, many (41 - 90%)	8
Yes, all or nearly all	9

HQB3 Do any hamlet households have a member or members who participated by coercion or otherwise in enemy-organized nonmilitary group activities (public meetings, demonstrations, work gangs, etc.) during the past quarter?

Response	Weight
No, none	5
Yes, a few (less than 10%)	6
Yes, some (10 - 40%)	7
Yes, many (41 - 90%)	8
Yes, all or nearly all	9

INDEPENDENT VARIABLES:

Village Program Effort - aggregate measure

- Economic Stimulation Index hamlet and province level indices constructed from the following seven questions:
 - VQL5 Is skills-training offered to village inhabitants? (Check the response which indicates who contributes the most training.)
 (Hamlet Level only)

	Response	Weight
	No	5
	Yes, by employers such as small repair shops	4
	Yes, by the GVN Ministry of Labor or the GVN Ministry of Education	2
	Yes, under the auspices of some other GVN agency	2
	Yes, by foreign agencies (US military or others)	3
VQNZ	/QN2 Have any self-development projects in this village been tarded because of absence of technical assistance from vince or district level personnel?	
	Response	Weight
	No such projects	5
	No, no retardation	1
	Yes, minor retardation	2
	Yes, serious retardation	4
	Yes, resulting in project abandonment	5
VQN3	Have any self-development projects in this vitarded because of shortage of resources? (e roofing materials, fertilizer, seed, pumps,	.g., cement,
	Response	Weight
	No such projects	5
	No, no retardation	1
	Yes, minor retardation	2
	Yes, serious retardation	3
	Yes, resulting in project abandonment	5

VQN4 Were any needed village public works projects (e.g., roads, markets, wells, etc.) under construction in this village during the quarter?

Response	Weight
No	5
Yes	3

VQN5 Do GVN technical personnel visit this village in support of local development programs? For example, agriculture technicians, animal husbandary specialists, fisheries specialists, etc. (Hamlet Level only)

Response	Weight
No	5
Yes, but infrequently (less than once a month)	4
Yes, periodically (1-3 times a month)	3
Yes, regularly (once a week or more)	2
Yes, resident in village	1

WQV3 How many families received cash loans through the Agricultural Credit Programs? (Hamlet Level only)

Response	Weight
None	5
Less than 10%	4
10 - 30%	4
31 - 60%	3
61 - 90%	2
More than 90%	1

HQN1 Did any hamlet households have a member or members participating in GVN-sponsored economic improvement programs (agriculture, animal husbandry, fisheries, handicraft, etc.) during the past quarter? (Province Level only)

Response	Weight
No, no such programs	5
Yes, a few (less than 10%)	4
Yes, some (10 - 40%)	3
Yes, many (40 - 90%)	2
Yes, all or nearly all	1

Village Program Effort - individual questions

VQE8 Have the major village officials (the Village Chief, the Deputy for Security, and the Deputy for Administration) received training at the Vung Tau training center?

Response	Weight
No, none have received official training	5
Only the village chief is trained	4
Only the Deputy for Security is trained	4
Only the Deputy for Administration is trained	4
Both the Deputy for Administration and village chief are trained	3
Both the Deputy for Administration and Deputy for Security are trained	3
Both the Deputy for Security and village chief are trained	3
Yes, all three major village officials are trained	1

VQG1	Does the village office have a trained Information/Chieu Hoi
	Cadre assigned?

Response	Weight
No	5
No, appointed but not yet trained	4
Yes, but not resident full-time in the village	2
Yes, resident full-time in the village	1
Tion often and williams musidonts amound to	- CVNI

VQG2 How often are village residents exposed to GVN movies, cultural drama team performances, etc.?

Response	Weight
Never	5
Infrequently (less than once a month)	4
Periodically (1-3 times a month)	3
Regularly (once a week or more)	2

VQG3 How frequently do mobile GVN information cadre (such as VIS personnel, APT, S-5) visit this village?

Response	Weight
Never	5
Less than once a month	4
1-3 times a month	3
1-3 times a week	2
More than three times a week	1

VQL5 Is skills-training offered to village inhabitants? (Check the response which indicates who contributes the most training.)

	Response	Weight
	No	5
	Yes, by employers such as small repair shops	4
	Yes, by the GVN Ministry of Labor or the GVN Ministry of Education	2
	Yes, under the auspices of some other GVN agency	2
	Yes, by foreign agencies (US military or others)	3
VQN1	Were any new self-development projects selepeople of this village during the quarter?	ected by the
	Response	Weight
	No	5
	Yes, but none were selected at open public meetings	4
	Yes, some were selected at open public meetings	2
	Yes, all were selected at open public meetings	1
VQN2	Have any self-development projects in this v tarded because of absence of technical assist vince or district level personnel?	

	Response	Weight
	No such projects	5
	No, no retardation	1
	Yes, minor retardation	2
	Yes, serious retardation	4
	Yes, resulting in project abandonment	5
VQN3	VQN3 Have any self-development projects in this village been retarded because of shortage of resources? (e.g., cement, roofing materials, fertilizer, seed, pumps, etc.)	
	Response	Weight
	No such projects	5
	No, no retardation	1
	Yes, minor retardation	2
	Yes, serious retardation	3
	Yes, resulting in project abandonment	5
VQN4	Were any meeded village public works proposeries, wells, etc.) under construction ing the quarter?	
	Response	Weight
	No	5
	Yes	3

VQN5 Do GVN technical personnel visit this village in support of local development programs? For example, agriculture technicians, animal husbandary specialists, fisheries specialists, etc.

Response	Weight
No	5
Yes, but infrequently (less than once a month)	4
Yes, periodically (1-3 times a month)	3
Yes, regularly (once a week or more)	2
Yes, resident in village	1

VQP1 Is a GVN-sponsored public health station (dispensary) accessible to residents of this village?

Response	Weight
No	5
Yes, but farther than an adjacent village	4
Yes, in an adjacent village	3
Yes, in the village	1

VQP2 Is a GVN-sanctioned maternity clinic accessible to residents of this village?

Response	Weight
No	5
Yes, but farther than an adjacent village	4
Yes, in an adjacent village	3
Yes, in the village	ı

VQR1 Is a GVN-accredited secondary school (grades 6-12) accessible?

Response	Weight
No	5
Yes, but farther than an adjacent village	4
Yes, in an adjacent village	3
Yes, in this village	1

VQT5 Has a Land Reform Committee been organized for this village?

Response	Weight
No	5
Yes, but presently inactive	4
Yes, land reform actions are underway, but no land titles granted during past quarter	3
Yes, some land titles were granted during the past quarter	e 1

VQT8 Have officials in the Province Land Affairs Service visited this village to assist in implementing the Land to the Tiller program during the quarter?

Response	Weight
No	5
Yes, once	4
Yes, 2 - 4 times	2
Yes, more than four times	1

VQT10 Which of the following best describe land reform implementation in the village?

Response	Weight
There is no Village Land Registrar and no effort is being made to recruit one	5
There is a Village Land Registrar but little is being done to implement land reform	4
There is a Village Land Registrar and some work to implement land reform has been accomplished	3
There is a Village Land Registrar and much has been done to implement land reform	1

VQV3 How many families received cash loans through the Agricultural Credit Programs?

Response	Weight
None	5
Less than 10%	4
10 - 30%	4
31 - 60%	3
61 - 90%	2
More than 90%	1

VQV7 Is there an adequate irrigation system in the village?

BSR: 4033

Response	Weight
No, none needed	0
No, but one is needed	5
No, but one is under construction	3
Yes, but requires repair	4
Yes	2

VQV9 Did the rural organizations (Agricultural Extension, 4T, Home Economics, Animal Health Service, Farmers' Organization, cooperatives, To Hop) work activity in the villages during the past quarter?

Response	Weight
Yes	1
Some activities, but ineffective	3
No, no activities due to poor security	6
No, no organizations exist	5

VQV10 Did the Agriculture or RD Cadre in charge of Agriculture, Fisheries, and Animal Husbandry regularly come to the village to visit farm families and give them technical guidance during the quarter?

Response	Weight
No	5
Yes, but less than once a month	4
Yes, about once a month	3
Yes, two or three times a month	2
Yes, four or more times a month	1

HQF4	Have RD Cadre worked in this hamlet during the past quarter?	
	Response	Weight
	No	5
	Yes, but no cadre currently working	3
	Yes, cadre currently working	2
HQG1	Does the GVN Hamlet Chief have a trained hat Chieu Hoi cadre?	rolet information/
	Response	Weight
	No	5
	No, appointed but not yet trained	4
	Yes, but not a full-time resident of the hamlet	2
	Yes, resident full-time	1
HQG2	How often are new GVN static visual displays ners, etc.) posted in this hamlet?	(posters, ban-
	Response	Weight
	Never	5
	Infrequently (less than once a month)	4
	Periodically (1-3 times a month)	2
	Regularly (once a week or more)	1
HQN3	Are self-development projects physically und hamlet?	lerway in this

	Response	Weight
	No, none needed	0
	No, there have been no such projects	5
	No, there have been some project com- pleted but more are needed	4
	No, there have been some projects com- pleted and no more are needed	1
	Yes, but they are progressing slowly	3
	Yes, and they are progressing satis- factorily	2
HQP1	Are GVN approved medical services accessible to hamlet residents?	
	Response	Weight
	No, none accessible	5
	Yes, but farther than a nearby hamlet	4
	Yes, in a nearby hamlet	3
	Yes, in this hamlet	1
SQDH	Do GVN health workers visit this hamlet to p service, arrange for patient treatment, give ctions, improve sanitation, etc.?	rovide medical health instru-
	Response	Weight
	Never	5
	Yes, but infrequently (less than once a month) 4
	Yes, periodically (1-3 times a month)	3
	Yes, regularly (once a week or more)	2
	Yes, resident in hamlet	1

HQR I	Are the children of hamlet residents able to attend primary
	school classes (grades 1-5)?

Response	Weight
No	5
Yes, but school located farther than nearby hamlet	4
Yes, school located in nearby hamlet	3
Yes, school located in this hamlet	1

HQS2 Have authorized resettlement allowances been paid to eligible refugees resettled in this hamlet during the past quarter?

Response	Weight
No, no eligible refugees	0
No, needed but none paid	5
Yes, but delayed or less than full amount or both	3
Yes, promptly and in full amount	1

HQS4 Has any welfare assistance been provided by GVN sources to needy households in this hamlet (excluding assistance provided to GVN-recognized refugees) during the past quarter?

Response	Weight
No, none needed	0
No	4
Yes	2

HQS5 Has assistance been provided by or through GVN channels during the past quarter to hamlet households who have had their homes or property damaged or destroyed due to combat-related activity in or near the hamlet?

Response	Weight
No, none needed	0
No, needed but none provided	5
Yes, but insufficient or delayed	3
Yes, adequate	1